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# THE GREEK ANTHOLOGY



# THE GREEK ANTHOLOGY.

VOLUME I.

CHRISTIAN EPIGRAMS.
CHRISTODORUS OF THEBEN IN ROTPT.
THE OYZICENS EPIGRAMS.
THE PROSES OF THE DIFFRRENT ANTHOLOGIES.
THE AMATORY EPIGRAMS.
THE DEDICATORY EPIGRAMS.

VOLUMN II.

SEPULCHRAL EPIGRAMS.
THE EPIGRAMS OF SAINT GREGORY
THE THEOLOGIAN.

YOURER III.

VOLUME IV.

THE HORTATORY AND ADMONITURY EPIGRAMS.
THE CONVIVIAL AND SATIRICAL EPIGRAMS.
STRATO'S MUSA PUBRILIE.

# THE GREEK ANTHOLOGY

WITH AN ENGLISH TRANSLATION

W. R. PATON

13479

IN SIVE VOLUMES





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# BOOK XIII

EPIGRAMS IN VARIOUS METRES

YOL. V. B

## ΑΝΘΟΛΟΓΙΑ

#### IΓ

# ΕΡΙΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΑ ΔΙΑΦΟΡΩΝ ΜΕΤΡΩΝ

#### ΦΙΛΙΠΠΟΥ

Πεντάμετρον μόνον

Χαΐρε θεά Παφίη· σήν γὰρ ἀεὶ δύναμιν κάλλος τ' ἀθανατον καὶ σέβας ίμεροεν πάντες τιμῶσιν θυατοὶ ἐφαμέριοι ἐν πᾶσιν μύθοις ἔργοισιν τε καλοΐς· πάντη γὰρ πᾶσιν σην δηλοῖς τιμήν.

# 2.—ΦΑΙΔΙΜΟΥ

Τρίμιτρον

Καλλίστρατός σοι, Ζηνός & διάκτορε. Εθηκε μορφής ξυνόν ήλικος τύπου· Κηφισιεύς ὁ κοῦρος· ῷ χαρείς, ἄναξ, `Απολλοδώρου παΐδα καὶ πάτραν σίω.

#### 3.-- OEOKPITOT

Χωλον τριμετρον

'Ο μουσοποιός ένθάδ' Ιππῶναξ κεῖται.
εἰ μὲν πονηρός, μὴ ποτέρχευ τῷ τύμβψ·
εἰ δ' ἐσσὶ κριγνός τε καὶ παρὰ χρηστῶν,
θαρσέων καθιζει, κἦν θέλης, ἀπόβριξον.

# BOOK XIII

#### EPIGRAMS IN VARIOUS METRES

#### L-PHILIPPUS

(Pentameters only)

HAIL, Paphian goddess! For all mortals, creatures of the day, ever honour by all fair words and works thy power and immortal occurry and loveable majesty, for ever and to all dost thou manifest thy dignity

#### 2.—PHAEDIMUS

(Iambic trimeters)

Callistratus dedicated to thee, Hermes, messenger of Zeus, this statue of a youth of like age with himself, the common image of thee and him. The young man is of the deme of Cephissia. Rejoicing in his gift, O Lord, protect the son of Apollodorus and his native place.

#### 3.—THEOCRITUS

(Season umbic trimeters)

Henr lies Hipponax, the maker of verse. If thou art wicked, approach not the tomb, but if thou art good and comest of a good stock, sit thee down fearlessly, and if thou be so minded, fal. saleep.

#### 4.—ANAKPEONTOΣ

# Τετρόμετρον

'Αλκίμων σ', ω' 'ριστοκλείδη, πρώτου οἰκτείρω φίλων δλεσας δ' ήβην, ἀμύνων πατρίδος δουλητην.

#### 5.--- PANAIKOT

Τρίμετρον μείουρον ή κάλουρον

Νικῶ δίαυλου. 'Αλλ' ἐγὼ παλαίωυ.
'Ἐγὰ δὲ πεντάεθλου. 'Αλλ' ἐγὼ πύξ....
Καὶ τίς πύ;...Τιμόδημος. 'Αλλ' ἐγὼ Κρής.
'Εγὼ δὲ Κρηθεύς. 'Αλλ' ἐγὼ Διοκλής....
Καὶ τίς πατήρ τοι;...Κλεῖνος "Ωσπερ ἄμμιυ.... ε
"Εμπη δὲ νικής, -'Ισθμοί....Τὺ δ' ἔμπη;.....
Νέμειου ἄν λειμῶνα, καὶ παρ' "Ηρα.

ő

#### 6.-TOY AYTOY

Ενδεκασυλλάβιον τρίμετρον ούτω καλούμενον

Τοῦτ' ἐγὰ τὸ περισσὰν εἰκονισμα τοῦ κωμφδογέλωτος, εἰς θρίαμβον κισσῷ καὶ στεφάνοισιν ἀμπυκασθέν, ἔστασ', ὄφρα Λύκωνι σᾶμ' ἐπείη. ὅσσα γὰρ †καθυπερθε λαμπρὸς ἀνήρμνᾶμα τοῦ χαρίεντος ἔν τε λέσχα ἔν τ' οἴνῳ τόδε κάτι τοῦς ἔπειτα ἄγκειται, παράδειγμα τᾶς ὁπωπᾶς.

#### 4.--ANACREON

(Trochase tetrameters)

I FITY thee, Aristochides, first among all my valiant friends. Thou didst lose thy young life, defending thy country from enslavement.

#### 5.-PHALAECUS

(Iambic trimeters with the last syllable missing)

(1) I conquence in the stadion. (2) And I in wrestling. (3) And I in the pentathlom (4) And I in boxing. And who art thou? (1) Timodemus. (2) And I Cres. (3) And I Crethus. (4) And I Diocles. And who was thy father? (1) Clemus. (2), (3), and (4) And ours too. And where didst thou win? (4) At Isthmus. And thou where? (2) In the Nemean grove and by the home of Hera!

#### 6.-BY THE SAME

# (Hendecasyllable transters)

This admirable portrait of the comedian, crowned for a triumph with my and garlands, I set up that it might stand as a monument on Lycon's grave. For this memorial of him who was so charming in familiar talk and over the wine, this presentment of his features, is offered by me to preserve the memory among posterity also of how the glorious man entertained us. (?)

\* i.e. in the Herses at Argos. The halogue is between a passer-by and the statues of four brother athletes. There seems to be something missing at the end.

# 7 – KAAAIMAXOY

Κωμικόν τετράμετρον

'Ο Λύκτιος Μενοίτας τὰ τόξα ταθτ' ἐπειπὼν ἔθηκε: "Τη, κέρας τοὶ διδωμι καὶ φαρέτρην, Σάραπι: τοὺς δ' διστοὺς ἔχουσιν Ἑσπερίται."

#### 8.--ΘΕΟΔΩΡΙΔΑ

Τετράμετρον 'Αρχιλόχεων

Έκ δολιχοῖ τόνδε¹ σφιρήλατον, ώς τάχει κρατήσας, παῖς 'Αριστομάχειος ἀνείλετο χάλκεον λέβητα.

#### 9.—KAAAIMAXOT

Πεντάμετρον βακχικόν. έστι δ' οδ τέλειον το Ιπίγραμμα

Ερχεται πολύς μὲν Δίγαῖου διατμήξας ἀπ' οἰυηρῆς Χίου

άμφορεύς, πολύς δὲ Λεσβίης ἄωτον νέκταρ σἰνώνθης ἄγων.

#### 10.—TOY AYTOY

Τετράμετρον έκκαίδεκα συλλαβών. ού δὲ τοῦτο τέλειον

' Α ναύς, & τὸ μόνου φέγγος ἐμὶν τὸ γλυκὰ τᾶς ζοᾶς ἄρπαξας, ποτὶ τὲ Ζανός ἰκυεῦμαι λεμενοσκοπω . .

2 So Cobet: Ties MS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> He had taken part in an expedition egainst Cyrone, in the territory of which was Hasperie or Borenics (now Benghazi,.

# 7 -- CALLIMACHUS

(Conuc tetrameter)

Menormas of Lyctus dedicated his bow with these words "Here, Serapis, I give thee the horn bow and quiver, but the men of Hesperis have the arrows."

## R.THEODORIDAS

(Architochian tetrameter)2

From the long race did the son of Aristomachus, having conquered by fleetness of foot, wan this tripod of beaten brass.

# 9.—CALLIMACHUS

(Baschie pentameter 3 The epigram is not complete)

From Chios, rich in wine, ploughing the Aegean comes many a jar, and many a one that brings as nectar, flower of the Lesbian vinc.

# 10 .- BY THE SAME

(Tetrameters of sixteen syllables. This also is imperfect)

O sure, who hast carried off the only sweet light of my life, I beseech thee by Zeus, the watcher of the harbour . . . .

Metre of Horaco, Od. L 4.

: "Trochale pontameter" would be more correct.

Motre of Horace, Od. i. 18.

#### 11.--ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Πεντάμετρον ύπορχηματικόν

α. Τίς εἰκόνα τάνδ΄ ἀνέθηκεν, β. Δωριεὸς ὁ Θούριος.
 α. Οὐ¹ 'Ρόδιος γένος ἦν; β. Ναί, πριν φυγεῖν γε πατρίδα,
 δεινὰ γε χειρὶ πολλὰ ῥέξας ἔργα καὶ βίαια.

#### 12 -ΗΓΗΣΙΠΠΟΤ

Έπὶ ξεμέτρου τρίμετρον ἐπαδόμετον

Γρρέτω ήμαρ έκεῖνο, καὶ οὐλομένη σκοτόμεινα,
βρόμος τε δεινὸς ήνεμωμένης άλός,
οἴ ποτε νή ἐκύλισαν, ἐφ' ής ὁ τὰ πολλὰ μελίφρων

᾿Αβδηρίων ἄπρηκτα θεοῖσιν εὕχετοραίσθη γὰρ διὰ πάντα, προσηνέχθη δὲ κλύδωνι
πρηχείαν εἰς Σέριφον, αἰδοίων ὅθι
προξείνων ὑπὸ χερσὶ λαχὼν πυρός, ἵκετο πάτρην
"Αβδηρα, κρωσσῷ χαλκέφ περισταλείς.

#### 13.-ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Έπὶ ἐξαμέτρφ πατάμετρον, εἶτα τρίμετρον Τόνδε Πυρής ἀνέθηκε Πολυμπήστου φίλος υίός, εὐξάμενος δεκάτην Παλλαδι Τριτογενεί. Κυδωνιάτας Κρησίλας εἰργάξατο.

# 14.-ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΤ

Επὶ έξαμέτρη πεντάμετραν καὶ δύο τρίμετρος εἶτα έξάμετρον

\*Αργείος Δάνδης σταδιοδρόμος ένθόδε κείται, νίκαις ίππόβοτον πατριδ' έπενκλείσας, 1 Perhaps <&λλ'> ολ.

#### 11.-SIMONIDES

(Hyporchematic pentameters)

A Who dedicated this portrait? B. Dorieus of Thuris. A. Was he not a Rhodian by descent? B. Yea, before he was exiled from his country. Many deeds of might he had done by his terrible band.

# 12.—HEGESIPPUS

(Havameters followed by sambic trimeters)

Were worth that day and that fatal moonless right, that dreadful roaring of the wind beaten sea, that east ashore the ship on which Abderion, so sweet a soul, was making ineffectual vows to the gods. For she, an utter wreck, was carried by the waves on to the ragged rocks of Seriphus, whence he, having got him fire from the hands of his city's reverend hosts, came to his noise Abdera, lapped in a brazen urn.

#### 13.--- Анонумова

(Hexameter followed by a pentameter and afterwards by an iambic trimeter)

Tais did Pyres, the dear son of Polymnestus, dedicate, having vowed the tithe to Trito-born Palias, Cresilas of Cydonia wrought it.

#### 14.—SIMONIDES

(Hexameter followed by a pentameter, two tamba: transfers, and a hexameter)

HERE lies Dandes of Argos, the stadion racer, who gained honour by his victories for his fatherland, rich

<sup>1</sup> For Dorisus, who lived at the end of the fifth century m.u., see Smith's Biographical Dictionary. The epigram cannot, of course, be by Simonides.

'Ολυμπία δίς, ἐν δὲ Πνθῶνι τρία, δύω δ' ἐν 'Ισθμῷ, πεντεκαίδεκ' ἐν Νεμέα τὰς δ' ἄλλας νίκας οὐκ εὐμαρές ἐστ' ἀριθμῆσαι.

15.—AAEZHOTON

5

Έπὶ δύο έξαμέτροις πεντάμετρον

Είμὶ Δίκων υίδς Καλλιμβρότου· αὐτὰρ ἐνίκων τετράκις ἐν Νεμέα, δις 'Ολύμπια, πεντακι Πυθοί, τρις δ' 'Ισθμῷ' στεφανῶ δ' ἄστυ Συρακοσίων.

#### 16.—AABXHOTON

Επὶ τρισὰν έξαμέτρους πεντόμετρον

Σπάρτας μὲν βασιλήςς ἐμοὶ πατέρες καὶ ἀδελφοί· ἄρμασι δ' ἀκυπόδων ἔπτων νικῶσα Κυνίσκα εἰκόνα τάνδ' ἔστησα. μόναν δέ με φαμὶ γυναικῶν Ἑλλαδος ἐκ πάσας τόνδε λαβεῖν στέφανον.

#### 17.-AAAO

Έπὶ έξαμέτρη δίμετρον

Ιφίων έγραψεν έξι χερί, του ποκα ύδωρ έθρεψε Πειρήνης άπο

#### 18.--ΠΑΡΜΕΝΟΝΤΟΣ

Έπὶ έξαμέτρω διδοικούλλαβον

Χάλκεα έργα, λέγοισθε θοής ἐπινίκια πώλου, ήτις κευτροραγής βαλούσα παίδα,

in pasture for horses. Twice did he conquer at Olympia, thrice at Delphi, twice at the Isthmus, and fifteen times at Nemea, and it is not easy to count his other victories.

## 15.—Анонумовя

(Two hexameters followed by a pentameter)

I am Dicon, the son of Callimbrotus; but I was victor four times at Nemea, twice in the Olympian games, five times in the Pythan, and thrice in the Isthmian I crown the city of Syracuse.

#### 16.-- Анонумоца

(Three hexameters followed by a pentameter)

K.Nos of Sparta were my fathers and brothers, and I, Cynisca, wnning the race with my chariot of swift-footed horses, erected this statue. I assert that I am the only woman in al. Greece who won this crown.

#### 17.—Anonymous

(Herameter followed by sambic dimeter)

Irmon, whom water from Pirene once fed,5 painted me with his own hand.

#### 18.—PARMENON

(Hexameters followed by hendecasyltables)

Thou work of brass, be known as the prize of the swift filly, who when, torn by the spur, she had

For Dicon, ese Pansanias, vl. 3, 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sister of Agentage. See Xenophon, Ages, ohap. 9, §6.

s. a. a Corinthian.

ψιλή λευρον έθυσε περί δρόμον. έκ δ' άρ' έκείνου Παρμένων χρυσέης κύρησε νίκης.

Φώκριτε, σῷ δ' ἄρα παιδί 'Αμυκλαίδαι ' βασιλήες πατρώων έδοσαν λαγείν ἀέθλων

# 19.-ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΤ

Ένὶ έξαμέτρη έννοισύλλαβου

\*Ανθηπεν τόδ' ἄγαλμα Κορίνθιος δσπερ ένίκα έν Δελφοίς ποσί Νικολάδας,

καὶ Παυαθηναίοις στεφάνους λάβε πέντ' ἐπ' ἀέθλοις ἔξης ἀμφιφορείς ελαίου:

ő

Ίσθμῷ δ' ἐν ζαθέα τρὶς ἐπισχερὰ οἶδεν ἐλόντα ἀπτὴ Πουτομέδοντος ἄθλον <sup>2</sup>

καὶ Νεμέα τρὶς ἐνικησεν, καὶ τετράκις ἄλλα Πελλάνα, δυο δ' ἐν Δυκαίφ,

καὶ Τεγέα, καὶ ἐν Αἰγίνα, κρατερὰ τ' Ἐπιδαύρω, καὶ Θήβα, Μεγάρων τε δάμφ:

 δε Φλιοῦντι σταδίω, τά τε πέντε κρατήσας ηθφρανεν μεγάλαν Κόρινθου.

#### 20.-TOY AYTOY

Έπὶ εξαμέτρφ εναλλάξ το τε κυμικάν τετράμετρου δύο συλλαβαίς λέθτου και τὰ Αρχιλόχειου σκάζου τρίμετρου

Πατρίδα ευδαίνων Ιερήν πόλιν 'Ωπις 'Αθανάς, τέκυου μελαίνης Γής, χαρίεντας αύλους

τούσδε σύν 'Ηφαίστω τελέσας, ανέθηκ' 'Αφροδίτη, καλού δαμασθείς ίμερω Βρύσωνος.

· So Jacobe and stadion MS.

\* offer these These words are all due to the conjectures of various scholars, the MS. being attacky corrupt.

\* So Brunck \*\*speech MS.

thrown her jockey, ran unmounted round the level course. And therefore did Parmenon gain golden victory. Phoentus, to thy son did the Lords of Amyelae I grant to will in the race like his father.

#### 19.-SIMONIDES

(Hexameters followed by verses of nine syllables)

This statue is the offering of Nicoladas of Corinth, who conquered at Delpin in the foot-race, and at the Panathonaea gained prizes, jars of oil, in five contests one after another; and in holy Istamus the shore of the Sea-lord witnessed him win the prize thrice in succession; and in Nemea he gained three victories, another four in Pel ene, and two in the precinct of Zeus Lycaeus; and likewise in Teges, and in mighty Epidaurus, and in Thebes, and the land of Megara, and in Phlius, winning the stadion and pentathlon, he made great Corinth rejoice.

## 20.—By THE SAME

(Heraneters followed alternately by a come tetrameter wanting two syltables and an Architochian ecazon tremeter)

Ores, giving glory to his fatherland, the holy city of Athena, offered this pleasant flute, child of the black earth, that he wrought by the help of Hephaestua, to Aphrodite, having been vanquished by love for beautiful Bryson.

<sup>4</sup> The Diesouri.

Presumably made of silver.

#### 21 -ΘΕΟΔΩΡΙΔΑ

Έπὶ τῷ ἀρτίφ τριμέτρφ δίματραν ἐπὸ τοῦ ἐπορχηματικοῦ παντομέτρου

Μνασάλπεος τὸ σᾶμα τὰ Πλαταίδα, τὰ 'λεγησποιὰ'
ά Μῶσα δ' αὐτὰ τὰς Σιμωνίδα πλάτας ής ἀποσπάρογμα'
κενά τε κλαγγὰν κὰπιλακυθίστρια διθυραμβοχάνα.
τέθυατε, μὰ θάλωμες, εἰ δέ κε ζόεν.

ñ

τέθνακε, μη βάλωμες εἰ δέ κε ζόεν. τύμπανον κ' ἐφύση.

#### 22.-ΦΑΙΔΙΜΟΤ

Επί τριμέτρφ άρτιφ έπφδον τετραμετρον ήρωκον κοιτά.
την παρισχάτην σκάζον

Τόξον μέν, ῷ Γύγαντος ὅλεσας σθένος, 
ἴσχε βίης, Ἑκάεργ' ἀνάσσων'
†οῦ οἱ φαρέτρη λύεται λυκοκτόνος'
τοῦσδε δ ἐπ' ἡιθέοις ὁιστὸν'
στρέφειν Ἑρωτος, τόφρ' ἀλέξωνται πάτρη, δ
θαρσαλέοι φιλότατι κούρων'
πυροῖ γὰρ ἀλκήν,² καὶ θεῶν ὑπέρτατος
αἰὰν ὅδε προμάχους ἀέξειν.
Μελιστίωνος δ', ὡ πατρώῖον σέβας
Σχοινιέων, ἐπίηρα δέχθαι.

1 So Jacobs of other MS.

I write so . supar yap daleh MS.

#### 21 -THEODORIDES

(Complete sambic trimeters followed by dimeters from the hyporchematic pentameter) 1

This is the tomb of Mnasalcas of Plataeae, the writer of elegies. His Muse was a fragment torm from Simonides' page, loud-voiced but empty, a bombastic spout of dithyrambs. He is dead, let us not east stones at mm, but if he were alive, he would be blowing as loud as a drum beats

#### 22.—PHAEDIMUS

(Complete transfers followed by epodes—shorter verses consisting of heroic tetrameters scanon in the penultimate syllable)

O King, Far-shooter, curb the force of thy bow with which thou didst lay low the Giant's s might Open not thy wolf-slaying quiver, but aim at these young men the arrow of Love, that strong in the friendship of their youthful peers, they may defend their country, for it sets courage afire, and He is ever of all gods the strongest to exalt the hearts of the foremost in the fight. But do thou, whom the Schoemans reverence as their ancestral god, accept the gifts Mehstion proffers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> cp. Horace's Epodes. <sup>2</sup> A village near Sieyon.

<sup>4</sup> Melishon was avidently one of the neisbrated "holy regiment" of Thebes. It consisted of lovers and beloved.

Schoenus was a vilinge near Thebes.

#### 23.--ΑΣΚΛΗΠΙΑΔΟΥ

Έπὶ τετραμέτρω τῷ γεγονότι ἀπὸ ἀρτίου τριμέτρου κατὰ πρόσθεσεν βοσεως τελευταίας μειουρου τρίμετρον

'Ιὰ παρέρπων, μικρόν, εἶ τι κὰγκονεῖς, ἄκουσον
τὰ Βότρυος περισσὰ δῆτα κήδη,
δς πρέσβυς ὀγδώκοντ' ἐτῶν τὰν ἐννέων ἔθαψεν
ήδη τι τέχνα καὶ σοφον λεγοντα
φεῦ τὰν τεκόντα, φεῦ δὲ καὶ σέ, Βοτρυος φίλος παῖ, δ
ὅσων ἄμοιρος ἡδονῶν ἀπωλευ.

#### 24.—KAAAIMAXOT

Επὶ τῆ τοῦ προάγοντος τετραμέτρου ἐσχάτη διποδια ἐνδεκασυλλαβον

Τὰ δῶρα τῆ 'Αφροδίτη
Σὶμον ἡ περίφοιτος εἰκόν' αὐτῆς
δθηκε, τήν τε μίτρην,
ἡ μαστους ἐφίλησε τόν τε πανὸν¹
καὶ τούς <ποτ ἀντίναξεν>
ἀῦτοῦσ' <ἀν> ὅρη τάλαινα θύρσους.²

#### 25.—TOY AYTOY

Επὶ διπλασιασθείση τῆ διποδια ἐσφδὸς τετράμετρος πλευνάζων μια συλλαβή τοῦ ἐξαμέτρου

Δήμητρι τη Πυλαίη, τη τουτον ούκ Πελασγών 'Ακρίσιος τον νηδν έδείματο, ταύθ' ό Ναυκρατίτης καὶ τη κάτω θυγατρὶ τα δώρα Τιμόδημος είσατο, τών κερδέων δεκατεύματα· καὶ γὰρ εὔξαθ' οῦτως.

#### 23.—ASCLEPIADES

(Tetrameters, composed of complete trumeters with the addition of a final basis, followed by unperfect trumeters)

Ho! passer by, even if thou art in haste give car a moment to the grief of Botrys that passeth measure. An old man now of four-score years, he buried his boy of nine, a child a ready speaking with some skill and wisdom. Also for thy father and also for thee, dear son of Botrys; with how many joys untasted hast thou perished!

#### 24.—CALLIMACHUS

(Hondevarylables following the last two feet of a tetrameter)

VAGUANT Simon offered these g fts to Aphredite her own portrait, the band that kissed her breasts, her torch, and the thyrsi she once waved, poor sour, sporting on the mountains.

#### 25.-BY THE SAME

(The first nerse of the last doubled and followed by an epode contesting of a tetrameter exceeding a hexameter by one cyllable?)

For Demeter of Thermopylue, to whom Aeriaus of Argos built this temple, and for her daughter under earth, did Timodemus of Naucratis place here these gifts, a tithe of his gains; for so he had vowed.

2 s.s. a catalcolio mubio tetrameter

This is not clear. It is an Arch healthan tetrameter, as in Nos. 8 and 26.

17

# 26.--ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Έπὶ τῷ αὐτῷ 1 τετραμέτρφ μειουρον τριμετρον

Μυήσομαι οὐ γὰρ ἔοικεν ἀνωνυμον ἐνθάδ' ᾿Αρχεναύτεω κεῖσθαι θανοῦσαν ἀγλαὰν ἄκοιτιν, Εανθίπην Περιάνδρου ἀπέκγονον, ὅς ποθ' ὑψιπύργου σημαίνε λαοῖς τέρμ' ἔχων Κορίνθου.

#### 27 -ΦΑΛΛΙΚΟΥ

Επὶ τετραμέτρψ τρίμετρον άρτιον, είθ' έξωμετρον ἐναλλάξ

Φώκος έπλ ξείνη μέν ἀπέφθυτο· κύμα γλο μέλαινα νεῦς οὐχ ὑπεξηνεικεν, οὐδ' †ἐδέξατο,

άλλα κατ' Αθγαίσιο πολύν βυθον \* φχετο πόντου, βίη Νότου πρήσαντος δαχάτην άλα.

τύμβου δ' ἐν πατέρων κενεοῦ λάχεν· δυ πέρι Προμηθίς

μήτηρ, λυγρή δρυιθι πότμου είκθλη, alaî κωκύει του έδυ γόνου ήματα πάντα, λέγουσα του πρόωρου ώς ἀπέφθιτο.

#### 27a.—KAAAIMAXOT

Έπὶ τῷ αὐτῷ τετραμέτρω Ινδεκασύλλαβον

#### Deent

2 del rov re MS. I correct. 2 So Membre well Safer MS.

#### 26.—SIMONIDES

(The same letrameter followed by an imperfect truncter)

I will tell of her, for it is not meet that she should he here without a name, the noble wife of Archenautes, Xanthippe, granddaughter of Periander, him who once ruled over the people, holding the lordship of high-towered Cornth.

#### 27.—PHALARCUS

(Tetrameters attenuating with hexameters and followed by running trimeters)

Process perished in a strange land; for the black ship did not escape or the waves, but went down into the great deep of the Aegean main when the south-west wind had stirred the sea up from its depths. But in the land of his fathers he got an empty tomb; and by it his mother, Promethis, like in her suffering to the mournful hard haloyon, bewalls evermore her son, calling "aiai," telling how he perished before his time.

#### 27A.—CALLIMACHUS

(The same tetrameter followed by a decasyllable)

The epigram is missing.

# 28.--ΒΑΚΧΤΛΙΔΟΤ 🛊 ΣΙΜΠΝΙΔΟΤ

- Έπὶ τῷ αὐτῷ τετραμέτρω τετραμετρον ὅμοιον τῷ "Εἴ μοι γένοιτο παρθένος καλη τε καὶ τέρεινα" μία δὶ μόνον συλλαβῷ πλεοναζον ἐπὶ τοῦ τετάρτοι ποδὸς οὐκ ἔχει ἴαμβον, ἐλλὶ ἀναπαιστον
- Πολλάκι δή φυλής 'Ακαμαντίδος δυ χοροίσιν 'Ωραι ἀνωλόλυξαν κισσοφοροις δτι διθυράμβοις
- αί Διουνσιάδες, μέτραισε δέ και ρόδων άωτοις σοφών ἀοιδών έσκίασαν λιπαράν έθειραν,
- οί τόνδε τριποδά σφισι μάρτυρα Βακχιών ἀέθλων έθηκαν κεινους δ' Αντιγένης ἐδιδασκεν ἄνδρας.
- εδ δ' ἀτιθηνείτο γλυκερὰν όπα Δωρίοις 'Αρίστων 'Αργείος ήδὺ πνεύμα χέων καθαρῶς ἐν αὐλοίς:
- των έχορηγησεν κύκλον μελύγηρου Ίππόνικος Στρούθωνος υίδς, άρμασιν έν Χαρίτων φορηθείς, .0
- αί οἱ ἐπ' ἀνθρώπους δνομα κλυτον ἀγλαάν τε νίκαν Θήκαν Ιοστεφάνων θεᾶν Ικατι Μοισᾶν,

# 29.—NIKAINETOT

# Έπλ έξαμέτρω τρίμετρον

- Οἶνός τοι χαρίεντι πέλει ταχύς ἵππος ἀοιδῷ· δδωρ δὲ πίνων οὐδεν ἀν τέκοις σοφόν.
- τοῦτ' ἔλεγεν, Διόνυσε, καὶ ἔπυεεν οὐχ ἐνὸς ἀσποῦ Κρατίνος, ἀλλὰ παντὸς ἀδώδει πίθου.
- τοιγάρ ύπο στεφάνοις μέγας έβρυεν, είχε δε κισσῷ δ μέτωπον ὥσπερ καὶ σὰ κεκροκωμένον.

#### 28. - BACCHYLIDES on SIMONIDES

Orran in truth, in the choruses of the tribe Acaments, did the Hours, the companions of Dionysus, shout in triumph at the svy-crowned dithyrambs, and overshadow the bright locks of skoled poets with fillets and rose biossoms. The chorus now listh act up this tripod as a witness of their Bacchie contest. Antigenes was the poet who trained those men to aug his verses, and Ariston of Argos, clearly pouring dislect breath into the Doric flute, narred well the sweet voice of the surgers. The leader of their boney voiced circle was H 1 ponicus, son of Struthon, riding in the chariot of the timeces, who established for him among men a name renowned, and the faine of giorious victory, for the sake of the violet crowned Muses.

#### 29 -- NICAFNETUS

(An samble trimeter following a herameter)

Wine is a swift horse to the poet who would charm, but, drinking water, thou shalt give birth to maught that is dever. This Cratinus said, Dionysus, and breathed the perfume not of one liottle but of all the cask, therefore was he great, loaded with crowns, and his forchead, like thine, was ye low with the lyy

\* The spigram is most probably the work of the post

Antigenes himself op. Hor. Ep. 1. 19, 1.

This second of the metre of the second verse is wrong the metre being wood will be a decly to lognood a.

### 30.-ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Εξάμετρος καὶ οδτος τροχαϊκὸς τετράμετρος κατὰ μετάθεσαν τῆς λίξεως

Μοῦσά μοι 'Αλκμήνης καλλισφύρου υίὸν ἄειδε. Υίὸν 'Αλκμηνης ἄειδε Μοῦσά μοι καλλισφύρου.

# 31.-ΤΙΜΟΚΡΕΟΝΤΟΣ ΡΟΔΙΟΤ

'Ομσίως

Κητα με προσήλθε φλυαρία οὐκ εθέλουτα. Οὐκ εθέλουτά με προσήλθε Κητα φλυαρία.

# EPIGRAMS IN VARIOUS METRES

### 80.-SIMONIDES

(Hexameter, becoming a trochase tetrameter by shifting the mords)

Sino me, Muse, the son of far-ankled Alemene.

# 31,-TIMOCREON OF RHODES

(Sumlar)

This nonsense from Ceos<sup>1</sup> has reached me against my wish.<sup>8</sup>

Bimonidee' tsland.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Timecrops ovidently alledes to No. 30, which must have reflected on a poem of his own.



# BOOK XIV

# ARTIHMETICAL PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

Nor only Nos. 110-146, but the rest of the crithmetical problems is this book may be put down to Metrodorus, if we may judge by the sayle. This Metrodorus was probably a grammarian of the time of Constantine the Great

The problems, which are all of the same nature, can be castly solved by angelow. The Scholiast gives comowhat

cumbrous artthmetical solutions.

#### 14

# ΠΡΟΒΛΗΜΑΤΑ ΑΡΙΘΜΗΤΙΚΑ, ΛΙΝΙΓ-ΜΑΤΑ, ΧΡΗΣΜΟΙ

# 1.--ΣΩΚΡΑΤΌΤΣ

# Πολυκράτης

Ολβιε Πυθαγάρη, Μουσέων Έλικώνιου έρνος, διπέ μοι είρομενω, όπόσοι σοφίης κατ' ἀγῶνα σοῖσι δομοισιν ἔασιν, ἀεθλευοντες ἄριστα.

# Πυθαγόρας

Τοιγάρ έγων εξποιμι. Πολύκρατες ήμίσεες μεν άμφι καλά σπεύδουσε μαθήματα: τέτρατοι αθτε άθανάτου φύσεως πεπονήαται: έβδομάτοις δε συγή πάσα μέμηλε, καὶ ἄφθιτοι Ενδοθι μύθου τρείς δὲ γυναϊκες ἔασι, Θεανώ δ' ἔξοχος ἄλλων. τόσσους Πιερίδων ὑποφητορας αὐτὸς ἀγινώ.

# 2 -Εις άγαλμα Παλλάδος

Παλλάς έγω χρυσή σφυρήλατος αὐτὰρ ο χρυσός αἰζηῶν πέλετας δῶρον ἀοιδοπόλων. ημισυ μευ χρυσοίο Χαρίσιος, ὀγδοάτην δὲ Θέσπες, καὶ δεκάτην μοίραν ἔδωκε Σόλων, αὐτὰρ ἐεικοστὴν Θεμίσων, τὰ δὲ λοιπὰ τάλαντα

ένυτα, και τέχνη δώρον 'Αριστοδίκου.

# BOOK XIV

# ARITHMETICAL PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

# 1 -SOCRATES PROPLEM

Polycrates Speaks

Billsand Pythagoras, Heliconian scion of the Muses, answer my question: How many in thy house are engaged in the contest for wisdom performing excellently?

Pythagorus Answers

I will tell thee then, Polycrates. Half of them are occupied with belles lettres; a quarter apply themselves to studying immortal nature, a seventh are all intent on silence and the eternal discourse of their hearts. There are also three women, and above the rest is Theano. That is the number of interpreters of the Muses I gather round me.

Solution 28(14+7+4+3).

# 2.—PROBLEM

On a Statue of Pallas

I, Pallas, am of beaten gold, but the gold is the gift of lusty poets. Charlsius gave half the gold, Thespis one-eighth, Solon one-tenth, and Themison one-twentieth, but the remaining nine talents and the workmanship are the gift of Aristodicus.

Solution. 40(20+5+4+2+9).

3

Α Κύπρις του Ερωτα κατηφιόωντα προσηνδα: "Τίπτε τοι, & τέκος, ἄλγος ἐπέχραεν," δς δ' ἀπάμειπτο

"Πιερίδες μοι μήλα διήρπασαν άλλυδις άλλη, αίνυμεναι κόλποιο, τὰ δή φερον ἐξ Τέλικώνος. Κλειὰ μὲν μήλων πέμπτον λάβε δωδέκατον δὲ Εὐτερπη ἀτὰρ ὀγδοάτην λάχε δῖα Θάλεια Μελπομένη δ' εἰκοστὰν ἀπαινυτο Τερψιχύρη δὲ τέτρατον ἐβδομάτην δ' Ἰερατω μετεκίαθε μοίρην ἡ δὲ τριηκοντων με Πολύμνια νόσφισε μήλων. Οὐρανίη δ' ἐκατόν τε και εἰκοσι Καλλιόπη δὲ βριθομένη μήλοισι τριηκοσιοισι βεβηκε. σοὶ δ' ἄρα κουφοτέρησιν ἐγὰ σὰν χερσὶν ἰκάνω, πεντήκοντα φέρων ταδε λειψανα μήλα θεάων."

ď.

10

# 4.—Είε την Αύγείου κόπρον

Αύγείην ερέεινε μέγα σθένος 'Αλκείδας, πληθύν βουκολίων διζημενος: δε δ' άπαμειπτο '' 'Αμφί μέν 'Αλφειοῖο ροάς, φίλος, ημισυ τῶνδε μοίρη δ' ὀγδοάτη δχθον Κρόνου άμφινέμονται: δωδεκάτη δ' ἀπάνευθε Ταραξίπποιο παρ' ἰρον άμφι δ' ἄρ' "Ηλιδα διαν έεικοστη νεμέθονται αὐτάρ έν 'Αρκαδίη <γε> τριηκοστήν προλέλοιπα: λοιπάς δ' αὐ λεύσσεις ἀγέλας τόδε πευτήκοντα."

# 3.—PROBLEM

Creats this addressed Love, who was looking downcast "How, my child, hath sorrow fallen on thee?" And he answered. "The Mises store and divided among themselves, in different proportions, the apples I was bringing from Helicon, snatching them from my boson. Clin got the fifth part, and Euterpe the twenth, but divine Thalia the eighth. Melpomena carried off the twentieth part, and Terpsichore the fourth, and Brato the seventh, Polyhymnia robbed me of thirty apples, and Urama of a hundred and twenty, and Callape went off with a load of three hundred apples. So I come to thee with lighter hands, bringing these fifty apples that the goddesses left me

Notation . 3360 (672+280+420+168+840+480

+30 + 120 + 300 + 50).

### 4. —Риовьки

# On the Dung of Augens

Heracus the mighty was questioning Augeas, seeking to learn the number of his herds, and Augeas replied. "About the streams of Alpheius, my friend, are the half of them; the eighth part pasture around the hill of Cronos, the twelfth part far away by the presence of Taraxippus, the twentieth part feed in holy Ells, and I left the thirtieth part in Arcadia, but here you see the remaining fifty herds."

Solution 2+0 (120+30+20+12+8+50).

б

Είμλ πατρός λευκοΐο μέλαν τέκος, ἄπτερος ὅρνις, ἄχρι καλ οὐρανίων ἐπτάμενος νεφέων κούραις δ' ἀντομένησιν ἀπενθέα δάκρια τίκτω εὐθὸ δὲ γεννηθεὶς λύομαι εἰς ἀέρα.

(

'Ωρονόμων δχ' ἄριστε, πόσου παρελήλυθεν ἡοῦς; δσσου ἀποιχομένοιο δύο τρίτα, δὶς τυσα λείπει.

7

Χιίλκεός είμι λέων κρουνοι δέ μοι δμματα δοιώ, και στόμα, καὶ δὲ θέναρ δεξιτεροῖο ποδός. πλήθει δὲ κρητήρα δύ ήμασι δεξιόν δμμα, καὶ λαιὸν τρισσοῖς, καὶ πισύροισι θέναρ ἄρκιον ἔξ ὥραις πλήσαι στόμα σὰν δ΄ ἄμα πάντα, ὅ και στόμα καὶ γλήναι καὶ θέναρ, εἰπὲ πόσον.

"Εξ, έν, πέντε, δύο, τρία, τέσσαρα κύβος έλαύνει

ġ

Ανδρ' έμὸν ἔκταν' ἔκυρός, ἔκυρὸν δ' ἔκτανεν ἀνήρ,
 καὶ δαὴρ ἐκυρόν, καὶ ἔκυρὸς γενέτην.

te of the eyes The word also means girls.

#### 5. - RIDDLE

I am the black child of a white father; a wingless bird, flying even to the clouds of heaven. I give birth to tears of mourning in pupils 1 that meet me, and at once on my birth I am dissolved into air.

Answer: Smoke.

### 6.- Риовахм

"Best of clocks, how much of the day is past?"
There remain twice two-thirds of what is gone.
Solution. 54 hours are past and 64 remain.

# 7.—Рвовижи

I am a brazen lion, my spouts are my two eyes, my mouth, and the flat of my right foot. My right eye fills a jar in two days, my left eye in three, and my foot in four. My mouth is capable of filling it is a x hours, tell me how long all four together will take to fill it.

Solution The schoim propose several, two of which, by not counting fractions, reach the result of four hours, but the strict sum is 323 hours.

S.—The Opposite Pains of Numers on a Die The numbers on a die run so six one, five two, three four.

#### 9.—RIDDLE

My father-in-law killed my husband and my husband killed my father-in-law, my brother-in-law killed my father-in-law, and my father-in-law my father.

Answer Andromache, Achilles, father of her second husband, Pyrrhus, killed Hector, Pyrrhus killed Priam, Paris killed Achilles, and Achilles killed her father Ection.

10

Λέβητας ἔγνων μὴ σιωπᾶν εἰδότας,
πλὴν ἄρτια τὸν χαλκὸν ἡχειν προτρέπειν,
ἀντικτυποῦντος τοῦ πρώτου τῷ δευτέρω,
καὶ μεταδιδόντος τῷ τετάρτῳ τοῦ τρίτου.
ἐἀν δὲ το κινοὺν ἡρεμἢ καὶ μὴ πνεη,
ἄφωνος ὁ λέβης τἢ φύσες γὰρ οὐ λάλος.
τῶν σῶν δὲ λεβήτων ἡ φύσις μὲν εὕστομος
σῆ · δ' ἐντυχοῦσα γίνετ εὐστομωτέρα,
συγῶσ' ὅταν δεῖ, καὶ λαλοῦσ' ὅταν δέοι.

5

#### 11

Τούς χίλιους στατήρας, οθς έκτησιμην. λαβείν κελεύω τούς έμοὺς παίδας δύο πλήν γνησίου το πέμπτον ηὐξήσθω δέκα μετρου τεταρτου τῶν λαχόντων τῷ νόθφ.

#### 13

\*Εξ μνών έξ φιάλας Κροίσος βασιλεύς ἀνέθηκεν δραχμή την ἐτέρην μείζονα τῆς ἐτέρης.

### 13

"Αμφω μέν ήμεῖς εἴκοσι μνᾶς εἶκομεν. Ζήθός τε χώ ξύναιμος: ἡν δέ μοι λάβης ι Ι write εθ σοι ΜS.

These badly written Byzantine verses refer to the caldrons bung up in a row at Dodona, which knocked against

10

I know of caldrons that cannot be silent, but incite the brass to sound articulately, the first responding to the second, and the third transferring the sound to the fourth. But if the motive force is still and does not blow, the caldron is voiceless, for it is not gifted with speech by nature. But the nature of your caldrons is well spoken, and meeting with your own nature it becomes more so, keeping silence when meet and speaking when meet.1

#### 11.--PROBLEM

I DESERT my two sons to receive the thousand staters of which I am possessed, but let the fifth part of the legitimate one's share exceed by ten the fourth part of what falls to the alegitimate one. Solution . 577% and 432%

# 12.—Раопьки

Crorsos the king dedicated six bowls weighing six minae, each one drachm neavier than the other

Solution The weight of the first is 975 drachm, and so on

#### 13.—Реопьем

Wr both of us together weigh twenty minae, I, Zethus, and my brother; and if you take the third

each other when agreeted by the wind, and from the sound of which enactes were devised. By "your caldrons" in 2 3 the writer means simply the organs of speech.

8 One mine = 100 drachms.

τρίτου, τὸ τέτρατόν τε τοῦδ' "Αμφίονος, ἔξ πάντ" ἀνευρών, μητρὸς εὐρήσεις σταθμόν.

14

Είς ἄνεμος: δύο νήες: ἐρέττουσιν δέκα ναῦται: είς δὲ κυβερνήτης ἀμφοτέρας έλπει.

15

"Εξ πόδες εν χωραισι τόσαις μετρούσιν ζαμβον, σπονδείος, χόριος, και δάκτιλος ήδ' ἀνάπαιστος, πυρρίχιος και ζαμβος- έχει δέ τε οίκον έκαστος. πυρριχίου τέλος έσθ'- δς μακράν οίδεν εν άρχη, πρώτη και τριτάτη, πέμπτη δέ τε τούσδε κατίσχει. 5 οί δ' άλλοι κατά πάσαν δμώς βαίνουσιν ἀταρπόν-μοῦνον ζαμβον ἄνακτα φερει τόπος, δυ κ' ἐθελήση.

16

Νήσος όλη, μύκημα βοός, φωνή το δανειστού.

17

Θήρη μέν πολέμου μελέτη· θήρη δὲ διδάσκει κρυπτου έλεῖν, ἐπιόντα μένειν, φεύγοντα διώκειν.

part of me and the fourth part of Amphion here, you will find it makes six, and you will have found the weight of our mother

Solution: Zethus weighed twelve minae, Amphion

eight.

### 14 -- Rippin

ONE wind, two ships, ten sailors rowing, and one streeman directs hoth.

Answer The double flate. The salors are the fingers,

# 16 .- THE LAWS OF THE LAMBIC SENARIUS

Six feet in so many positions make the metre of an iambus, the spondee, the tribrachys ( $\circ \circ \circ$ ), the dactyl, the anapaest, the pyrrine ( $\circ \circ$ ), and the lambus, and each has its proper habitation. The pyrrine's is the end, those feet whose first syllable is long are admitted to the first, third, and fifth place. The others walk in every road abke; the king, the lambus, alone is admitted to any place he wishes.

#### 16. $\leftarrow$ Charadr

My whole is an island, my first the lowing of a cow, and my second what a creditor says.

Answer Rhodes (dos = give).

## 17 .- IN PRAISE OF HUNTING

Tur chose trains us for war and the chase teaches us to capture the hidden, to await the aggressor and to pursue the flying.

18

"Εκτορα τον Πριάμου Διομήδης έκτανευ άνηρ Αξας πρό Τρώων δγχεί μαρνάμενου.

19

Είδον έγώ ποτε θήρα δι' ύλης τμητοσιδήρου ύπτιου όρθα τρέχουτα, ποσίυ δ' οὐχ ήπτετο γαίης.

20

Εί πυρός αἰθομένου μέσσην έκατοντάδα θείης, παρθένου εὐρήσεις υίέα και φονέα.

21

Ές μέσον Ήφαίστοιο βαλών έκατοντάδα μούνην, παρθένου εθρήσεις υίδα καλ φονέα

22

Μή λόγε, και λέξεις έμου ούνομα. δεί δέ σε λέξαι; ώδε πάλιν, μέγα θαθμα, λέγων έμου οδυομα λέξεις.

23

Νηρέος όντα με παίδα φέρει γαιήτος υίώς, τον Στυγός Ιμερτοίς νάμασι δυομενον.

#### 18.-Pozzer

The husband of Diomede 1 slew Hector, son of Priam, fighting with his spear for the land of the Trojans.

Ore-

A man Diomedes called Aax, s.ew Hector, son of Priam, fighting with his spear for the Trojans.

#### 19.-ENIGMA

I once saw a beast running straight on its back through a wood cut by the steel, and its feet touched not the earth.

Answer: A louse.

### 20. -ENIGMA

Is you put one hundred in the middle of a burning fire, you will find the son and slayer of a virgin.

Answer Pyrrius, son of Deidamia, and slayer of Polyxena If ρ, the sign for 100, is inserted into the middle of the word πυρος (fire), it becomes πυρος.

# 21. -THE SAME ENIGMA

#### 22 -- Емюма

Speak not and thou shalt speak my name. But must thou speak? Thus again, a great marvel, in speaking thou shalt speak my name.

Answer: Silence.

# 23.—Еніона

A son of earth bears me, the child of Nereus, bathed in the pleasant waters of Styx.

Answer: A fish in its juice (called Styx because the fish is dead contained in an earthen vessel

A conoubine of Achilles.

24

... μεον Διόνυσον όρξε έμε τίκτε με νηδύς διχθαδίη, μνήμης δε πατήρ έμδε ήγεμονεύει. 
θηροφόρον δε με πρώτον εγείνατο νηλεόθυμον 
αὐτοκασυγνήτης δε προκός φίλου υζα κατακτάς, 
οὐκέτι θήρα φέρω, ἀλλ' οὐρανὸν ήδε θάλασσαν, 
καὶ χθόνα, καὶ μακάρων ἰερὸν χορὸν ἄφθιτον αἰεί.

ä

25

'Οφθαλμούς Σκύλλης ποθέω, τούς ἔσβεσεν αὐτος ἡέλιος, μήνη τε: πατήρ δέ με δειδιε κούρην: λούμαι δ' ἀενάοισι δύω ποταμοΐσι θανούσα, οδς κορυφή προήσιν έπ' ὀφρυσεντι κολωνφ

26

Εαυθή μέν τις έγων ήμην πάρος, άλλα κοπείσα γίνομαι άργεννής λευκοτέρη χιονος. πρώτη δαιτιμόνων ές χορον έρχομένη

#### 24 -ENIOMA

Thou seestime. Dionysias. A double womb bore me, and my father presides over momory. He first generated me, a merciless creature carrying a beast, and having sum the dear son of my sister, the fawn, I no longer carry a beast, but the sky, and sea, and earth, and the holy company of the gods ever imperishable.

Answer: Obscure, but there is in the last lines evidently a reference to a "panther," which, on losing its last syllable (ther = beast), becomes pan

(the universe).

#### 36. ENIGNA

I must the eyes of Scylla, which the Son himself and the Moon extinguished. My father feared me when I was a girl, and now dead I am washed by two perennal rivers which my head sends forth on the rugged hill.

Answer: No.5c. By the eyes she means her twelve children slam by Apollo (the Sun) and Artemis (the Moon). They are called the eyes of Sey la because

Scylla was supposed to have six beads,

### 20.-EN GALA

I was once yellow, but when cut I become whiter than white snow. I rejoice in a sweet and fishy bath, coming first to the company of the banqueters,

Answer: A linen towel. Line 4 alliades to the practice of washing and wiping the hands at table before beginning to eat

27

Παρθένου έν πελάγει ζητών την πρόσθε λέοντα, τηθήν εύρήσεις παιδοφονού Έκάβης.

28

'Εξ άλλη ίχθυδεν γένος Ελλαχον' εἰς δέ μ' ἄεθλος εἰς Διονυσιακούς οἰδεν ἀγῶνας ἄγειν' καὶ δέμας ἐν σταδίοισιν ἀλειψάμενος λίπ' ελαίω, υίξα μὲν Δηοῦς ὥλεσα χερσὶν ἐμαῖς δεύτερου αὖτε Γύγαντας ἀολλέας ἄλλοθεν ἄλλους ἐκπέμπω πολλαῖς χείρεσιν ἔλκομένους.

5

29

Μούνφ μοι φίλου έστι γυναιξί περ έι φιλότητε μίγυυσθαι, αύτων λισσομένων ποσίων.

80

Κριδυ έχω γενετήρα, τέκευ δέ με τώδε χελώνη· τικτομενη δ' ἄμφω πέφνου έμους γουέας.

#### 27 -ENIGNA

SEEKING in the sea the maiden who was once a lion, thou shalt find the mother-in-law of Hecuba, the murderer of her children.

Answer Thetis, who was transformed into a lion in her attempt to escape from Peleus. Hecaba was a name given to Medea, whom, according to late tradition, Achilles is said to have married in the islands of the blessed

#### 28.--Емима

From the sea I have a fishy parentage, and one contest can bring me to the games of Dionysus. In the stadion, after anomaing my body with oil, I slew by my hards the son of Demeter. In the second place, I send out from both sides of me a mass of giants, pulled by many hards.

The answer has not been guessed

### 90.—Емионд

I alone delight in intercourse with women at their bushinds' own request.

Answer: A clyster, cp. No. 55.

### 30.—ENIGMA

My father is a ram, and a tortoise bore me to him, and at my birth I s.ew both my parents.

Answer and guessed.

3.

Οίνου την έτερην γράφε μητέρα, καὶ θες ἐπ' ἄρθρφ ἄρθρον· τοῦ πότρη πατρὸς ἄκοιτις όρᾶς.

82

Κτανθείς του κτείναντα κατέκτανου: άλλ' ὁ μὲν οὐδ' ὡς Κλυθεν εἰς 'Αίδην' αὐτὰρ ἔγως' ἔθανου.

33

Τον με κατακτείναντα κατέκτανου, οδ δέ μοι ήδος· θήκε γὰρ ἀθάνατον του κτάμενου θάνατος.

34

Νήσός τις πόλις έστι φυτωνιμου αίμα λαχούσα, Ισθμου όμου και πορθμου έπ' ηπείροιο φέρουσα: ἔνθ' ἀπ' έμής ἔσθ' αίμα όμου και Κέκροπος αίμα: ἔνθ' "Ηφαιστος ἔχει χαίρων γλανκώπιν 'Αθήνην κείθι θυηπολίην πέμπειν κελόμην 'Ηρακλεί.

#### 31 -ENIGNA

WRITE the second mother of wine and add an article to the article you see him whose fatherland

was her father's wife.

Answer. Homor, μηρος with thigh (of Zeus), from which Dronysus was born a second time. Smyrna, Homer's city, is identified with Myrrus (noth the forms mean "myrrh"), who committed incest with her father Chyras.

### 32.—ENIONA

Scarn, I slew the slayer, but even so he went not

to Hades, but I died

Answer (to this and the following). Nessus the contact, with whose blood the robe that slew Herneles was poisoned.

33,-ENIGMA

I slaw him who slew me, but it was no pleasure to me, for death made the sam man importal.

# 34 .- ORACLE ON TYPE OIVEN TO THE BYZANTINES 1

There is a certain city which is an island having blood named from a plant, holding both an asthmus and a strait over against the continent. There is blood from my and and blood of Cecrops together with it. There Hephnesias enjoys the possession of grey-cycl Athena. Thither I bid you send a sacrifica to Heracles.

καὶ υθσος ἐν τῷ 'Αθηνὰν δὰ "Ηφαιστος ἔχου εἰς τὰν ἀλαίκυ βυίξασο καὶ τὰ πῦρ, ἄ παρ ἀμεῖν ἀλλήλους συνοικεί. τὸ δὰ χωριον ἰσρον ἀν περιβόλομ ἀλαιαν μὰν ἀναθόλλοι φαιδροῖς τοῦς κλάδοις, εκφύτευται ἄὰ σὰν αὐτἢ τὰ πῦρ καὶ ἀνάπτει περί τοὺς πτόρθους πολλήν τὰν φλόγαι ἡ δὰ παβ πυρὰς αἰθάλη τὰ φυτὰν γεωργεί αὐτη πυρὰς φιλία καὶ φυτοῦς αὐτας οἱ φεύγει τὰν "Ηφαιατον Αθήνη.

35

`Ανθρώπου μέλος είμί' δ και τέμνει με σίδηρος· γράμματος αιρομένου δύεται ήέλιος.

36

Πικρή μοι ζωή, θάνατος γλυκύς, δδατα δ΄ ἄμφω· θνήσκω άναιμάκτοις έγχεσι νυσσόμενος· ήν δέ τις έν ζωοντι υέκυν τύμβω με καλύψη, αίματι συγγενέων πρώτον άποβρέχομαι,

37

Παλλάδος εἰμὶ φίλη, τίκτω δ' ἀπερείσια τέκυα, ἃ κατὰ πετράων ἄνδρες βάλον· ὁλλυμένων δέ, Πηλείδη φάος ἔσκε, βροτῶν ἄκος, ἔρκος ἀγώνων.

38

Κτείνα κάσιν, κτάνε δ' αξ με κάσις, θάνομεν δ' υπό πατρός μητέρα δ' άμφότεροι τεθναότες κτάνομεν.

39

Νήσου τις καλέων μ' οὐ ψεύσεται ώς έτεὸν γὰρ πολλούς ές κελάδους οῦνομ' έθηκεν έμόν.

#### 35 —Enigma

I AM a member of a man; wherefore iron cuts are If you take away one letter the sun sets

Answer over, "nail" Take away the s and it

becomes wif. "night."

### 36. -- ENIGNA

Bitter is my life, my death is sweet, and both are water. I die pierced by bloodless spears, but if snyone will cover me when dead in a living temb, I am first moistened by the blood of my relations.

Answer: A fish The last line alludes to a pickle

made with blood

#### 37 -- ENIGMA

I am the friend of Pn as and give birth to countless children, which men throw under stones, and when they perish there is light for Pelides, medicine for men, protection in contests.

Answer The of ve-tree. By Pelides is meant the

lamp, because made of clay (petos).

#### 38.-ENTONA

I skew my brother, my brother again slow me, our death is caused by our father, and after our death we both kill our mother.

Answer. Etcooles and Polynices, the sons of

Oedipus.

# 39.—BNIGMA

Is one call me an island, he shall tell no falsehood for of a truth he gave my name to many noises.

Answer not guessed.

40

Είσι κασίγνηται δύ άδελφεαί· ή μία τίκτει την έτέρην, αυτή δε τεκούσ' άπο τήσδε τεκνούται· ώστε κασυγνήτας ούσας άμα καὶ συνομαίμους, αυτοκασυγνήτας κοινή καὶ μητέρας είναι.

#### 41

Μητέρ' έμην τίκτω καὶ τίκτομαι είμὶ δὲ ταύτης άλλοτε μὲν μείζων, άλλοτε μειστέρη.

#### 42

Παρθένος εἰμὶ γυνή, καὶ παρθένου εἰμὶ γυναικός, καὶ κατ' ἔτος τίκτω παρθένος οὐσα γυνή.

#### 43

Είμι πόλου μίμημα: δυω δέ με θήρες ἄγουσι, πρόσθε μεν 'Ηριγόνης, Πασιφαης δ' δπιθεν: 'Ηρακλέους τηρεί με συνευνέτικ, ή δέ με Φοίβου τείρει νύμφα φίλη πολλάκι δαιομένη.

#### 44

Νυκτί μιβ καὶ Τρωσίν ἐπήλυθα, καὶ τὰ Πελασγών φῦλα διατμήξας είλον ἄνευ δόρατος

### 40,-ENTOMA

Thrak are two sisters german; one gives birth to the other, and herself having brought forth is born from the other, so that being sisters and of one blood they are actually sisters and mothers in common.

Answer to this and the following : Day and Night

#### 41 ENGGRA

I make forth my motion and my born from her, and I am sometimes larger, sometimes smaller tour she is.

### 42. ENIMIA

I AM a virgin women and a virgin woman's claid, and being a virgin woman I bring forth every year.

Answer: A palm or date. The fruit-searing pulm is called a virgin because it has only female flowers.

# 43.-Exhaux

I as an imitation of the pole, and two beasts draw me, Erigone's in front and Pasipline's behind. The wife of Heracles keeps me, and the dear bride of Phoebus, burning, often harts me

Auswer: Est scrotum. Bestia Erigonea est carls (mentala), bestia Pasiphues tearus (podex), Herculis conjux est Hope (pulses), Phoebi vero Daphue (laurea qua utebantur ad pilos urendos).

### 4 -- ENROMA

In one night I both attacked the Trojans, and cutting through the tribes of the Greeks conquered them

ού μέν ο Τυδείδης, οὐδ' ο πτολιπορθος 'Οδυσσεύς του θρασύν έκ νηθον ἔσθενον έξελάσας: ἀλλὰ μένος καὶ θάρσος ἐνὶ στήθεσσιν ἀέξων 'Αργείων στρατιήν ὥλεσα καὶ Φρυγίων.

45

Είμι μέλας, λευκός, ξαυθός, ξηρός τε καὶ ύγρος·
εὖτε δὲ δουρατέων πεδίων ὅπερ ἐντανύσης με,

\*Αρεῖ καὶ παλάμη φθέγγομαι οὐ λαλέων.

46

Γράμματος άρνυμένου πληγήν ποδός ούνομα τεύχει ήμέτερον πταίεω δὲ βροτών πόδας ούποτ' έάσει.

47

Είνεκα φωτός έγώ φως ώλεσα· φως δέ παραστάς φως μοι όπασσε φίλου ποσσί χαριζόμενος.

48

Αί Χάριτες μηλων καλώθους φέρου, ἐν δὲ ἐκάστη ἴσον ἔην πληθος - Μοῦσαι σφίσιν ἀντεβόλησαν 48

without a spear. Neither Diomede, nor Odysseus the sacker of cities, was strong enough to drive away me, the venturesome, from the ships, but by increasing in their breasts spirit and courage, I destroyed the armies of the Argives and of the Phrygiaus.

Answer The dream sent by Zeus to Agamemnon

(Il. ti. ad en.).

### 45.--ENIGMA

I am black, white, yellow, dry, and wet, and when you spread me on the plans of wood, by Ares and the hand I utter, speaking not.

Answer The wax spread on writing tablets. By

Ares is meant the steel stylus.

#### 46,-ENIGMA

My name, if you add a letter to it, produces a blow of the foot, but, if not, it will never allow man's feet to stumble.

Answer Sandal - scandal.

#### 47.-ENIGMA

Because of the light I lost my light, but a man standing by me gave me a clear light, doing a kindness to his feet.

Answer: A lantern.

### 48. — Распавы

THE Graces were carrying baskets of apples, and in each was the same number. The nine Muses met

ἐννέα, καὶ μήλων σφέας ήτεον αι δ΄ ἄρ΄ ἔδωκαν Ισον ἐκάστη πλήθος, ἔχον δ΄ ἴσα ἐννέα καὶ τρείς. εἰπὲ πόσον μὲν δώκαν, ὅπως δ' ἴσα πάσαι ἔχεσκον.

#### 49

Τεῦξόν μοι στέφανου, χρυσον χαλκόν τε κεράσσας, κασσίτερον θ' ἄμα τοίσι, πολύκμητόν τε σιδηρου, μνων έξήκοντα χρυσος δ' έχέτω μετά χαλκοῦ δοιὰ μέρη τρισσών· χρυσος δ' ἄμα κασσίτερος τε τρισσὰ μέρη τετυρων· χρυσος δ' αὕτ' ἡδὲ σίδηρος τόσσα μέρη των πέντε. πόσον δ' ἄρα δεῖ σε κεράσσαι

λέξον τοῦ χρυσοῦ, χαλκοῦ πόσου, ἀλλ' ἔτι λέξον κασσιτέροιο πόσου, λοιποῦ πόσου εἰπὲ σιδήρου. Κατε σε τὸν στέφανον τεῦξαι μνῶν ἔξήκουτα.

Τὸ τρίτου, ἀργυροποιέ, προσέμβαλε καὶ τὸ τέταρτου τῆς φιάλης εἰς ἔν, καὶ τὸ δυωδέκατου,

είς δὲ κάμενον έλαινε βαλων, και πάντα κυκήσας ἔξελέ μοι βώλον· μνᾶν δέ μοι έλκυσατω.

- Έχω τὸν ἐξῆς, καὶ τὸ τοῦ τρίτου τρίτου.
- β. Κάγὰ τὸν έξης, καὶ τὸ τοῦ πρώτου τρίτου.
- γ. Κάγὸ δέκα μνᾶς, καὶ τὸ τοῦ μέσου τρίτον.

them and asked them for apples, and they gave the same number to each Muse, and the nine and three had each of them the same number. Tell me how many they gave and how they all had the same number.

Solution The three Graces had three baskets with four apples in each, i.e. twelve in all, and they each gave three to the Muses. Any multiple of twelve does equally well.

49.—Риопіля

Make me a crown weighing sixty minne, mixing gold and brass, and with them tin and much-wrought from. Let the gold and bronze together form two-thirds, the gold and tin together three-fourths, and the gold and iron three-fifths. Tell me how much gold you must put in, how much brass, how much tin, and how much from, so as to make the whole crown weigh sixty minae.

Solution Gold 304, bruss 94, tin 144, from 54

#### 50 .- PROBLEM

Tirkow me in, silversmith, besides the bowl stacif, the third of its weight, and the fourth, and the twelfth, and easting them into the furnace stir them, and mixing them all up take out, please, the mass, and let it weigh one mina.

Solution: The bowl weighs ? of a mins, or 60

drachmae.

#### 51.--Риовыни

A I have what the second has and the third of what the third has. B. I have what the third has and the third of what the first has. C. And I have ten minae and the third of what the second has.

Solution A has 45 mmae, B has  $37\frac{1}{2}$ , and C has  $22\frac{1}{2}$ .

E 2

### 52 - Els olyon

'Ην ότε σύν Λαπίθρσι καὶ ἀλκίμφ 'Ηρακλῆι Κενταύρους διφυείς ἄλεσα μαρνάμενος· ἢν ότε μουνογένεια κορη θάνεν ἐν τρισὶ πληγαῖς ἡμετεραις, Κρανιδην δ' ἤκαχοι εἰνάλιου· νῦν δὲ με Μοῦσα τρίτη πυρίναις Νύμφαισι μιγέντα δέρκεται ὑελίνφ κείμενου ἐν δαπέδφ.

# 63.--Είτ λύχνον

'Ηφαίστω ποτέ Παλλάς ὑπ' άγκοίνησι δαμείσα εἰς εὐνὴν ἐμίγη Πηλέος ἐν θαλάμοις. τοὶ δ' ὡς οὖν λιπαρῆσι καλυφθήτην ὀθόνησιν, αὐτικ' ἐγεννήθη νυκτιπόλος Φαέθων.

# 54.-Bly GIRVEY

Κάμε σοφή ποίησε τέχνη Παιήονος εμπνουν πύρ ύπο χαλκελάτοις χείλεσι κευθομένην δειλών δ' αΐμα κελαινον απ' άνθρωπων ερύουσα, "Ηφαιστον κτείνω γαστρί περισχομένη

# 55.—Els κλυστήρα

Μούνφ μοι θέμις έστὶ γυναικῶν ἐι φιλότητι μίσγεσθαι φανερῶς, λισσομένων ποσίων μοῦνος δ' ἡιθέοισι, καὶ ἀνδράσιν, ἡδὲ γέρουσιν, παρθενικαῖς τ' ἐπέβην ἀχυυμένων τοκεων.

The only-born pupil (or gnd) is the eye of Polyphemus, the third blues is Thalia, which means also a banquet, the flory Nymphs are hot water

### 52-64.—ENIGMAS

#### 52 .- On Wase

Time was when, together with the Lapiths and doughty Heracles, I slew in fight the Centairs of double form, time was when the only-born pupil died after three blows from me, and I grieved the son of Cronos, who dwells in the sea, but now the third Muse sees me mixed with fiery Nymphs lying on a payement of glass.

# 53.-On a Lamp

Pallian once, subdued by his arms, lay with Hephaestus in the chamber of Peleus. But when they were covered by light sheets, straight was Phaethon who walketh in the night born?

# 54. - On a Copping-Glass

THE skilled art of the Flealer made me, too, who hide living fire under my lips wrought of brass; and drawing black blood from wretched men I kill Hephaestus, encircling him with my beny

# 65.—On a Chyster

Only to me it is allowed to have open intercourse with women at the request of their husbands, and I stone mount young men, grown men, and old men, and virgins, while their parents grieve. Lascivious

Palias is oil, Hephaestus is fire For Peicus, see No. 37. The sheets are the cloth cover for the lamp, Phaethon is the light (of moon or stars) which filamines the darkness.

μαχλοσύνην ήχθηρα φιλεί δέ με παιονίη χείρ, Αμφιτρυωνιάδην έκτελέοντα πόνου άμφι δ' όπυιομένοισι καὶ ᾶν Πλουτήι μαχοίμην αίἐν ὑπὲρ ψυχής τῶν ὁπόσοις ἐμίγην εὔρινον δέ με παίδα καὶ ἀργιοδοντα τίθησιν Ιδρείη μερόπων αίγι μυγείς ἐλέφας.

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# 56.-Ele electrony

"Αν μ' ἐσίδης, καὶ ἐγὰ σέ, σὰ μὲν βλεφάροισι δεδορκας, ἀλλ' ἐγὰ οὰ βλεφάροις· οὰ γὰρ ἔχω βλέφαρα. ἄν δ' ἐθέλης, λαλέω φωνῆς δίχα· σοὶ γὰρ ὑπάρχει φωνή, ἐμοὶ δὲ ματην χείλε ἀνοιγόμενα.

# 57.--Είς φοινίκων βάλανον

Ούνομά μητρός έχω γλυκερώτερος είμὶ τεκούσης· άλλ' ή μεν δολιχή, τυτθος εγώ δε πέλω· άβρωτος κείνη πλην κράστος· είμὶ δ' έγωγε τρωκτός άπας, μοῦνου δ' έντερ' άβρωτα φέρω.

### 58.-Els xivápav

Έγκεφαλον φορέω κεφαλής ἄτερ· εἰμὶ δὲ χλωρὴ αὐχένος ἐκ δολιχοῦ γῆθεν ἀειρομένη· σφαίρη δ' ὡς ὑπὲρ αὐλὸν ἐειδομαι· ἡν δὲ ματεύσης ἔνδον ἐμῶν λαγονων, μητρὸς ἔχω πατέρα.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The labour of Herneles added to is his cleaning the Angean stables. The instrument was made of a gost-skin with an ivory pape attached to it.

ness I hate, and the healing hand loves me when I perform the labour of Heracles. I would fight even with Plato for the lives of those whom I lie with. But the union, by the science of men, of an elephant and a goat produced me, a child both made of good leather (or with a good nose) and white tusked.

### 58. On a Merror

Ir you look at me I look at you too. You look with eyes, but I not with eyes, for I have no eyes. And if you like, I speak without a voice, for you have a voice, but I only have lips that open in vain.

# 57, -On a Date

I make the same name as my mother? and I am sweeter than my mother, but she is tall and I am tiny; she is unestable, all but her head, but I can all be eaten, only my guts are medible.

### 58.-On an Artichoke

I have a brain without a head, and I am green and rise from the earth by a long neck. I am like a ball placed on a flute, and if you search within my flanks I have there my mother's father.

The date and paim were both called phospix.
1,6, the core of the artichoka which is it seed.

# 59 —Els τήν 'Αργώ

Τίας πευτήκοντα μιβ ένὶ γαστρὶ λαβούσα †μηληστών πάντων ἔκτανον ἡγεμόνα. αὐτὰρ ὁ δὶς τέθνηκεν, ἐπεὶ δύο γαστέρες αὐτὸν τικτον, χαλκείη, καὶ πάρος ἀνδρομεη.

### 60 .- Achrés

"Τλη μέν με τέκεν, καινούργησεν δε σίδηρος είμι δε Μουσίων μυστικόν εκδοχίου κλειομένη συγώ λαλέω δ', δταν εκπετάσης με, κοινωνόν τον 'Αρη μοθνον έχουσα λόγων.

# 61.-AAAO

Ούρεσι μέν γενόμην, δένδρον δέ μοι ἔπλετο μήτηρ, πθρ δὲ πατήρ, βῶλος δ΄ εἰμὶ μελαινομένη ἢν δέ μ' ἔσω κεράμοιο πατὴρ τήξησι βαθείης, ἄρματος ώτειλὰς ρύομαι είναλίου.

# 62.-Els opaipar

Λίην ἔντριχός είμι, τὰ φύλλα δέ μου κατακρύπτει τὰς τρίχας, εἰ τρύπη φαίνεται οὐδαμόθεν πολλοῖς παιδαρίοις ἐμπαίζομαι· el δέ τίς ἐστιν eἰς τὸ βαλείν ἀφυής, ἴσταται ὥσπερ ὄνος.

<sup>1</sup> According to the agend mentioned by Euripides Med. 1883, Jason was killed by a fragment of the Argo falling on his head. According to one story, Jason was cooked and rejuvenated by Medos.

# 59. On the Ship Argo

Having conceived in my womb fifty sons, I slew the leader of all the thickes. But he died twice as two belies brought him forth, a brazen one and before that a human one.

# 60.-On a Writing-Tablet

Woop gave both to me and you reformed me, and I am the mystic receptacle of the Muses. When shut I am silent, but I speak when you unfold me. Ares 2 alone is the confident of my denversation.

### 61.—On Pitch

I was born in the mountains and a tree was my mother, the fire was my father and I am a blackened mass. If my father melts me inside a deep vessel of clay, I protect from wounds the charlot of the sea.

### 62 .- On a Ball

I am very hairy, but the leaves 2 cover my hairs if no hole is visible anywhere. I trific with many boys; but if one be unskilful in throwing he stands there like a donkey.4

For Area (= the stylus) cp. No. 45.

<sup>\*</sup> s.e. the felt or reather exterior.
\* He who was reaten at a game recembling five was called "donkey," and had to do anything he was ordered.

## 63 -ΜΕΣΟΜΗΔΟΤΣ

"Ερπουσα, πετωμένα, βεβώσα κούρα, νόθον ίχνος άραμένα δρομαία λέαινα, πτερόεσσα μεν ήν τα πρόσω γυνά, τὰ δε μέσσα βρέμουσα λέαινα θηρ. τὰ δ' ἀπισθεν ἐλισσομενος δράκων. οὐθ' ὁλκὸς ἀπετρεχεν, οὐ γυνά, οὕτ' ὅρνις ὅλον δεμας, οὕτε θήρ κόρη γὰρ ἐφαίνετ' ἄνευ ποδῶν, κεφαλὰν δ' οὐκ ἔσχε βρεμουσα θήρ ἀσιν εἰχεν ἄτακτα κεκραμέναν, ἀτέλεστα τέλεια μεμιγμέναν.

ß

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# 64.—То автура тіз Ефгуусь

"Εστι δίπουν έπλ γής, καλ τετράπον, οῦ μία φωνή, καλ τριπον άλλάσσει δὲ φυήν μόνον, ὅσσὰ ἐπλ γαῖαν ἐρπετὰ κινεῖται, ἀνα τὰ αθέρα και κατὰ πόντον.
άλλὶ ὁπόταν πλειστοισιν ἐρειδομενον ποσλ Βαίνη, ἔνθα τάχος γυίσισιν ἀφαυρότατον πέλει αὐτοῦ. ὅ

# 65.--Χρησμός δοθείς Όμημφ

"Εστιν "Ιος νήσος μητρός πατρίς, ή σε θανόντα δέξεται άλλα νέων ποιδων αϊνυγμα φύλαξαι.

# G6 -- "Εττρος πράς τον αύτον

Ολβιε καὶ δύσδαιμον (ἔφυς γὰρ ἐπ' ἀμφοτέροισι), πατρίδα διζηαι: μητρος δέ τοι, οὐ πατρός ἐστι μητρόπολις ἐυ υήσφ ἀπὸ Κρητης εὐρείης Μίνωος γαιης οὐτε σχεδόν, οὐτ' ἀποτηλοῦ:

## 63.—MESOMEDES

On the Sphins

A chespino, flying, walking maiden, a honess lifting up feet not her own as she ran; she was a woman winged in front, in the middle a roaring honess, and behind a curling snake. She ran away neither making a trail nor as a woman, nor either bird or beast in her whole body, for she seemed to be a maiden without feet, and the roaring beast had no head. She had an irregularly mixed nature, made up of imperfect and perfect parts.

# 64.—The Sphing's Ruade on Man

There is a thing on earth two-footed, and four-footed, and three-footed, whose name is one, and it changes its inture alone of all creatures that move creeping on earth or in the air and sea. But when it moves supported on most feet, the swiftness of its legs is at its weakest.

#### 65-100.-Опасыя

# 65.—Oracle given to Homer

THERE is an island, Ios, the fatherland of thy mother, which shall receive thee on thy death. But bewere of the riddle of the young boys.

#### 66 .- Another to the Same

FORTUNATE and unfortunate (for thou wert born to be both) thou seekest a fatherland, but the motherland of thy mother, not of thy father, is in an island neither near nor far from broad Crete, the land of

δυ τη μοϊρ' δοτίν σε τελευτήσαι βιότοιο,
εὖτ' ἀν ἀπὸ γλώσσης παίδων μὴ γνῷς ἐσακούσας
δυσξύνετον σκολιοῖσι λόγοις εἰρημένου ὅμνον·
δοιός γὰρ ζωής μοίρας λάχες· ἡν μεν ἀμαυρὰν
ἡελίων δισσῶν, τὴν δ' ἀθανάτοις ἰσόμοιρον,
ζῶντι τε καὶ φθιμενῷ· φθίμενος δ' ὅτι πολλον
ἀγήρως.

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67.—Χρησμός δοθείς Λαίφ τῷ Θηβαίψ

Λάιε Λαβδακίδη, παίδων γένος δλβιον αίτεις. δώσω τοι φίλου υίου άταρ πεπρωμένον έστί, του παιδός χερσίν λεύψειν φάος: ως γαρ ένευσα.

68.—Χρησμόε δοθας Καρυστφ

Χείρωνος φίλε τέκνον άγακλειτοῖο, Κάρνστε, Πηλίον έκπρολιπων Εύβοίας ἄκρον ίκέσθαι Ενθ' ίερὰν χώραν κτίζειν σοι θεσφατον έστιν.

69. - Χρησμός δοθείς Λυκουργώ

"Ηκεις, δ Λυκόοργε, έμου ποτί πίουα υηόυ, Ζηνί φίλος και πάσιυ "Ολύμπια δώματ" έχουσιυ. δίζω ή σε θεου μαυτεύσομαι, ήέπερ άνδρα: άλλ' έτι και μάλλου θεου έλπομαι, & Λυκόοργε.

> 70.—Χρησμός δοθείς έκ τοῦ Ξαράπιδος Μή μεμψιμοίρει μή θεούς μηδέν, ξένε ώρην δὲ μέμφου, ή πατήρ ἔσπειρέ σε.

Minos. In this island thou art fated to end thy life, when thou understandest not, on hearing it from the tongue of the boys, a chant il to comprehend, attered in crooked words. For thou hast chanced on two deatines in life, the one dimming thy two sans, and the other equal to that of the gods in thy life and in thy death, and dead, thou shall not grow old for many ages.

# 67. - Oracle given to Lains of Thebes

Lange, son of Labdaces, thou prayest for a fortunate progeny. I will give thee a dear son, but it is fated that by thy some hand thou shalt leave the light; for so have I decreed.

# 68 .- Oracle given to Carystus !

Dana son of most renowned Cairon, leaving Pelian, betake thee to the Cape of Ruboca, where it is ordained that thou shalt found a sacrea place.

# 69 -Ornele given to Lycurgus

Thou comest, O Lyeurgus, to my rien temple, dear to Zens and all the dwellers in Olympus I am at a loss if I shall proclaim thee to be a god or a man, but I deem thee rather a god, O Lyeurgus.

# 70.—Oracle given by Serapis

Fine not fault in aught with the gods, stranger, but find fault with the hour in which thy father sewed thee.

The logoudary founder of the city so called.

71 - Χρησμός τής Πυθιές

Αγνος προς τέμενος καθαρού. Εένε, δαίμονος έρχου ψυχην, νυμφαιου ναματος άψαμενος ώς άγαθοίς άρκει βαιη λιβας: άυδρα δέ φαύλον αυδ΄ άν ό πας νυψαι ναμασιν Ωκτανος

72 —Χρησμος Ιρωτησαντι "Ρουφίνη, πῶς ἐν λαβοι ἔραυν παρα τοι Ικου παναλημου

Εὐτ' ἐν ὑπερ γαιης ἀνιχη δρόμου δρθρια Τιταν, λυσας ἀπτίσι ζοφερής ὁπληματα νυκτος, λαμπη ὁ αίγλησασα νιου φαρς 'Πριγένεια, ὁπ τοτ άγων παρά θινας, αλιρραντους τε νιαρ' ἀπτάς φωτα στήσου έναντα δεδοραυτα προς φαρς αύγής ὁ ἡελιου αιι του μέν έσω ποδα χευματος έντος δεξιου ἐν διναις έχετω, λαιου δ΄ ἐπι γαιης στηρισατω χείρεσαι δ΄ ἐπιψαυων ἐκατερθε, τή μέν αλος, τραφερής δ΄ ετερη, πιστοιμένος δράου οιρανόν ἀμουέτω, χθονα τ' ἄσπετον, ηδ' ἀλός δρμους, 10 αιθεριου τε πυρος βιοδωτορα ήγεμονηα τοιον γαρ θεοι δράου υπο στοματέσσιο ἀπίζειν οὐδ' αὐτοι τολμωσιο, ἀγηνορές Ούρανωνος

73 - Χρησμος δοθεις τοῦς Μεγαρεύσε

Γαιης μέν πάσης το Πελασγικον "Αργος δμεινον, ϊπποι θεσσαλικαί, Λακεδαιμονιαι το γυναικες, δνόρες δ΄ οἱ πινουσικ ῦξωρ καλης 'Αρεθουσης' αλλ ότι και τών αισικ άμεινονες, οἱ το μεσηγὺ Τιρινθος ναιουσι και 'Αρκαδιης πολυμηλαν, 'Αργεῖοι λιεοθωρηκες, κεντρα πτολεμοιο' ὑμεῖς δ΄, ὧ Μεγαρεις, ουδό τριτοι, ουδε τέταρτοι, ουδε δυωδεκατοι, οὐτ' ἐν λογφ, οῦτ' ἐν ἀριθμῷ.

1 I write autoped - quespor MS

# 7. An Oracle of the Pythia

Come, stranger, pure in mind, to the precinct of the pure god, after dipping thy hand in the water of the Nymphs. For a little drop suffices for the righteous, but not the whole seean shall cleanse a wicked man with its streams.

# 72 — Ornela given to Buttonis on his enquiring how he should exact an Goth from his own hispper

When Titan at day break mounts above the earth on his path, having dispelled by his rays the injuries of right, and reduct Dawn sheds the light of a new day, then lead the man to the sen shore and make him stand on the sea-washed beach, looking towards the light of the sun it rays. Let bim place his right foot in the water sud hold it in the surge, while he plants his left on hold, and touching with one hand the sea and with the other the dry land, let him swear by Heaven, by the vast Earth, by the harbours of the sea, and by the life giving Lord of the heavenly fire. For such an oath not even do the gods, the splendid lords of Heaven, dare to dishonour by their mouths.

## 73 Oracle to the Meganane

Or all soils Pelagian Argos is the liest, and best are the horses of Thessaly, the women of Lacquagnon, and the men who drink the waters of lovely Arethusa. I but better even than these are they who dwell between Tryns and Arcadis, rich in sheep, the linen-currented Argives, goods of war. But you, Megarians, are neither third, nor fourth, nor twelfth, nor in any reckoning or count.

We must understand. I suppose, "when it has passed their mouths." Presumably the Syraquams.

63

# 74.-Χρησμος τῆς Πυθίας

'Ιρά θεῶν ἀγαθοῖς ἀναπεπταται, οὐδε καθαρμῶν χρειώ· τῆς ἀρετῆς ῆψατο οὐδὲν ἄγος. δατις δ' οὐλοὸς ῆτορ, ἀπόστιχε οὔποτε γὰρ σην ψυχην ἐκνιψει σῶμα διαινόμενον.

75 -Χρησμός δοθε τ ἐν Ἡλίου πόλει, ότε ἐνανάγησαν οἱ κίονες τοῦ ἱεροῦ Διος τοῦ ὅντος ἐκεῖσε, οἱ νῦν ἐν Βηρώτω

Είπό Ποσειδάωνι: κασυγνήτοις πεπιθέσθαι πρεσβυτεροις έπέσικεν έμης έρικυδέος αὐλης κιοσιν οὐ κατά κοσμου αγάλλεαι: εἰπό τινάξας τρὶς άλα μαρμαρέην, καὶ πείσεται. ήν δ' απιθηση, φραζέσθω, μὴ πάσαν ένιπρησαιμι θάλασσαν: οὐδε γάρ ουδε θάλασσα Διος σβεννυσι κεραυνόν.

# 76.-Χρησμός Πυθίας

'Αρκαδίην μ' αίτεῖς' μέγα μ' αίτεῖς οῦ τοι δώσω πολλοι ἐν 'Αρκαδίη βαλανηφυγοι ἄνδρες ἔασιν, οῖ σ' ἀποκωλυσουσιν' ἐγω δὲ τοι οῦτι μεγαιρω. δωσω τοι Τεγέην ποσσικροτον ὀρχήσασθαι, καὶ καλὸν πεδιον σχοίνφ διαμετρήσασθαι.

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77 — Χρησμός δε τοῖς Θησεως βιοις Δυαφερόμενος "Ολβιος οὖτος ἀνήρ, δς νῶν κατὰ λαινου οὐδὸν Φοιβον 'Απολλωνος χρηστήριου εἰσαναβαίνει, ἤλυθεν εὐνομιην διζημενος: αὐτὰρ ἐγω τοι δώσω ἡν οὐκ ἄλλη ἐπιχθονίων πολις ἔξει.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From Herodotus 66. The oracle was given to the Spartsus.

# 74. An Orucle of the Pythia

The holy places of the gods are open to the righteous, nor have they any need of lustration, no defilement touches virtue. But thou who art evil at heart, depart, for never by sprinkling thy body shalt then cleanse thy som.

76.—An Oracle given in Hetiopolis when the Ship vous lost containing the Columns of the Temple of Zeus there which tire now in Bergins

# (Zenz is speaking to Apollo)

Two. Poseidon, "Thou shouldst shoy thy two elder brethren, it is not meet for thee to glory in the possession of the temples of my glorious palace." Say it, and thrice soake the glistening brine, and he will obey. But if he submit not, let him take heed lest I burn the whole sear for not even the sea can quench the bolt of Zeus.

# 76.—An Oracle of the Pythia!

Thou askest me for Arcadia. It is a great thing this thou askest, I will not give it thec. In Arcadia are many according men who will prevent thee, but I myself do not gradge it thee. I will give thee foot beaten Teges to dance in, and to measure out with a rope the goodly plain.

# 77 -An Oracle rated in the Laves of Thesena?

Bizzsep is the man who now on the stone threshold of Phoebus Apollo ascends to the oracle. He came seeking for good laws, but I will give him such as no other city of mortal man hath.

Not in Plutarob's Life of Theseus.

# Τα.-Χρησμός Πυθίας

Έστι τις 'Αρκαδίης Τεγέη λευρώ ένλ χώρω ἔνθ' ἄνεμοι πνείουσι δύο κρατερής ὑπ' ἀνάγκης, καὶ τύπος ἀντίτυπος καὶ πήμ' ἐπὶ πήματι κείται ἔνθ' 'Αγαμεμνονιδην κατέχει φυσίζοος αἰα τὸν σὰ κομισσάμενος, Τεγέης ἐπιτάρροθος ἔσση

## 79.—AAAOX

Αυδέ γένος, πολλών βασιλεύ, μέγα νήπιε Κροΐσε, μη βούλου πολύευκτον ίην άνα δωματ' άκούειν παιδός φθεγγομένου· τὸ δέ σοι πολύ λώῖον ἀμφὶς ξμμεναι· αὐδησει γὰρ ἐν ῆματι πρώτον ἀνόλβφ.

# **20ΛΑΑ**—.08

Την πεπρωμένην μοίρην άδίνατά έστιν άποφυγέειν καί θεφ.

## 81.--AAAOX

Ίσθμὸν δὲ μὴ πυργούτε, μηδ' ὀρύσσετε· Ζευς γάρ κ' ἔθηκε νήσον, εἴ κ' εβούλετο.

#### 82.—AAAOS

'Αλλ' δταν έν Σίφυφ πρυτανηῖα λευκὰ γένηται. λεύκοφρύς τ' ἀγορή, τότε δὴ δεῖ φραδμονος ανδρὸς φράσσασθαι ξύλινόν τε λόχον κήρυκά τ' έρυθρόν.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From Herodotus i, 66. The Pythia thus described the place where the bones of Orestes would be found. It was in the neighbourhood of a blacksmith's forge. The winds are his two bellows, the beating and beating back that of his anvil and hamner, and the woe the gon he was forging, from being a curse to mon.

From Herodotus i 85. From Herodotus i 91. Herodotus i, 174. Oracle given to the Cardians.

# 78. -An Oracle of the Pythia 1

There is a city of Arcadie, Tegea, in a level land, where two winds blow by scrong compussion, and there is beating and beating back, and wee hes on wee. There the life-giving earth holds the son of Agamemnon. Bring him home to thee and thou shalt be master of Tegea.

#### 79 .- Another 3

Lydran, king of many, most foolish Croesus, desire not to hear in the house the cry of a child for which thou longest sere. It is better for thee by far to be without it; for the day on which he shall cry first shall be one of misfortune.

## 80.-dnother a

IT is impossible even for a god to excapt from fareordained fate.

#### 81. - Another 4

Fance not the Isthmus nor dig it, for Zees would have made an island had he willed it.

#### 82 .- Another 5

WHEN In Siphnos there is a white senate-house and the market-place has a white brow, then it is for a prodent man to beware of a wooden ambush and a red herald.

\* From Herodotus id 57, where see the explanation. The prophecy, delivered at an early date, was fulfilled as follows. The prytansion and apora of Siphnes were now built of white marble. A fermion equation came to Siphnes and sent in a ship an embassy requesting a loan of money. On this being refused, the Samans landed and defeated the Siphnesia, exacing ten times the sum. The wooden ambush and red herald is the ship, all ships being then painted red.

#### 83.—AAAO≥

Βάττ', έπλ φωνήν ήλθες: ἄναξ δέ σε Φοϊβος `Απόλλων ές Λιβύην πέμπει μηλοτροφον ολειστήρα

## 84.—AAAO2

ΑΙ τὰ ἐμεῦ Λιβύην μηλοτρόφον οίδας ἄμεινον μὴ ἐλθὰν ἐλθόντος, ἄγαν ἄγαμαι σοφίην σεῦ.

## SOAAA-38

\*Ος δέ κεν ές Λιβύην πολυήρατον ὔστερον Ελθη γᾶς ἀναδαιομένας, μετά οἱ ποκά φημι μελήσειν.

## 86.-AAAO\$

'Ηετίων, οῦ τίς σε τίει πολύτιτου ἐόντα. Λάβδα κύει, τέξει δὲ όλοἱτροχου· ἐν δὲ πεσεῖται ἀνδράσι μουνάρχοισι, δικαιώσει δὲ Κόρινθου.

# 87 - Χρησμός

Αἰετὸς ἐν πέτρησι κύει, τέξει δὲ λέοντα καρτερόν, ὢμηστήν· πολλῶν δ' ὑπὸ γούνατα λύσει.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This and the two following are from Heronotus iv 155 ff. Battus of Thera was a stammerer and consulted the Delphian cracke about he voice, but Apole sent him to Africa to found Gyrene. The colonists first settled on an island near the coast, and when things went id with them there, Battus consulted the cracke again and received No. 84 as a reply.

#### 83.—Another 1

Barrus, thou art come to ask for voice, but Phoebus Apollo, the lord, sends thee to sheep-feeding Libys to found a city.

## 84.-Another

Ir thou who hast not been there knowest sheepfeeding Libya better than myself who have been there, I much admire thy wisdom.

## 85 .- Another

But whoever comes too late to deaghtful Labya after the land has been apportuned, I say he shall repent it.

#### 86. Another 2

Errion, none honours thee, though thou art worthy of an honour. Labda is with child, and will give birth to a crushing stone which shall fall on the regents and chastise Corinth.

## 87 .- An Oracle

An eagle nath conceived in the rocks and shall bring forth a strong hon eating raw flesh, and the knees of many shall he make to sink.

\* For this and the two following, see Herodotas v 92 ft. Nos. 86 and 87 both forested the birth of Cypnolus, who became tyrant of Corinth, everthrowing the eligarchy of the Bacchiadas, to which family his mother, Labda, belonged. His father, Ection, belonged to the dome Petra, and hence the allowous to stones and rocks. The engle (metes) stands for Ection.

#### 88.—ΑΛΛΟΣ

'Ολβιος οὐτος ἀνήρ, δς έμου δόμου ἐσκαταβαίνει, Κύψελος 'Ηετιδης, βασιλεύς κλειτσίο Κορίνθου, αὐτὸς και παίδες, παιδων γε μεν οὐκέτι παίδες.

#### 89.—AAAOX

Καὶ τότε δή, Μίλητε, κακῶν ἐπιμήχανε ἔργων, πολλοΐσιν δεῖπνόν τε και ἀγλαὰ δῶρα γενήση: σαὶ δ΄ ἄλοχοι πολλοῖσι πόδας νίψουσι κομήταις: νηοῦ δ' ἡμετέρου Διδύμοις ἄλλοισι μελησει.

#### SOLVATOR

'Αλλ' δταν ή θήλεια τον άρσενα νικήσασα εξελαση, καλ κύδος έν 'Αργείοισιν άρηται, πολλάς 'Αργείων άμφιδρυφεας τότε θησει' ώς ποτέ τις έρέει καλ έπεσσομένων άνθρωπων "Δεινός όφις άέλικτος άπωλετο δουρλ δαμασθείς."

## 91.-ΑΛΔΟΣ

Γλαῦκ' Επικυδείδη, τὸ μὲν αὐτίκα κέρδιον οὕτως, δρκφ νικῆσαι καὶ χρήματα ληἴσσασθαι. ὅμνυ', ἐπει θάνατός γε καὶ εὔορκον μένει ἄνδρα. ἀλλ' "Όρκου παις ἐστὶν ἀνωνυμος, οὐδ' ἔπι χεἰρες οὐδὲ πόδες" κραιπνὸς δὲ μετέρχεται, εἰσόκε πάσαν συμμάρψας ἀλέση γενεὴν καὶ οἰκον ἄπαντα ἀνδρὸς δ' εὐόρκου γενεὴ μετόπισθεν ἀμείνων.

Prom Herodotes vi. 19. A prophecy of the capture of Miletus by the Persians.

From Herodotus vs. 77 The Argives were afraid of this oracle when Gleomenee avaded Argos. They probably interpreted the female as the pisco Sepais, where they were

## 88 .- Another

B. resero is that man who is entering my house, Cypselus, son of Ection, king of renowned Corinth, himself and his children, but not his children's children.

## 89 -Another 1

And verily then Miletus, continuer of evil deeds, shalt thou be for a feast and for rich gifts to many, and thy wives shall wash the feet of many long-haired lords, and others shall care for my temple at Didyms.

# 90 .- Another 3

Bur when the female conquers and drives out the male, and gams glory in Argos, many women of the Argives shall she make to tear themselves, and some man in time to come shall say, "A terrible uncoded snake perished by the spear"

# 91 -Another 3

Grancus, son of Epreydes, thus it profits more for the moment, to win by rerjury and to plunder wealth. Swear, for death awaits also the man who keeps his sworn word, but Oath hath a nameless child; neither hands nor feet hath he, but swiftly he pursues, till he eatches and destroys the race and all the house. But the race of a man who abides by his oath fares better in after generations.

stationed, and the male as Cleomenes. They dreaded a viotory and subsequent disaster. The snake was a favourite device on Argive shields.

\* From Herodotus vi. 86. Glancus had ventured to ask the oracle if he might take a faise oach, and thus chest the claumants of a sum of money that had been entrusted to him.

#### 92 -- A 5 50%

Π μελου, τί καθησθε, λινων φεύγ έσχατα γαιης δωματα και πολιος τροχοείδιος άκρα καρηνα. εύτε γαρ ή ασφαλή μενεί έμπεδος, εύτε τε μεσυης λειπεται, άλλ' άξηλα πέλει: από γαρ μεν έρωσει 3 πύρ τε και όξις 'Αρπς, Συριπγενές άρμα διωσων πολλά δε κάλλ' είπαλεί πυργωματα, κού το που οξονπολλους δ' αδανατων υπους μαλερή πυρι δωσει, εί που νύν εξρώτε ρεουμενοι έστηκασι. δειματι παλλομένος κατά δ' ακροτώτοις αροφοισών είμα μέλαν κεχυται, προιδον κακρτητος άναγκην αλλ' έτον εξ ασυτοια, κακοίς δ' επικεόνατε θυμον

#### 93.—AAAOX

Ού δυναται Παλλας Δι' 'Ολυμπιου έξιλμασσθαι, λισσομένη πολλοισε λογοις και μητιδι πυστης σοι δέ τοδ σύτις έπος έρεω, άδωμαντε πελασσας τών άλλων γαρ αλεσκομένων, δου Κεπροπος ούρος έντος έγει, πευθμών τα λιθαιρώνος ζαθεοίο, α τείγος Τριτογενεί ξιλινού διδοί εύρυστα Ζευς μούου άπορθητου τελεθείν το σε τεκνα τ' έντοσει μηδέ συ γ' ιπποσίωνο τε μενείν και πεζον ίουτα πολλου άπ' ήπειρου στρατού θουγος, άλλ' ύπογωρείν, νωτού έπιστρεψας: έτι τοι ποτε κιωτίος έσση. 10 διθείη Σαλαμίς, ωπολείς δε συ τέκνα γυναικών, ή που σειδυαμένης Δημητέρος, ή συνιούσης

<sup>\*</sup> This and the following are not in given to the Athenians from Hermiotra via 140-141. The most foreign the capture of Athens by the Persians. The mound was taken by Themselvium at least, as advising the Athenians to trust to

#### 42 Inother

O waste up people, why sit ye size? Fly to the ends of the earth leaving your bouses and the lofty summit of the wheel are city. For neither shall her head remain in its place, nor her body, nor the feet at her extremity, nor the hards nor is any of the middle left, but all is and scernicle, for she is laid in the dust by fire and by keen Ares driving his Syrian charact. Many other fortresses shall be destroy, not thine alone, and give to devouring fire many tempers of the inimicitals, which now stand with the sweat running down them, and shaking with fear, and on the numnit of their roofs rains black blood foreshowing inevitable disaster. But get you gone from the holy; are and steep your souls in calamitr.

#### 13 doubler

Past as may not appeare the wrath of Olympian Zeus, beseeching him with many words and subtle counsel. And this word I will tell thre again, setting it in adamant. For when a lebe is taken that the boundary of Ce rops and the de I of do ince Cathaeron contain, a wooden wall doth far seeing Zeus give to Athena the Testo born to remain amore unstormed, and that shall probe thee and thy children. Abide not in quiet the borsemen and the great host of footnorn that cometa from the land, but turn thy back and give was yet there shat come a day when thou shall stand and meet them. O divine Salamis, thou shall be the deato of the condress of women, either when Deine or is rast abroad or when she is gathered in

their ib pa, and as force. Engla victors at Solic is. The anlogious last since inguite is any web have focatoid a datasi.

## 94.--Χρησμός Πυθίας

Έχθρὲ περικτιόνεσσι, φίλ' ἀθανάτοισι θεοίσι, είσω τὸν προβόλαιον ἔχων, πεφιλαγμένος ήσο, καὶ κεφαλήν πεφίλαξο κάρα δὲ τὸ σώμα σαώσει.

# 95.--Χρησμός

\*Ω υήπιοι, επιμέμφεσθε όσα ύμεν εκ των Μενελάου τιμωρημάτων Μίνως έπεμψε μηνίων δακρύματα, ότι οι μεν ου συνεξεπρήξαντο αυτώ τον εν Καμικφ θάνατου γενόμενου, ύμεις δε έκεινοισι την έκ Σπάρτης άρπαχθείσαν υπ' άνδρος βαρβάρου γυναϊκα.

#### 96.—ΛΛΛΟΣ

Τμίν δ', δ Σπάρτης σἰκήτορες εὐρυχόροιο, η μέγα ἄστυ ἐρικυδὲς ὑπ' ἀνδρασι Περσειδησι πέρθεται· η τὸ μὲν οὐχί, ἀφ' Ἡρακλέους δὲ γενέθλης πευθήσει βασιλή φθιμενου Λακεδαίμονος οὐρος. οὐ γὰρ τὸν ταύρων σχήσει μένος οὐδὲ λεόντων ἀντιβίην Ζηνος γὰρ ἔχει μένος· οὐδὲ ἐ φημὶ σχήσεσθαι, πρὶν τῶνδ' ἔτερον διὰ πάντα δάσηται.

# 97.--Χρησμός Πυθιας

Φράζεο βαρβαρόφωνος όταν ζυγου els άλα βάλλη βύβλινου, Εύβοίης ἀπέχειν πολυμηκάδας αίγας

<sup>2</sup> Oracle given to the Argives, from Herodotes vi: 148, They had asked if they should join the rest of the Greeks against the Persians. The oracle distinutly discountsnancas it. <sup>3</sup> Oracle to the Cretana, from Herodotes vii 169. This

\* Oracle to the Cretana, from Herodotus vii. 169. This also dissuades from taking part in the war against the barbarians. They are told that they were purished by Minos for doing so on a previous occasion—the war against Troy

# 94 -An Oracle of the Pythia1

HATEO by thy neighbours, but dear to the immortal gods, sit guarded with thy defence inside thee and look to thy head; it is the head that shall save the body.

## 95.—Oracle 2

Yr foo.s, ye complain of all the tears that Minos sent you in his wrath for avenging Menelaus, for that the Greeks did not join you in exacting vengeance for his death in Canucus, but ye helped them to take vengeance for the woman who was carried off from Sparta by a barbarian.

#### 96.--Another 3

Ye inhabitants of Sparta with broad damoing-floors, either your great and renowned city is sacked by the Persians, or this befals not, but the guard of Lacedaemon shall mourn the death of a king of the house of Heracles. For him, the Persian, neither the might of bulls nor of lions shall arrest, for he hath the strength of Zeas, and I tell you he will not give in before he rend and devour one or the other of these.

# 97 - An Oracle of the Pythra 1

Take heed, when he of the barbarous tongue easts a yoke of papyrus into the sea, to remove from Euboes the bleating goats.

From Herodotus vii. 220.

<sup>\*</sup> Rather of Bacis, from Harodetus viii. 20. The Eubocans are advised to remove their flocks when the Persians have bridged the Heilespont. All these oracles show that at Delphi they were sure the Persians would conquer Greece.

95.- Βάκιδος χρησμός περί της των Έλληνων νίκης

'Αλλ' δταν 'Αρτέμιδος χρυσαόρου ίερου ακτήν νηυσί γεφυρωσωσι καλ είναλίην Κυνόσουραν ελπίδι μαινομένη, λυπαράς πέρσαντες 'Αθήνας, δια Δίκη σβέσσει κρατερον Κόρου," Τβριος υίον, δεινου μαιμωωντα, δοκεθντ' άνα πάντα πιθέσθαι χαλκός γάρ χαλκώ συμμίζεται, αίματι δ' "Αρης πόντον φοινίξει" τοτ' ελεύθερον 'Ελλάδος ήμαρ εθρύσπα Κρονίδης επάγει καλ πότνια Νίκη.

## 99.---AAAOZ

Την δ' έπὶ Θερμώδουτι καὶ 'Ασωπῷ λεχεποίη Έλληνων σύνοδον καὶ βαρβαρόφωνον ἰυγήν, τῆ πολλοὶ πεσέονται ὑπὲρ λάχεσίν τε μόρου τε τοξοφόρων Μηδων, ὅταν αἴσιμον ῆμαρ ἐπέλθη.

100.—Χρησμός δοθείς Μενελάφ καὶ `Αλεξάνδρφ
Τίπτε δύω βασιλήες, ὁ μὲν Τρώων, ὁ δ' ᾿Αχαιών,
οὐ ταυτὰ φρουέουτες ἐμὸυ δόμου εἰσανέβητε,
ήτοι ὁ μὲν πώλοιο γόνου διζήμενος εὐρεὶν,
αὐτὰρ ὁ πῶλου ἄγειν, Τί νι μήσεαι, ὧ μεγάλε Ζεῦ,

# 101.-KAEOBOTAOT AINITMA

Els ο πατήρ, παίδες δυσκαίδεκα· των δε έκαστφ παίδες <δίς> τριήκοντα διάνδιχα είδος όχουσαι· αί μεν λευκαί εασιν ίδειν, αί δ' αυτε μέλαιναι· αθάνατοι δε τ' έουσαι, άποφθινύθουσιν άπασαι

From Herodotus viii 77 2 From Herodotus et 43.

98.—The Oracle of Bacus touching the Victory of the Greeks at Salamis?

Bor when in mad hope they bridge with ships the holy shore of Artems of the golden bow and seawashed Cynosura, after sacking splendid Athens, divine Justice shall quench the light of strong Excess, the son of Insolence, terrible in his list, deeming that all things would be subject to him for brass shall clash against brass, and Ares shall redden the sea with Jood. Then shall the far-seeing son of Cronos and nighty Victory bring on the day of freedom for Hellas.

99 .- Another touching the Victory of Platnea:

The gathering of the Greeks by Thermodon and mendowy Asopus, and the clamour of barbarous tongues, in which many of the Median bowmen shall fail, beyond their lot and destray, when the fated day arrives.

100 - Oracle given to Menetaus and Alexander

Why do ye two Kings, one King of the Trojaus, the other of the Achaeans, ascend to my house, not thinking of the same matter, one seeking to find offspring for a firly and the other to carry off a filly "What, then, will thy counsel be, great Zeus"

#### 101 -AN ENIGHA OF CLEOBULUS

THERE is one father and twelve children. Each of these has twice thirty children of different aspect, some of them we see to be white and the others black, and though immortal, they all perish.

Answer The year, months, days, and nights.

102 - Έκ τῆς Ποθιας τῷ βασιλεῖ 'Αδριανῷ

'Αγνωστόν μ' έρέεις γενεής καὶ πατρίδος αἰης άμβροσίου Σειρήνος ' έδος δ' 'Ιθάκη τις 'Ομήρου' Τηλέμαχος δε πατήρ, καὶ Νεστορέη Πολυκάστη μήτηρ, ή μιν ἔτικτε βροτών πολυπάνσοφον ἄλλων.

## 103.—Είς σταφίδα

Εί με νέην έλαβες, τάχα μου πίες έκχυθεν αίμα νῦν δ' ὅτε γηραλέην μ' ἐξετέλεσσε χρόνος, ἔσθιε τὴν ἡυσαινομένην, ὑγρὸν οὐδὲν ἔχουσαν, ὀστέα συνθραύων σαρκὶ σὺν ἡμετέρη.

## 104.-AAAO

Πήρην σὴν ὀπίσω, κάλαθον χερί, τὸν τράγον ὤμοις, αἰπόλε, σῶν ἀγρῶν σύμβολα πάντα φέρεις.

#### 105.—AAAO

Είμλ χαμαίζηλου ζώων μέλος ήν δ΄ ἀφέλης μου γράμμα μόνου, κεφαλής γίνομαι άλλο μέρος ην δ΄ ἔτερου, ζώου πάλιν ἔσσομαι ην δε καὶ άλλο, οὐ μόνου εὐρήσεις, ἀλλὰ διηκόσια.

Answer of the Pythia to the Emperor's enquey about the birthplace and parantage of Homer. This was one of the many different accounts current.

## 102.—Spoken by the Pythia to the Emperor Hadrian 1

Thou askest me that which is unknown to thee, the parentage and country of the ambrosial Siren. A certain Ithaca was the seat of Homer, Telemachus was his father, and his mother Nestor's daughter, Polycaste. Her son was he, the most excellently wise of all mortals.

## 103.-Rudde on a Raisin

Is you had taken me in my youth, happy you would have drunk the I lood saed from me, but now that time has finished making me old, eat me, wrinkled as I am, with no moisture in me, crushing my bones together with my flesh.

#### 104,-Another 2

Goarmeno, thou bearest thy wallet on thy back, the basket in thy hand, the goat on thy shoulders, all the tokens of thy lands.

## 105.—Another

I am the part of an animal which affects the ground, and if you take a single letter away from me I become a part of the head. If you take away another I shall again be an animal, and if you take yet another away you will not find me one, but two hundred

Answer πούς (foot), οὖς (ear), ὖς (pig), ς (sign for 200).

<sup>\*</sup> The would appear to be no riddle, but the description of a picture.

#### 106,-AAAO

Τέσσαρα γράμματ' έχων ανύω τρίβων ήν δὲ τὸ πρώτου

γράμμ' ἀφέλης, ἀίω καὶ τὸ μετ' αὐτὸ πάλιι. βορβόρφ εὐρήσεις ἐμὲ φίλτατον ἡν δὲ τὸ λοῖσθον αἴρης, εὐρήσεις ἐπίρρημα ¹ τόποι.

#### 107 - AAAO

Λαμπάδα μέν προέηκεν "Ερως καὶ τόξα καὶ ἰούς, Αἰθιόπων δὲ κόνιν ἀντὶ βελών προχεει.

## 108.-AAAO

Οὐδὲν ἔσωθεν ἔχω, και πάντα μοι ἔνδοθέν ἐστι, προϊκα δ' ἐμῆς ἀρετῆς πᾶσι δίδωμι χάριν.

#### $109. \leftarrow AAAO$

'Εν πυρί κοιμηθείσα κόρη θανεν' ὁ προδότης δὲ οἶνος' ὑφ' οὖ δὲ θάνεν, Παλλάδος ἦν στέλεχος' ὁ κτείνας ναυηγός' ἐνὶ ζώοντι δὲ τύμβφ κεῖται μεμφομένη τὰς Βρομίου χάριτας.

## 109a

Παλλάς και Βρόμιός το και ό κλυτός 'Αμφιγνήεις, οι τρεῖς τὴν μούνην παρθένου ἡφάνισαν.

Jacobs conjectures close, bijua.

#### .06.—Another

WITH four atters I march along take away the first and I hear, take away the one after it, and you will find me very fond of mud; and if you take away the last, you will find an adverb of place.

Answer wors, ove, be, nov (where?).

#### 107.—Another

Love has thrown away his torch, bow, and arrows, and scatters Actinopian dust instead of darts. 1

## 108.—Another

I HAVE nothing inside me and everything is inside me, and I grant the use of my virtue to all without charge.

Answer: A murror

## 109.—Another

A cont. (or pupi) of the eye) died in her sleep by fire, she was betrayed by wine, and the instrument by which she died was a trunk of Pallas. He who slew her was a ship-captain, and in a living tomb she lies, finding fault with the gift of Bacchus

Anmer The eye of Polyphemus. The trunk of

Pallas is the ohve-trunk used to put it out.

## 109<sub>A</sub>

Pallas, Bacchus, and famous Hephaestus, all three destroyed one girl.

Answer The same as the last.

1 Scarcely an enigma. Aethiopian dust means "gold,"

81

## 110.-AAAO

Οὐδεὶς βλέπων βλέπει με, μὴ βλέπων δ΄ ὁρῷ· 6 μὴ λαλῶν λαλεῖ, ὁ μὴ πρέχων πρέχει· ¹ ψευδὴς δ΄ ὑπαρχω, πάντα τάληθῆ λέγων.²

## 111.—AAAO

Αγονος έξ ἀγάνων, βελεηφόρος, ἔμβρεφος, ἄρσικ.

112.--Χρησμός δοθείς Κροίσφ τῷ Δυδῷ

'Αλλ' δταν ήμίουσς βασιλεύς Μήδοισι γένηται, καὶ τότε, Δυδε ποδαβρέ, πολυψηφίδα παρ "Έρμον φείνγειν, μηδέ μένειν, μηδ' αίδείσθαι κακὸς είναι.

# 118.-Χρησμος δοθεις Αρχιλόχφ

'Αθάνατός σοι παῖς καὶ ἀοίδιμος, ὧ Τελεσίκλεις, ἔσσετ' ἐν ἀνθρώποισιν, δς ἃν πρώτός σε προσείπη νηὸς σῆς ἀποβάντα φίλη ἐν πατρίδι γαίη.

114.—Χρησμός δοθείς τἢ μητρὶ 'Αλεξάνδρου ἐν Κυζίκψ Πέρσαι λάτριν ἐμὸν σημάντορα χειρὶ βιαίη ἔκτανον, οἰκεία δὲ κουις νεκυν ἀμφικαλύπτει τοῦ δ' ἤν τις Φαέθοντι θοῶς λεύκ ὀστέα δείξη, οὖτός τοι Περσών τὸ μέγα κράτος ἔνδοθι θραύσει·

1 трехе: 6° 8 ий трёхин Ласова. 8 So Friedemann — вёнта 8° дэлөн элүн МS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> i.e. dreams though upreal, portend realities.
<sup>3</sup> From Herodokus i. 55. The mule is Cyrus, whose mother was of the royal house of Media, while his father was a Perman and not of royal blood.

#### .10.—Another

No one sees me when he sees, but he sees me when he sees not, he who speaks not speaks, and he who runs not runs, and I am untrathful though I tell all truth 1

Answer: Sleep.

# 111 -Another

CHARLESS child of childless parents, arrow-bearing, with a child in me, a lifting up.

Obscure.

# 112. Oracle given to Croesus of Lydin 2

But when a mule becomes King of the Medes, then, tender-footed Lydan, fly to pebbly Hermus and stand not, nor think it shame to be a coward.

# 113.—Oracle given to Architochus 3

The son, O Telesieles, shall be immortal and the theme of song among men; he who first shall address thee when thou descendest from thy ship in thy dear country

# 114. Oracle given to the Mother of Alexander at

The Persians slew my servant, their leader, by violence, and the earth of his home covers his corpse. Whoever shows his white bones to the sun shall break the great force of Persia within. It use inside Asia

\* Or, rather, to his father, Telesicies.

<sup>\*</sup> The oracle, which is not cited eigewhere, is quite obscure. The name "Pellus" is unknown. Apartus or Abernis was on the Hellespont.

ō

κείται δ' 'Ασιδος έντος όριζομένη ένλ νήσφ δαφνη καλ ρειθροισι παραλ Πελίσιο γέροντος φράζεο δ' άνέρα μάντιν ὑφηγητήρα κελεύθου Φωκέα, δς ψαμάθοισιν 'Απαρνίδος οἰκια ναιει.

115.—Κωνσταυτίνος, έλθὰν ἐν τῷ Τροιρ πλησίαν, ἡβου λήθη πτίσαι πόλιν βασιλικήν, καὶ λαβὰν τὸν χρησμὸν ἀνιχώρησεν καὶ κτίζει Κωνσταντινουπολιν

Οὐ θέμις ἐν Τροίης σε πάλαι τμηθέντι θεμείλφ 'Ρώμης ίδρῦσαι νέον οῦνομα' βαίνε δε χαιρων ἐς Μεγαρηϊον ἄστυ Προποντίδος ἄγχι θαλασσης, ἔνθ' ἰχθὺς ἔλαφος τε νομὸν βοσκουσι τὸν αὐτόν.

# 116 —ΜΗΤΡΟΔΩΡΟΤ ΕΠΙΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΑ ΑΡΙΘΜΉΤΙΚΑ

Τίπτε με των καρύων ενεκεν πληγήσι πιέζεις, δι μήτερ, τάδε πάντα καλαί διεμοιρήσαντο παρθένοι. ή γαρ έμειο Μελισσιον έβδομα δοιά, ή δε δυωδέκατον Τιτάνη λάβεν· έκτον έχουσιν και τρίτον 'Αστυάχη φιλοπαίγμονες ήδε Φίλιννα· είκοσι δ' άρπάξασα Θετις λαβε, δώδεκα Θίσβη· ή δ', δρα, ήδυ γελά Γλαύκη παλάμησιν έχουσα ένδεκα· τοῦτο δέ μοι κάρυσε περιλείπεται οἶον.

#### 117.-AAAO

 α. Ποῦ σοι μῆλα βέβηκεν, ἐμὸν τέκος; β. "Εκτα μὲν 'Ίνω δοιά, καὶ ὀγδοάτην μοῖραν ἔχει Σεμέλη.

m a circumscribed island, by the laurel and streams of the old men Pelius. Seek for a seer to show thee the way, a Phocian who dwells by the sands of Aparnis.

116. Constantine, having come to Troy near at hand, designed to found a royal city, and having received this oracle departed and founded Constantinople

It is not permitted to thee to found the new Rome on the foundations of Troy dug of old, but go rejoining to the Megarian city 1 by the Propontis, where fish and deer feed on the same pasture.

## 116-146 -- METRODORUS' ARITHMETR AL EPIGRAMS

#### 116

Mori ea, why dost thou pursue me with blows on account of the walnuts? Pretty girls divided them all among themselves. For Melission took two-sevenths of them from me, and Titane took the twelfth Playful Astyoche and Plainna have the sixth and third. Thetis seized and corned off twenty, and Thisbe twelve, and look there at Glauce similing aweetly with eleven in her hand. This one nut is all that is left to me.

Solution There were 336 (95 + 28 + 56 + 112 + 20 + 12 + 11 + 1).

#### 1.7

A WHERE are thy apples gone, my child? B. Ino has two-sixths and Semele one-eighth, and Autonoc

Byzantium was founded by the Megarina.

Αὐτονόη δὲ τέταρτον ἀφήρπασεν αὐτὰρ 'Αγανὴ πέμπτον ἔμῶν κόλπων ἄχετ' ἀπαινυμένη·
σοὶ δ' αὐτἢ δέκα μῆλα φυλάσσεται· αὐτὰρ ἔγωγε, καὶ μὰ φίλην Κ.ύπριν, ἐν τοδε μοῦνον ἔχω.

## 118.---AAAO

Δρεψαμενη ποτε μήλα φίλαις διεδασσατο Μυρτώ-Χρυσίδι μὲν μήλων πέμπτον πόρε, τέτρατον Ἡροῖ, ἐνυεακαιδέκατον Ψαμάθη, δέκατον Κλεοπάτρη αὐτὰρ ἐεικοστὸν δωρήσατο Παρθενοπείη· δωδεκα δ Εὐάδνη μοῦνον πόρεν· αὐτὰρ ἐς αὐτὴν ἤλυθον ἐκ πάντων ἑκατον καὶ εἴκοσι μῆλα.

#### 119.—AAAO

'Αντομέναις ποτε μήλα φίλαις διεμοιρήσαντο
'Ινὰ καὶ Σεμέλη δώδεκα παρθενικαίς.
καὶ ταῖς μὲν Σεμέλη πόρεν ἄρτια· ταῖς δὲ περισσὰ
δῶκε κασυγνήτη μῆλα δ' ἔχεν πλέονα.
ή μὲν γὰρ τρισσήσι τρί ἔβδομα δῶκεν ἐταίραις, ὅ
ταῖς δὲ δύο πάντων πέμπτον ἔδωκε λάχος:
ἔνδεκα δ' `Αστυνόμη μιν ἀφείλατο, καὶ οἱ ἔλειπεν
μοῦνα κασυγνήταις μῆλα δύω φερέμεν.
ή δ' ἐτέρη πισύρεσσι πόρεν δύο τέτρατα μήλων,
πέμπτη δ' ἐκταίην μοῦραν ἔδωκεν ἔχειν· 10

τέσσαρα δ' Εύρυχόρη δώρου πόρε τέτρασι δ' άλλοις

μήλοισεν Σεμέλη μίμνεν άγαλλομένη.

86

went off with one-fourth, while Agave snatched from my bosom and carried away a fifth. For thee ten apples are left, but I, yes I swear it by dear Cypris, have only tins one

Solution. There were 120(40+15+30+24+11).

#### 118

Myaro once picked apples and divided them among her friends, she gave the fifth part to Chrysis, the fourth to Hero, the nineteenth to Psamathe, and the tenth to Cleopatra, but she presented the twentieth part to Parthenope and gave only twelve to Evadne. Of the whole number a hundred and twenty fel. to herseif.

Nobition. 380 (76 + 95 + 30 + 38 + 19 + 12 + 120).

#### 119

Ino and Semele once divided apples among twelve girl friends who begged for them. Semele gave them each an even number and her sister an odd number, but the latter had more apples. Ino gave to three of her friends three-sevenths, and to two of them one-fifth of the whole number. Astynome took eleven away from her and left her only two apples to take to the sisters. Semele gave two quarters of the apples to four girls, and to the fifth one sixth part, to Eurychore she made a gift of four, she remained herself rejoicing in the possession of the four other apples.

Solution: Ino distributed 35 (15+7+11+2) and

Semele 24 (12+4+4+4).

#### 120.-AAAO

'Η καρύη πολλοισιν εβεβρίθει καρυοισιν νύν δέ τις εξαπίνης μιν ώπεθρισεν άλλα τι φησίν, "Έκ μεν έμεῦ καρύων πέμπτον λάβε Παρθενόπεια δηδόατον δε Φίλιννα φέρει λάχος ή δ' Άγανίππη τέτρατον έβδομάτφ δ' επιτέρπεται 'Ωρείθυια δ δκτην δ' Εὐρυνόμη καρύων εδρέψατο μοίρην τρισσαί δ' εξ έκατον Χάριτες διεμοιρήσαντο εννάκι δ' εννέα Μοῦσαι εμεί λάβον έπτα δε λοιπά δηεις άκρεμόνεσσιν εφήμενα τηλοτέροισιν."

#### 131.—AAAO

Έπτάλοφον ποτί ἄστυ Γαδειρόθεν, ἔκτου οδοίο Βαίτιος εὐμύκους ἄχρις ἐς ἡιόυας: κείθευ δ' αὐ πέμπτου Πιλάδου μετὰ Φωκιου οὐδας, Ταύρη χθων, βοέης οὕνομ' ἀπ' εὐετίης: Πυρήνην δέ τοι ἔνθεν ἐπ' ὀρθόκραιρου ἰόντι 5 ὄγδοου, ἡδὲ μιῆς δωδέκατου δεκάτης Πυρήνης δὲ μεσηγύ καὶ "Αλπιος ὑψικαρήνου τέτρατου Αὐσονίης αἰψα δυωδέκατου ἀρχομένης ἤλεκτρα φαείνεται "Ηριδανοίο. ὡ μάκαρ, δς δισσὰς ἤνυσα χιλιάδας, 10 πρὸς δ' ἔτι πέντ' ἐπὶ ταῖς ἐκατοντάδας ἔνθεν ἐλαύνων ἡ γαρ Ταρπείη μέμβλετ' ἀνακτορίη.

#### 120

The walnut tree was loaded with many nuts, but now someone has suddenly stripped it. But what does he say? "Parthenopea had from me the fifth part of the nuts, to Pin mna fell the eighth part, Agamppe had the fourth, and Orithyia rejoices in the seventh, while Eurynome plucked the sixth part of the nuts. The three Graces divided a hundred and six, and the Muses got time times rine from me. The remaining seven you will find still attached to the farthest branches."

Solution There were 1680 mats.

#### .31

From Cadiz to the city of the seven his the sixth of the road is to the banks of Baetis, loud with the lowing of herds, and hence a fifth to the Phocian soil of Pylades—the land is Vaccaean, its name derived from the abundance of cows. Thence to the precipitous Pyrenees is one-eighth and the twelfth part of one-tenth. Between the Pyrenees and the lofty Alps has one-fourth of the road. Now begins Italy and straight after our twelfth appears the ambier of the Po.—O olessed our I who have accomplished two thousand and five handred stacks pourneying from thence—For the Parace on the Tarpeian rock is my journey a object.

Soldier The total distance is 5,000 stades (say 1,500 miles), from Cada to the Conductorie, i.e. to its upper waters, 2,500, thence to the Vaccaei (south of the Euro) 3,000, thence to the Pyrences 2,000, thence to the Pol 1,250.

thence to Rome 2,500.

## 122 -- AAAO

Εὐβλεφάροιο Δίκης ίερὰ κρήδεμνα μιήνας, όφρα σε, πανδαμάτωρ χρυσέ, βλέποιμι τόσον, οὐδὰ ἔχω· πίσυρας γὰρ ἐπ' οὐκ ἀγαθοῖσι ταλάντων οἰωνοῖσι μάτην δῶκα φίλοις δεκάδας· ἡμισυ δ' αὖ, τρίτατόν τε καὶ ὄγδοον, ὧ πολύμορφοι δ ἀνθρώπων κήρες, ἐχθρὸν ἔχοντα βλέπω.

## 193.—AAAO

Πέμπτον μοι κλήρου, παῖ, λάμβανε· δωδέκατον	68
δεξο, δάμαρ πίσυρες δ' υίξος οίχομένου	
παίδες, άδελφειοί τε δύω, και άγάστονε μήτερ,	
ένδεκάτην κλήρου μοίραν έκαστος έχε.	
αυτάρ, ἀνεψιαδοί, δυοκαίδεκα δέχθε τάλαντα	5
Εύβουλος δ' έχέτω πέντε τάλαντα φίλος.	
πιστοτάτοις δμώεσσιν έλευθερίην καλ άποινα,	
μισθον ύπηρεσίης, τοῖσδε διδωμι τάδε	
ώδε δὲ λαμβανέτωσαν 'Ονήσιμος είκοσι πέντε	
μνας έχέτω. Δάος δ' εξκοσι μνας έχέτω,	10
πευτηκουτα Σύρος, Συνετή δέκα, Τίβιος ἀκτώ	
έπτα δέ μνας Συνετώ παιδί διδωμι Σύρου.	
έκ δὲ τριηκοντων κοσμήσατε σήμα ταλάντων,	
ρέζετε δ' Ούδαίφ Ζαν <i>ι θυηπολίην</i> ·	
δισσών ές τε πυρήν και άλφιτα και τελαμώνας,	15
είκαίην δοιών σώμα γάριν λαθέτω.	

123

Ä

AFTER staining the holy chaplet of fair-eyed Justice that I might see thee, all-subduing gold, grow so much, I have nothing, for I gave forty talents under evil suspices to my friends in vain, while, O ye varied machances of men, I see my enemy in possession of the half, the third, and the eighth of my fortune.

Solution 960 talents (480 + 320 + 120 + 40).

## 193

Take, my son, the fifth part of my inheritance, and thou, wife, receive the twelfth, and ye four sons of my departed son and my two brothers, and thou my grieving mother, take each an eleventh part of the property But ye, my cousins, receive twelve talents, and let my friend Eubalus have five talents. To my most faithful servants I give their freedom and these recompenses in payment of their service. Let them receive as follows. Let Onesmus have twenty-five mnae and Davus twenty muse, Syrus fifty, Synete ten and Tibius eight, and I give seven minue to the son of Syrus, Synetus. Spend therty talents on adorning my tomb and sacrifice to Infernal Zeus. From two talents let the expense be met of my funeral pyre, the funeral cakes, and grave-clothes, and from two let my corpse receive a gift 1

Nobition The whole sum is 660 talents (132 + 55

+420+13+5+2+34).

Probably premium or itme.;

## 124.—AAAO

'Ηέλιος, μήνη τε καὶ ἀμφιθέοντος ἀλήται ζωοφορου τοίην τοι ἐπεκλώσαντο γενέθλην εκτην μὲν Βιότοιο φίλη παρὰ μητέρι μεῖναι ὀρφανόν ὀγδοάτην δὲ μετ' ἀντιβιοισιν ἀνώγκη θητεύειν, νόστον τε γυναῖκά τε παῖδά τ' ἐπ' αὐτῆ επλύγετον δώσουσι θεοὶ τριτάτη ἐπὶ μοίρη δὸ τότε σοι Σκυθικοῖσιν ὑπ' ἔγχεσι παῖς τε δάμαρ τε δλλυνται. συ δὲ τοῖσιν ἐπ' ἄλγεσι δάκρυα χεύσας, ἐπτὰ καὶ εἴκοσ' ἔτεσσι βίου ποτὶ τέρμα περήσεις.

## 125.—AAAO

Τύμβος έγω κευθω δε πολύστονα τέκνα Φιλιννης, τοίον μαψιτόκων καρπον έχων λαγόνων πέμπτον εν ήιθέοις, τρίτατον δ' ενὶ παρθενικήσιν, τρεῖς δέ μοι άρτυγάμους δώκε Φίλιννα κόρας λοιποὶ δ' ἤελίοιο πανάμμοροι ἦδε καὶ αὐδῆς τέσσαρες έκ λαγόνων εἰς 'Αχεροντα πέσον

## 126.-AAAO

Οὐτός τοι Διόφαυτον ἔχει τάφος ἄ μέγα θαῦμα καὶ τάφος ἐκ τέχνης μέτρα βίοιο λέγει. ἔκτην κουρίζειν βιότου θεός ὅπασε μοιρην δωδεκάτην δ' ἐπιθείς, μῆλα πόρεν χνοάειν τῆ δ' ἄρ' ἐφ' ἐβδομάτη τὸ γαμήλιον ἡψατο φέγγος, δ ἐκ δὲ γάμων πέμπτω παῖδ' ἐπένευσεν ἔτει,

#### 134

The sun, the moon, and the planets of the revolving zodiac spun such a nativity for thee; for a sixth part of thy life to remain an orphan with thy dear mother, for an eighth part to perform forced labour for thy enemies. For a third part the gods shall grant thee home-coming, and likewise a wife and a late-born son by her. Then thy son and wife shall perish by the spears of the Scythaus, and then having shed tears for them thou shall reach the end of thy life in twenty-seven years.

Solution He lived 72 years (12 + 9 + 24 + 27).

#### 1.5

I am a tomb and I cover the lamented children of Philippa, containing fruit of her vamily-travailing womb such as I describe. Philippa gave me my fifth portion of young men, my third of maidens, and three newly married daughters, the other four descended to Hades from her womb without participating at all in the sunlight and in speech.

Solution She had 15 children (3+5+3+4).

#### 106

Thus tomb holds Diophantus. Ah, how great a marvel! the tomb tells scientifically the measure of his life. God granted him to be a hoy for the sixth part of his life, and adding a twelfth part to this, he clothed his cheeks with down. He lift him the light of wedlock after a seventh part, and five years after his marriage He granted him a son. Aiss! late-born

αίαι, τηλύγετου δειλου τέκος, ήμιου πατρός †τουδε και ή κρυερος μέτρου έλων βιότου, πένβος δ' αι πισύρεσσι παρηγορέων ένιαυτοις τήδε πόσου σοφίη τέρα' ἐπέρησε βίου.

10

# 127 --- AAAQ

Παντός δσου βεβίωκε χρόνου παῖς μὲν τὸ τέταρτον Δημοχάρης βεβίωκε· νεηνίσκος δε τὸ πέμπτον τὸ τρίτον εἰς ἄνδρας· πολιὸν δ΄ ὅτ' ἀφίκετο γῆρας ἔζησεν λοιπὰ τρισκαίδεκα γήραος οὐδῷ.

# 128.—AAAO

Οἱον ἀδελφειός μ' ἐβιήσατο, πέντε τάλαντα οὐχ ὁσίη μοίρη πατρικὰ δασσάμενος, ἐπτὰ κασυγνήτοιο τόδ' ἐνδεκίντων πολύδακρυς πέμπτον ἔχω μοίρης. Ζεῦ, βαθὺν ὅπνον ἔχεις.

# 129.-AAAO

Είπε κυβερνητήρι, πλατύν πόρου 'Αδριακοίο τέμνων νηί, " 'Αλός πόσα λείπεται είσετι μέτρα," τον δ' ἀπαμείβετο: "Ναύτα, μέσον Κριοίο μετώπου Κρηταίου, Σικελής τε Πελωρίδος έξάκι μέτρα χίλια, δοιών δ' αὐτε παροιχομένοιο δρόμοιο σεμπτων διπλάσιον Σικελήν ἐπὶ πορθμίδα λείπει."

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

wretched child, after attaining the measure of half his father's life, chill Fate took him. After cousoling his grief by this science of numbers for four years he ended his life.

Solution He was a boy for 12 years, a youth for 7, at 33 he married, at 38 he had a son born to him who died at the age of 42. The father survived him for 4 years, dying at the age of 54

#### 137

DEMOCHANES lived for a quarter of his whole life as a boy, for a fifth part of it as a young man, and for a third as a man, and when he reached grey old age he lived thirteen years more on the threshold of old

Solution He lived 15 years us a boy, 13 as a young man, 20 as a man, and 13 years as an old man, in all 60

#### 128

What violence my brother has done me, dividing our father's fortune of five talents unjustly. Poor tearful I have this fifth part of the seven-elevenths of my prother's share. Zeus, thou sleepest sound.

Solution. The one offered is that the one brother had  $4\frac{\pi}{11}$  of a talent, the other  $\frac{\pi}{11}$ , but I cannot work it out.

#### 139

A THAVELLER, ploughing with his samp the broad gulf of the Adriatic, said to the captain, "How much sea have we still to traverse?" And he answered him, "Voyager, between Cretain Ram's Head and Sicilian Peloris are six thousand stades, and twice two-fifths of the distance we have traversed remains till the Sicilian struct.

Solution They had travelled 3,3334 stades and had still 2,6664 to travel.

95

# 130. -AAAQ

Υων πισύρων κρουνών ό μεν ήματι πλησεν απασαν δεξαμενήν, δυσί δ' ούτος, δ δ' έν τρισίν ήμασιν ούτος, τέτρατος έν τετόρεσσι: πόσφ πλήσουσιν άπαντες;

#### 131 - AAAO

Ολγέ με, καλ πισύρεσσιν ένιπλήσω παρεούσαν δεξαμενήν ώραις, κρουνος άλις προρέων. δεξιτερος δ' άρ έμειο τόσαις απολείπεται ώραις, όφρα μεν έμπλήσει. δίς δὲ τόσαις ὁ τρίτος. εί δ΄ άμφω σύν έμοι προχέων ρόου έσμον ανώγοις, είν όλυγη μοίρη πλήσομεν ήματίη.

#### 132.—AAAO

Κύκλωψ †έγω Πολύφημος ό χάλκεος: οἶα δ' έπ' αὐτῷ τευξέ τις δφθαλμόν και στόμα και παλάμην, κρουνοίς συζεύξας στάζουτι δέ πάμπαν έσικεν, ήδ΄ έτι καὶ βλύζων φαίνετ' ἀπὸ στόματος κρουνων δ' ούτις ἄτακτος· ὁ μεν παλάμης τρισὶ μούνοις

ημασιν έμπλήσει δεξαμενήν προρέων ημάτιος γληνης στόμα δ' ήματος εν δύο πέμπτοις. τις κ' ενέποι τρισσοίς ίσα θέοντα χρόνον,

# 133. -- AAAO

Ως άγαθὸν κρητήρι θοοὶ κερόωσι ῥεεθρον οίδε δύω ποταμοί, και Βρομίοιο χαρις. lσος δ' οὐ πάντεσσι δόου δρόμος· ἄλλά μιν οἰος Νεΐλος μὲν προρέων ἡμάτιος κορέσει,

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

#### 130

Or the four spouts one filled the whole tank in a day, the second in two days, the third in three days, and the fourth in four days. What time will all four take to fill it?

Answer: 33 of a day.

#### 131

Oran me and I, a spout with abundant flow, will fill the present eastern in four hours, the one on my right requires four more hours to fill it, and the third twice as much. But if you bid them both join me in pouring forth a stream of water, we will fill it in a small part of the day

Answer, In 23 nours.

#### 132

This is Polyphemos the brazen Cyclops, and as if on him someone made an eye, a mouth, and a hand, connecting them with pipes. He looks quite as if he were dripping water and seems also to be spouting it from his mouth. None of the spouts are irregular, that from his hand when running wall fill the eistern in three days only, that from his eye in one day, and his mouth in two-fifths of a day. Who will tell me the time it takes when all three are running?

Answer. as of a day.

#### 133

What a fine stream do these two river-gods and beautiful Bacchus pour into the bowl. The current of the streams of all is not the same. Nile flowing alone will fill it up in a day, so much water does he

τόσσον δδωρ μαζών ἀπερεύγεται· ἐκ δ' ἄρα Βάκχου δ δύρσος ἐνὶ τρισσοῖς ήμαστι οἶνον ἐείς· σὸν δὲ κέρας, ᾿Αχελῷε, δῦ ἤμαστι. νῦν δ' ἄμα πάντες ῥεῖτε καὶ εἰν ὥραις πλήσετε μιν ὀλύγαις.

#### 134.—AAAO

Ω γύναι, ώς πενίης ἐπελήσαο ή δ' ἐπίκειται αἰἐν ἀναγκαίη κεντρα φέρουσα πόνων. μνᾶν ἐρίων νήθεσκες ἐν ήματι πρεσβυτέρη δὲ θυγατέρων καὶ μνᾶν καὶ τρίτον εἶλκε κράκης ὁπλοτέρη δὲ μιῆς φέρεν ήμιαυ, νῦν δ' ἄμα πάσαις δ δόρπον ἐφοπλίζεις μνᾶν ἐρύσασα μονον.

#### 135.--ΑΛΛΟ

Οίδε λοετροχόοι τρεῖς ἔσταμεν ἐνθάδ' "Ερωτες, καλλιρόου πέμποντες ἐπ' εἰρίποιο λοετρά. δεξιτερὸς μὲν ἔγωγε τανυπτερύγων ἀπὸ ταρσῶν ἤματος ἐκταίη μοίρη ἔνι τόνδε κορέσσω. λαιὸς δ' αδ πισύρεσσιν ἀπ' ἀμφιφορῆος ἐν ῶραις. ἐκ δ' ὁ μέσος τόξοιο κατ' ἤματος αὐτὸ τὸ μέσσον. φράζεο δ', ὡς ὀλίγη κεν ἐνιπλήσαιμεν ἐν ῶρη, ἐκ πτερύγων τοξου τε καὶ ἀμφιφορῆος ἰέντες.

#### 136.-AAAO

Πλινθουργοί, μάλα τούτον ἐπείγομαι οἶκου ἐγείραι, ἢμαρ δ' ἀννέφελον τόδε σήμερον, οὐδ' ἔτι πολλῶν χρηίζω, πᾶσαν δὲ τριηκοσίησι δεουσαν πλινθον ἔχω. συ δὲ μοῦνος ἐν ἤματι τόσσον ἔτευχες. 98

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

spout from his paps, and the thyrsus of Bacchus, sending forth wine, will fill it in three days, and thy horn, Ache.ous, in two days. Now run all together and you will fill it in a few hours.

Answer: 14 of a day

#### 134

O WOMAN, how hast thou forgotten Poverty? But she presses hard on thee, gooding thee ever by force to labour. Thou didst use to spin a mina's weight of wool in a day, but thy eldest daughter spun a mma and one-third of thread, while thy younger daughter contributed a half-minas weight. Now thou providest them all with supper, weighing out one mina only of wool

Answer The mother in a day for, the daughters

respectively 🖧 and 🛼

#### 135

We three Loves stand here pouring out water for the bath, sending streams into the fair flowing tank. I on the right, from my long-winged feet, fill it full in the sixth part of a day, I on the left, from my jar, fill it in four hours; and I in the middle, from my bow, in just half a day Tell me in what a short time we should fill it, pouring water from wings, bow, and jar all at once.

Answer: - of a day

#### 136

BRICK-MAKERS, I am in a great hurry to crect this house. To-day is cloudless, and I do not require many more bricks, but I have all I want but three hundred. Thou alone in one day couldst make as many, but thy son left off working when he had

παις δέ τοι έκ καμάτοιο διηκοσίαις Δπέληγεν· γαμβρὸς δ' αὐ τόσσησι καὶ εἰσέτι πεντήκοντα. τρισσαίς συζυγίαις ποσσαις τοδε τεύχεται ὥραις,

5

#### 137.--AAAO

Δάκρυ παρὰ στάξαντες ὰμείβετε· οἴδε γὰρ ἡμεῖς, οῦς τόδε δῶμα πεσὸν ὥλεσεν 'Αντιόχου δαιτυμόνας, ἴσης τε ¹ θεὸς δαιτός τε τάφου τε τόνδ' ἔπορεν χῶρον. τέσσαρες ἐκ Τεγέης κείμεθα· Μεσσήνης δὲ δυώδεκα ἐκ δὲ τε πέντε 'Αργεος' ἐκ Σπάρτης δ' ἤμισυ δαιτυμόνων, αὐτός τ' 'Αντίοχος- πέμπτοι δὲ τε πεμπτον ὅλοντο Κεκροπίδαι σὰ δ' Τλαν κλαῖε, Κόρινθε, μονον.

#### 138.—AAAO

Νικαρέτη παίζουσα σὺν ἡλικιώτισι πέντε, ὧν είχεν καρύων Κλεξτ' ἔπορεν τὸ τριτον, καὶ Σαπφοῖ τὸ τέταρτον, 'Αριστοδικη δὲ τὸ πέμπτον, είκοστὸν Θεανοῖ καὶ πάλι δωδέκατον, είκοστὸν τέτρατον δὲ Φιλιννίδι καὶ περιῆν δὲ πεντήκοντ' αὐτῆ Νικαρέτη κάρυα.

#### 139.—AAAO

Γυωμονικών Διόδωρε μέγα κλέος, εἰπέ μοι ἄρην, ἡνίκ' ἀπ' ἀντολίης πόλον ήλατο χρύσεα κύκλα ἡελίου. τοῦ δῆτοι ὅσον τρία πέμπτα δρόμοιο, τετράκι τόσσον ἔπειτα μεθ' Ἑσπερίην ἄλα λείπει.

1 I write logs we ofour MS.

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, OBACLES

finished two hundred, and thy somin-law when he had made two hundred and fifty. Working all together, in how many hours can you make these?

Answer: 4 of a day.

#### 137

Let fall a tear as you pass by, for we are those guests of Antiocaus whom his house slew when it fell, and God gave us in equal shares this place for a banquet and a temb. Four of us from Tegea he here, twelve from Messene, five from Argos, and half of the banqueters were from Sparta, and Antiochus himself. A fifth of the fifth part of those who perished were from Athens, and do thou, Corinth, weep for Hyles alone.

Solution There were 50 guests.

#### 138

Nichaere, playing with five companions of her own age, gave a third of the nuts she had to Cleis, the quarter to Sappho, and the fifth to Aristodice, the twentieth and again the twelfth to Theano, and the twenty-fourth to Philippins. Fifty nuts were left for Nicarete herself.

Solution Size had 1,200 nuts (400 + 300 + 240 + 160 + 50 + 50).

# 139

Disposats, great glory of dial makers, tell me the hour since when the golden wheels of the sun leapt up from the east to the pole. Four times three-fifths of the distance he has traversed remain until he sinks to the western sea.

Answer: 3 hours and \* had passed, 8 hours and \* remained.

#### 140,-AAAO

Ζεῦ μάκαρ, ἢ ῥά τοι ἔργα τάδ' εὐαδεν, οἶα γυναῖκες Θεσσαλικαὶ παίζουσι, μαραίνεται ὅμμα Σελήνης ἐκ μερόπων Ιδον αὐτός: ἔην δ' ἔτι νυκτὸς ἐπ' ἡῶ δὶς τόσον ἄσσα δύ ἔκτα καὶ ἔβδομον οἰχομένοιο.

#### 141 -- AAAO

'Απλανεων ἄστρων, παροδους τ ἐπὶ τοίσιν ἀλητών εἰπέ μος, ἡνίκ' ἐμὴ χθιζὸν ἔτικτε δάμαρ. ἡμαρ ἔην, ὅσσον τε δὶς ἔβδομον ἀντολίηθεν, ἐξάκι τόσσον ἔην Ἑσπερίην ἐς ἄλα.

#### 142.--AAAO

"Βγρεσθ', 'Ηρυγένεια παρεδραμε" πέμπτον, ἔριθοι, λειπομένης τρισσών οἵχεται ὀγδοάτων.

#### 143.—AAAO

Συρτιος εν τενάγεσσι πατήρ θάνεν, εκ δ΄ ἄρ΄ εκείνης πέντε τάλαντα φέρων ήλυθε ναυτιλίης οὖτος άδελφειῶν προφερέστατος: ή γὰρ εμουγε δῶκεν έῆς μοίρης διπλάσιον τριτάτων δοιῶν, ἡμετέρης δὲ δύ ἄγδοα μητέρι μοίρης και ἄπασεν, οὐδὲ δίκης ἡμβροτεν άθανάτων.

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

#### 140

Bussen Zeus, are these deeds pleasing in thy sight that the Thessalian women do in play? The eye of the moon is blighted by mortals; I saw it myself. The night still wanted till morning twice two-sixths and twice one-seventh of what was past.

Solution: 64 of the night had gone by and 544

remained.

#### 141

TELL me the transits of the fixed stars and planets when my wife gave birth to a child yesterday. It was day, and till the sun set in the western sea it wanted six times two-sevenths of the time since dawn.

Answer. It was 415 hours from sunrise.

#### 142

Arise, work-women, it is past dawn, a fifth part of three-eighths of what remains is gone by.

Answer \*\* of an hour had gone by

#### 143

The father perished in the shouls of the Syrtis, and this, the eldest of the brothers, came back from that voyage with five talents. To me he gave twice two-thirds of his share, on our mother he bestowed two-eighths of my share, nor did he sin against divine justice.

Solution The e.der brother had 15 talents, the

younger 22, the mother I talent.

<sup>1</sup> Witches.

#### 144.—AAAO

- Α βάσις δυ πατέω σὺν ἐμοὶ βάρος ἁλίκον ἔλκει.
  - Χά κρηπὶς συν ἐμοὶ τόσσα τάλαντα φέρει.
- Αλλ' ἐγὼ οἰος ἄπαξ τὰν σὰν βάσιν ἐς δὶς ἀνέλκω.
  - β. Κήγω μούνος έων σάν βάσιν ές τρίς άγω.

#### 145.--AAAO

- α. Δός μοι δέκα μνᾶς, καὶ τριπλοῦς σοῦ γίνομας.
- β. Κάγὰ λαβών σου τὰς ἔσας, σοῦ πενταπλοῦς,

# 146.—AAAO

- α. Δός μοι δύο μυᾶς, καὶ διπλούς σοῦ γίνομαι.
- β. Κάγὰ λαβὰν σοῦ τὰς ἴσας, σοῦ τετραπλοῦς.
  - 147 "Ομηρος Ήσιοδω Ιρωτήσαντι, πύσον τὸ τῶν Ελλήνων πλῆθος τὸ κατὰ τῆς 'Ιλίου στρατεῦσαν

Έπτὰ έσαν μαλεροῦ πυρὸς έσχάραι εν δὲ ἐκάστη πεντήκοντ' ὁβελοί, περὶ δὲ κρέα πεντήκοντα· τρὶς δὲ τριηκόσιοι περὶ ἐν κρέας ήσαν 'Αχαιοί.

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

#### 144

A How heavy is the base I stand on together with myself B. And my base together with myself weighs the same number of talents. A But I alone weigh twice as much as your base. B. And I alone

weigh three times the weight of yours.

Answer From these data not the actual weights but the proportions some can be determined. The statue A was a third part heavier than B, and B only weighted  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  of the statue A. The base of B weighted thruce as much as the base of A.

#### 145

A Give me ten minas and I become three times as much as you B. And if I get the same from you I am five times as much as you

Answer: A = 155, B = 184.

#### 146

A. Give me two minas and I become twice as much as you B. And if I got the same from you I am four times as much as you.

Answer .  $A = 3\frac{5}{7}, B = 4\frac{6}{7}$ 

147 —Answer of Homer to Hessed when he asked the Number of the Greeks who took part in the War against Troy

There were seven hearths of fierce fire, and in each were fifty spits and fifty joints on them. About each joint were nine hundred Achaeans.

Ansmer : 315,000.

148.—Χρησμός δοθείς Ἰουλιανῷ τῷ ἀποστάτη, ὅτε τὴν γενέθλιον ἡμέραν ἐπιτελῶν ἐαυτοῦ διῆγεν περὶ Κτησιφῶντα ἀγῶνας ἐππικοὺς θεώμενος

Γργενέων ποτέ φύλον ἐνήρατο μητίετα Ζεύς, ἔχθιστον μακάρεσσιν 'Ολύμπια δώματ' ἔχουσιν. 'Ρωμαίων βασιλεὺς 'Ιουλιανὸς θεοειδὴς μαρνάμενος Περσών πόλιας καὶ τείχεα μακρά ἀγχεμάχων διέπερσε πυρὶ κρατερῷ τε σιδήρω, νωλεμεως δ' ἐδάμασσε καὶ ἔθνεα πολλὰ καὶ ἄλλα· ὅς ῥα καὶ ἐσπερίων ἀνδρών 'Αλαμανικὸν οὐδας ὑσμίναις πυκναίσιν ἐλὼν ἀλάπαξεν ἀρούρας.

149.—Χρησμός δοθεις Τιμοκράτη \*Αθηναίφ ἐρωτήσαντι περὶ ἐπιλημίας

Μείζου ἀειράμενος κεφαλής ποιμυηίου εὐλὴν μηκάδος, ἀγρουόμοιο δέμας περικάββαλε μήλου, ἐρπηστὰν πολύπλαγκτον ἐῦρρήνου ἀπὸ κόρσης.

 Χρησμὸς δοθεις τῷ Αἰγιῦ ἐρωτησαντι περὶ παιδοποιίας

'Ασκού τὸν προύχοντα ποδαιόνα, φίλτατε λαῶν, μὴ λύσαι, πρὶν γουνὸν 'Αθηναίων ἀφικέσθαι.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The schonast gives a long explanation as follows, which shows that he had the verses in a more complete form. Goats breed worms in their heads, which fall out when they success. Lay a clock down to prevent the worms touching the ground,

# PROBLEMS, RIDDLES, ORACLES

148.—Oracle given to Julian the Apostale when in celebration of his Birthday at Clesiphon he held Horse-races

Zeus the counsellor destroyed of old the race of Giants most hateful to the biessed gods who dwell in the houses of Olympus. The King of the Romans, god-like Julian, laid waste in war by fire and sword the cities and long walls of the Persians who fight hand to hand, and pitilessly he subjugated many other peoples too. It was he also who conquered, after frequent fights, the German land of the men of the West, and devastated their fields.

149.—Oracle given to Timocrates the A.heman when he enquired about Epilepsy

LIFTING up the largest worm from the head of a bleating beast of the flock, lay down on the ground the body of a sheep that feeds in the fields, the creeping wandering thing from a woolly head.

150 .- Oracle given to Acgeus on his enquiring how to get him Children

Dearest of men, loose not the projecting foot of the wine-skin before reaching the land of the Athenians.<sup>2</sup>

and taking some, wrap them in the skin of a black sheep and the it round your neck.



# BOOK XV

#### MISCELLANEA

We may couse or that the miscodimeous epigrams (some of them from inservations) Nos. 120 were collected by Cophalm, as it has been pointed out that Constantines of Rhodes, to whom we owe Nos. 14-17 and who no court also transcribed No. 14, was a contemporary of Cophalms, both holding eccessistical offices at the Court of Constantine Perpayrogeness A. D. 911 950). Nos. 21, 22, 24-27 consist of the so-called Technoparyma, and in edular in some MISS, of the Recolic Poets. They are posins written in enigmatic language, and each formed so as to represent the slape of some object. Nos. 28-40 are chiefly Christian posins, probably again collected by Ceptanas, as two are by his contemporary, Arethas, Rishop of Cacasarea, and Comptas, the period.

#### Œ

# **SYMMIKTA TINA**

Σωστύπος τόλμησεν & μη θέμις εἰκονι γράψαι,
 εὐεπίη δ΄ ἐτέλεσσε φύσιν ψευδήμονα κόσμου,
 ἐγγὺς ἄληθείης τε γραφη δ΄ ἐψεύσατο πάντα.

2 —Εἰς τὴν πόλω τῶν Μύρων τῆς Λυκίας

Καλλιχόρου τόδε τείχος ἀνηέξησε πόλησς Μαρκιανός σκηπτοῦχος, ὑπ' ἐννεσίησιν ὑπάρχοι Παλλαδίου, θεσμοῖς τε περίφρονος 'Αρτεμεῶνος' ἡ δὲ πόλις παλίνορσον ἐὸν χρύνφ εὔρατο μέτρον.

3.—Εἰς τὸν τάφον τοῦ άγίου Νικάνδρου

Έπτά με καὶ δέκα παῖδ' ἐτέων ἀκέραιον, ἄχραντον, Νίκανδρον πιστὸν μάρτυρα θῆκε θεός.

Those lines should ready have been on thed in the edition. They relate to the "Description of the Map of the LIO

# BOOK XV

#### MISCELLANEA

# 1 -On a little Pown of Joannes Grammaticus

The painter ventured to picture what may not be pictured, and eloquence completed the counterfeited nature of the world, yes and near the truth, but the painting invented all !

# 2. On the City of Myra in Lyon

Marcian the emperor colorged this wall of the city with beautiful dancing-floors, according to the counsels of Palladius the Prefect and the design of wise Artemeon, and at length the city found its ancient size restored

# 3 .- On the Tomb of Nicunaer

Goo made me his faithful martyr, Nicander, a boy of seventeen years, pure and unstained.2

Universe at Gaza" by Jeannes Grammations, which poem follows Book XIV in the Palatine MS.

• He suffered in Mitylene during the persecution of Dioclatian.

 Έπατύμβιον & Νικαία πλησίον τῆς λίμνης &ν τῷ δβέλισκῳ

Αθχησον, Νίκαια, τον οὐρανομάκεα τύμβον, καὶ τὰν ἀελίφ γείτονα πυραμίδα: δ τὸν ἐνὶ ζωοῦς βεβοαμένου ἰεροφάνταν κρύπτει ἀμετρήτφ σάματι θαπτόμενον. ἔστι Σακέρδωτος τόσον ῆρίον, ἔστι Σεουήρας μνᾶμα τοδ' ῷ γείτων οὐρανός, οὐκ ἀίδας.

#### б.—АЛЛО

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G

Οὐράνιον τὸ μνᾶμα καὶ ὰ χρυσήλατος ἀκτὶς ἀνδρός, ἴσον βιότφ καὶ τάφον εὐραμένου, ἄστροις γειτονέουτα φέρει δ΄ ὅσον οὕτινα τύμβος ἀνέρα, τὸν τελετᾶς οἰρανίδος ζάκορον, τὸν πάτραν ἐριποῦσαν ἀπὸ χθονὸς ὑψώσαντα, τον φρενός ἡ γλωσσας ἄκρα λαχόντα γέρα ἡ πέρι δηρισαντο καὶ ὰ νέκνν ἐν πυρὶ θεῖσα ᾿Ατθίς, χὰ κόλποις ἀστέα δεξαμένα.

#### 6.-AAAO

Τοῦτο Σακέρδωτος μεγάλου μέγα σῆμα τέτυκται παμφαές, 'Ασκανίης ἄστρον ἐπιχθόνιον, ἀκτινων ἀντωπόν' ὁ δ΄ ἤσυχος ἔνδοθι δαίμων κεῖται, ὁ καὶ πάτρη δεξιτερὴν τανύσας κεκλιμένη, καὶ στέμμα περὶ κροτάφοισιν ἀνάψας ἱερὸν ἐκ πατρὸς παιδὶ νεαζόμενον' δυ πάτρη μὲν ἔδεκτο φίλον νέκυν, ἤγνισε δ΄ 'Ατθὶς πυρκαιῆ, σέβεται δ΄ Έλλὰς ἄπασα πόλις.

#### 4.—Sepulchral Inscription of Nicaea, near the Lake, on the Obelish

VAUNT, Nicaea, the tomb that mounts to the sky, the pyramid that is nigh to the sun, which contains buried in the vast monument the hierophant celebrated among the living. Of Sacerdos 1 is this great sepulchre, Severa's is this monument whose neighbour is not Hell, but Heaven

#### 5.-On the Same

CELESTIAL is this monument, with its point of beaten gold, of a man who has been given a tomb equal to his life, approaching the stars, and the tomo holds a man, like to none other, the ministrant of the heavenly rites, him who upraised from the ground his city in rums, whose were the nighest gifts of intellect and speech, him for whom there was strife between Attica, that laid his corpse on the pyre, and his country that received his bones in her bosons.

#### 6. - On the Sume

It was built for the great Sacerdos, this great and all-resplendent tomb, the terrestrial star of Lake Ascania, flashing linck the rays of the sun, and within it lies in peace the spirit, who both stretched out his right hand to his fallen country and bound about his brows the holy grown that, received from the father, bloomed again for the son, him whose dear corpse his country received, whom Attica purified by fire, and whom every city of Greece venerates.

113

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Thus pricet, Sancrolos, upon whose tomb Nos. 4-8 were inscribed, was evidently a pages, not a Christian.

#### 7.—AAAO

Α πάτρα Νίκαια, πατήρ δέ μοι δργιοφάντας οὐρανοῦ, αὐτὰρ ἐγὰ κλαρονόμος τελετῶς οὐτος ὁ καὶ σεισθεῖσαν ἐμὰν πόλιν ἐξ ἀίδαο ρυσάμενος δώροις Αὐσονίοιο Διός θνάσκω δ' ᾿Ασκανίας μὲν ἀπόπροθεν, ἡδ' ἐπὶ γαίας 5 ᾿ Λτθιδος ἀρχεγονου πυρκαιᾶς ἐπέβαν. μυᾶμα δέ μοι περίσυμον ὁμωνιμος εῦρατο πάππω παῖς ἐμός ἀ δ' ἀρετὰ λευσσει ἐς ἀμφοτέρους.

#### 8.-AAAO

Είς γάμος ἀμφοτέρων, ξυνός βίος, οὐδὲ θανόντων μνημονες ἀλληλων ἔσχον ἀποικεσίην καί σ' αἰ μὲν τελεταί τε καὶ ἄρρενος ἔργα, Σακέρδως, κηρύξει βιότου πάντας ἐς ἡελιους αὐτὰρ ἐμὲ Σευουραν ἀνήρ, τεκος, ἤθεα, κάλλος, ὅ τῆς πριν Πηνελόπης θήσει ἀοιδοτέρην.

# 9.--KTPOY HOIHTOY

Έγκώμιον εἰς Θεοδύσιον τὸν βασιλέα

Πάντα μὲν Αἰακίδαο φέρεις ἀριδείκετα ἔργα, νοσφι λοχαίου ἔρωτος· ἀιστεύεις δ' ἄτε Τεθκρος, ἀλλ' οῦ τοι νόθον ῆμαρ· ἔχεις δ' ἐρικνδέα μορφήν, τὴν 'Αγαμεμνονέην, ἀλλ' οῦ φρένας οἶνος ὀρίνει· ἐς πινυτὴν δ' 'Οδυσῆὶ δαϊφρονι πῶν σε ἐἴσκω, ἀλλὰ κακῶν ἀπάνευθε δόλων· Πιλίου δε γέροντος Ἰσον ἀποστάζεις, βασιλεῦ, μελιηδέα φωνήν, πρὶν χρόνου ἀθρήσεις τριτάτην ψαύοντα γενέθλην.

#### 7 -On the Same

My country was Nicaea, my father the hierophant of heaven, and I the inheritor of the holy rite. I am he who also saved from hell, by the generosity of Roman Zeus, my country cast down by earthquake. I died far away from Ascania, and in the Attic land, the mother of my race, I mounted on the pyre. My son, who bears his grandsire's name, designed this magnificent monument for me, and write looks on both.

#### S .-- On the Same

One wedlock was thems, a common life; nor in death, ever mindful of each other, were they divorced. Thee, Sacerdos, thy holy rates and thy many works shall proclaim and the days of man's life, but I, Severa, shall grow more renowned than Penelope of old through my husband, my son, my virtue, and my beauty.

#### 9.—CYRUS

# In Praise of the Emperor Theodonus

All the renowned deeds of Achilles are thine, except his secret love; thou drawest the bow like Tencer, but art no bastard, thou hast the illustrious beauty of Agamemnon, but wine does not disturb thy mind. In prudence I liken thee in every way to Odysseus, but thine is without evil fraud, and thou dost distil, O King, honeyed accents like those of the old man of Pylos, before thou seest Time touching the third generation.

<sup>1</sup> The Emperor. <sup>2</sup> Nestor.

#### 10.--AAAO

Μάρτυρας ἐν πελάγει πόθεν εὔρομεν, εἴπατε πέτραι, εἴπατε κύματα μακρά, πόσοις ἐμάχοντο θυέλλαις ναῦς ἐάγη, πέσεν ἰστός, ἔδυ τρόπις, ὥλετο φόρτος.

# 11.— Έν τῷ Κάστρῳ τῆς Λίνδου

Εύρυ μεν άρχαίης Λίνδου κλέος, 'Ατρυτώνην δεξαμένης όχθοις ούρανίοισιν άκρης μέζων δ' αῦ κατὰ γαῖαν ἐπήρατος ἔπλετο φῆμις παρθενικῆς γλανκῶν πλησαμένη χαρίτων νῦυ γὰρ 'Αθηναίης βοάα θαλερὸς ἔμεν οἶκος χῶρος καρπογόνους δερκόμενοις σκοπέλους ἄνθεμα γὰρ τόδε λαρὸν 'Αθηναίη πόρεν ιρεὺς 'Αγλώχαρτος, έῶν νειμάμενος κτεάνων, κρέσσων καὶ Κελεοίο καὶ 'Ικαρίοιο κατ' αἶαν πάμπαν ἀεξῆσαι τὴν ἱερὴν ἐλέην.

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# 12.-ΑΕΟΝΤΟΣ ΦΙΛΟΣΟΦΟΥ

Εδγε Τύχη με ποείς, ἀπραγμοσύνη μ' Ἐπικούρου ήδίστη κομέουσα, καὶ ήσυχίη τέρπουσα: τίπτε δε μοι χρέος ἀσχολίης πολυκηδεος ἀνδρῶν, οὐκ ἐθέλω πλούτον, τυφλὸν φίλον, ἀλλοπρόσαλλον, οὐ τιμάς: τιμαὶ δὲ βροτών ἀμενηνὸς ὅνειρος. 5

1 Evidently a fragment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The magniption still exists carved on the rock, and is published I G xi. 1,783.

#### 10.—By THE SAME

How is it we find martyrs in the deep sea? Tell me, ye rocks, tell me, ye long waves, with how many tempests they battled. The slup was broken, the mast fell, the keel sank, the cargo perished.

# 11 -In the Caule of Jandor?

Wide is the glory of ancient Lindos which received Atrytone on the heavenly slopes of its citadel, and greater yet on earth waxed the city's lovely renown, when filled with the dark-green gifts of the virgin goddess. For now to those who look on the rocks that hear fruit the spot cries aloud that it is the flourishing home of Athena. For her priest Aglochartus made to her this sweet offering, giving to her of his own possessions, a man more skilled than Celens and Icarus in causing through all the land increase of the holy olive.<sup>3</sup>

# 19.-LEO PHILOSOPHUS

Thou art kind to me, Fortune, in adorning me with the most sweet restfuness of Epicarus and giving me cam to enjoy it. What need have I of men's activity with all its cares? I desire not wealth, a blind and inconstant friend, nor honours, for the honours of mortals are a freble dream. Away with

<sup>\*</sup> This priest of Athens, who had a famous temple at Lindos, boasts in this and other inscriptions of having planted out-trees. Atrytone is a name of the goddess. Celeus and Icarus were introducers respectively of corn and the vine.

ξρρε μοι, δ Κίρκης δυοφερου σπέος αίδεομαι γάρ οὐράνιος γεγαὼς βαλάνους ἄτε θηρίου ἔσθειν·
μισῶ Λωτοφάγων γλυκερὴν λιπόπατριν ἐδωδήν·
Σειρηνων τε μέλος καταγωγὸν ἀναινομαι ἐχθρόν·
ἀλλὰ λαβεῖν θεόθεν ψυχοσσόον εὕχομαι ἄνθος, 10
μῶλι, κακῶν δοξῶν ἀλκτήριον· ὡτα δὲ κηρῷ ἀσφαλέως κλείσας προφυγεῖν γενετήσιον ὁρμήν.
ταῦτα λέγων τε γράφων τε πέρας βιότοιο κιχείην.

# 13.—KONSTANTINOT TOT SIKEAOT

Els τον θρόνον αύτοῦ

Εί μέν τις σοφός έσσι, έφέζευ εί δέ γε Μούσης δακτύλφ άκροτάτφ άπογεύσαο, . . πόρρω στηθ' άπ' έμεῖο, καὶ ἄλλοθι δίζεο έδρην κλισμός έγὰ φορέων σοφίης ἐπιτστορας ἄνδρας.

# 14. -ΘΕΟΦΑΝΟΤΣ

'Αντίγραφον πρός ταθτα

Καὶ τί γε σημα φέρεις έξαίρετον, δι κενεαιχές, δττι σοφούς φιλέεις μέν, ἀμούσους δ' ἀνταπερύκεις, οὐ χρυσὸν φορέεις, οὐκ ἄργιρου, οὐκ ἐλέφαντα, ἀλλά σε τεκτονίης ἡγήτορες ἄνδρες ἔτευξαν, Καλλιόπης ἀίδρεις καὶ ἀπευθέες 'Ηφαίστοιο, πᾶσι σοφοῖς τ' ἀσόφοις τε δορήτον ἔμμεναι ἔδρην.

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thee, murky den of Circe, for I am ashamed, being of heavenly origin, to eat accorns like a beast. I hate the sweet food of the Louis-eaters that causes men to abandon their country. I reject as my chemy the seductive music of the Sirens, but I pray to gain from God the flower that saves the soul, moly I that protects from evil doctrines, and stapping my ears securely with wax may I escape the ill inhorm impulse. Thus speaking and thus writing may I reach the end of my days.

#### 13.—CONSTANTINUS OF SICILY

On his Profesioreal Chair

Ir then art one of the learned seat thyseif on me, but if then hast tusted of the Muse only with the tip of thy finger, ... stand at a distance from me and seek a seat elsewhere. I am a chair who supports men faminar with learning.

#### 14 —THEOPHANES

In Reply to the Above

And what mark of distinction dost thou bear, O empty bruggart, to show that then lovest the learned and excludest on the other hand the illiterate? Then bearest neither gold, nor silver, nor every, but masters of carpentry wrought thee, ignorant of Callope and with no skill of Hephaestus,<sup>2</sup> to be a wooden seat for all, learned and unlearned alike.

Not workers in metal.

<sup>1</sup> The magic berb of Hom. Od 10, 305.

# 15.-ΚΩΝΣΤΑΝΤΙΝΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΡΟΔΙΟΥ

Είς τὸν σταυρόν δν ανέθετο ἐν τῷ Δίνδο

Κωνσταντίνος Ἰωάννοι ηδ' Εὐδοκίης με τέκνον ἔτευξεν ἀγακλυτόν, δυ Λίνδος μεγάλαυχος ήνεγκε προτέρης γενεής προφερεστερον ἄνδρα, καὶ πιστὸν θεράποντα σκηπτούχοιο Λέοντος φ' Αλέξανδρος ἀδελφὸς ἰδ' υἰὸς Κωνσταντίνος σκήπτρα θεοστήρικτα συνεξαγέτην βασιλείης.

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#### 16.-TOY AYTOY

Ελς τὸν αὐτὸν σταυρόν

"Απαν μεν έργον οὐ προς ἀξίαν πέλει την σήν, ὑπερθαύμαστε κόσμου δεσπότι έργων γὰρ ἔξω καὶ φθορᾶς το σὸν κλέος τὸ δ΄ έργον, ὁ προσήξέ σοι Κωνσταντίνος, ἐπάξιον πέφυκεν, εἰ δή, Παρθένε, τοῦ σοῦ τόκου τὰ σκηπτρον εὖ διαγράφει, καὶ σαρκὸς αὐτοῦ τὸ τρισόλβιον πάθος.

#### 17 -TOY AYTOY

Είς τὴν εἰκόνα τῆς Θεοτόκου

Εί ζωγραφεῖν τις ήθελέν σε, Παρθένε, ἄστρων έδεῖτο μᾶλλον ἀντὶ χρωμάτων, ἴν ἐγράφης φωστήρσιν, ὡς φωτὸς πίλη-

# 15.- CONSTANTINUS OF RHODES

On the Crucifia he Dedicated at Lindos

Constantings, the son of Joannes and Endocia, made me, this noble cross; he whom proud Lindos bore, the foremost man of the former generation, and the faithful servant of the Emperor Leo, associated with whom his brother Alexander and his son Constantine bore the God-supported sceptres of the kingdom.

# 16,-BY THE SAME

#### On the Same

All works are inferior to thy dignity, more than admirable Mistress of the world for thy glory is beyond all works and all that is corruptible. But the work that Constantinus brought thee is really worthy if, O Virgin, it well represents the sceptre of thy Son and the thrice-blessed passion of His flesh.

#### 17.-By THE SAME

# On the Picture of the Mother of God

Is one would paint thee, O Virgin, he had need of stars rather than of colours, that thou, as the Gate of light, mightst be painted in luminaries.

άλλ' οὐχ ὑπείκει ταῦτα τοῖς βροτῶν λόγοις· ὰ δ' οὖν φύσις παρέσχε καὶ γραφῆς νόμος, τούτοις παρ' ἡμῶν ἱστορῆ τε καὶ γράφη.

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# 18.-Είς την ταβλαν

'Οστέα σου, Παλάμηδες, έδει πρισθέντα γενέσθαι δργανα τής τέχνης τής άπὸ τοῦ πολέμου ἐν πολέμοις γὰρ ἐὼν ἔτερου πόλεμον κατέδειξας, ἐν ξυλίνφ σταδίφ τὸν φιλικὸν πόλεμου.

# 19 -Είς τινα Ιατρόν 'Ασκληπιάδην

'Ασκληπιάδης ἱατρὸς ἥρπασεν κόρην.
μετὰ τὴν φθορὰν δὲ τοῦ γάμου τῆς ἀρπαγῆς ἐκάλεσε πλῆθος εἰς τὸν αὐθέντην γάμον ἀνδρῶν χορευτῶν καὶ γυναικῶν ἀθλίων τῆς οἰκίας δὲ συμπεσούσης ἐσπέρας,
πάντες κατηνέχθησαν εἰς ἄδου δόμους,
νεκροὶ δ΄ ἔκειντο περὶ νεκροῦς πεπτωκότες τυμφῶν δ΄ ὁ σεμνός, ἐκ ῥόδων πεπλεγμένος,
ἐκ τῶν φόνων ἔσταξεν αἰμα φοίνιον.

# 20.—ΠΑΛΛΑΔΑ ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΈΩΣ

Συγών παρέρχου τὸν ταλαύπωρου βίου, αὐτὸν σιωπή του χρόνου μιμουμενος: λαθών δὲ καὶ βίωσον, εἰ δε μή, θανων.

But the stars yield not to the voice of mortals. Therefore thou art delineated and painted by us with the material that nature and the laws of painting afford.

# 18. -On a Draught Board

The bones, O Palamedes, should have been sawn up and made into instruments of the art that is derived from war. For being in the wars thou didst invent another war, the war of friends on a wooden field.

# On a Physician named Asciepiades

The physician Asclepiades atole a girl, and after the outrage of his stolen wedding invited to his authentic wedding a crowd of dancers and vile women. The house collapsed in the evening and all were sent down to the house of Hades. Corpse lay clasping corpse, and the lordly bridial chamber, with its wreaths of roses, dripped with red blood from the slaughter

# 20.—PALLADAS OF ALEXANDRIA

Pass by this miserable life in silence, imitating by thy alence Time himself. Live alkewise unnoticed, or if not, thou shalt be so in death.

. He was said to have invented the game of draughts during the Trojan war.

#### 21-STPIFE GEOKPITOT

Ούδενος εθνάτειρα, Μακροπτολέμοιο δὲ μάτηρ, μαίας αντιπέτροιο θούν τέκεν ίθυντήρα. ούχι Κεράσταν, δυ ποτ' εθρέψατο ταυροπάτωρ, άλλ' οῦ πιλιπες αίθε πάρος φρένα τέρμα σάκους, ούνομ όλον, δίζων, δε τας Μέροπος πόθον κούρας γηρυγόνας έχε τᾶς ἀνεμώδεος δς Μοίσα λυγύ πάξεν ισστεφάνφ έλκος, άγαλμα ποθοιο πυρισμαράγωδς σβέσεν ανορέαν Ισανδέα παπποφόνου Τυρίαν τ' 10 ο τόδε τυφλοφόρων έρατον πάμα Πάρις θέτο Σιμιχίδας. ψυχάν, α βοτοβάμων, στήτας οίστρε Σαέττας, κλωποπάτωρ, ἀπάτωρ, λαρνακόγυιε, χαρείς άδυ μελίσδοις δλλοπι κούρα. Καλλιόπα, νηλεύστω. 20

Paraphrase The wife of Ulysses and mother of Telemachus (Pan was, according to one legand, said to have been the son of Penelope either by Hermes or by all the suitors) gave anth to the swift shepherd of the goat, the nurse of Zeus in whose place a stone was given to Grones), not Comatas (see Theoritas, Id. vin. 78, \*\*spar\*"horn" may be used for \*\*sign\* hear," him whom bees nourished, but him with whom Pitys (who becomes, if you take away the P, \*\*sys\*, the rim of a shield) was ones in love, Pan by name, half goat, half man, who felt dearre for Eche, the maiden who divides the voice, who is the child of the voice and like to the wind, he who made for the Muse the shrill pipe Syrmx has the two meanings of the Latin

# 21.—THE PIPE OF THEOCRITUS

The bed-fe-low of nobody and mother of the farfighter gave birth to the swift director of the nurse of him whose place a stone took, not Cerastas, whom the child of the bull once reared, but him whose heart once was burnt by the edge of a shield lacking a Pi, whole by name, a double animal who felt desire for the Meropian girl born of a voice and like to the wind, who put together for the violet-erowied Muse a shrill wound, the monument of fiery lave, he who quenched the brayery that had the same name as the slaver of his grandfather and freed the Tyrian maiden from it, he to whom Paris Smuchidas offered this beloved possession of the blind bearers, rejoicing in the soul at which. O treader of focks, tormentor of the Saction woman, son of a thick without a father, box-footed, mayst thou sweetly play to the mute girl, Calliope the invisible

fisials, the moroment of Syrma, the object of his ardent love he who (at Marathon, where Pan is said to have personally helped the Athenians) quenched the valour of the Permana who hear the same name as Perseus, the alayer of his grandfather Acrients; and freed Europa hom them. To him Theoret us he plays on his name, taking Theoretim as meaning "moger of gods" said called Syrachic as, offered the beloved possession of the walet hearing pastoral poeta (weeks, "bound, weeks, "wantet"). Taking joy in this pipe, O Pan, gost mounter hoof footed, beloved of Lyman Omphale, so of the third Herinas with no known father since Panelope lay with all the amitters), play awaetly on it to the dumb marden, the invisible Muse, Scho.

# 22-ΣΙΜΙΟΤ Ο ΠΕΛΕΚΤΣ

Ανδροθές δώρου ό Φοικούν κρατερών μηδοσύναι ήρα τίνων 'Αθάνα τύμος, έπεί τὰν τεράν κηρί πυρίπνος πόλιν ήθαλωσεν ούκ ἐνάριθμος γυγαώς ἐν προμάχοις 'Αχαιών, νῦς δ' ἐς 'Ομήρειον ἔθα κέλευθου,

τρίε μάκαρ, δυ συ θυμφ δδ' άλβος φεὶ πυνί

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Τλαος Αμφιβερχθής.
σὰν χάρυ, αγνά πολυβοολε Παλλάς:
ὰλλ' ἐπὸ πρανῶς ιθαρῶν ναμα πόμιξε δυσκλής 10
Δαμδανιδίν. χρυσρβαφείς σ' ἐστυφέλιξ' ἐπ βεμέθλως ἄνακτας:
Εποσ Επειῶς πέλικυν, τῷ ποκά πύργων θέοτεύετων κατέρειψεν αἶπος.

#### To be read thus;

\*Ανδροθές δώμον δ Φωκεύς κρατερίες μηθοσώνας ήρα τίναν 'Αθάνα Επεσ' Έπειος πέλεκυς, τῷ ποκὰ πύργων θεοτεύμτων κατερα ψεν αίτος, τίμας, ἐτεὶ τὰν ἰερὰν κηρὶ πυριπερ πόλιν ἡθάλωσεν Δαρδανίδιο, χρωσοβαφείς τ' ἐστυφέλιξ' ἐκ θεμέθλων ἐνκυταν ούκ ἐτάριθμος γεγαίνς ἐν προμάγοις Αχατών, ἀλλ' ἀπὸ κρασών ἰθαρῶν κῶμα κόμιξε δουκλής τὸν δ' ἐν Ὁμήρειον ἔβα κελευθος, σὰν χάριν, ἀγνὰ πολύβαν, Επολλάς τρὶς μάκαρ δε σὰ θυμῷ ἱλησς ἀμφίθερχθης,

# 23.-Είς την βιβλον Μάρκου

del week

Εί λύπης κρατές εν έθέλεις, τήνδε μάκαι ραν άναπτύσσων βίβλον έπέρχεο ενδυκέως, δις ύπο γνωμην όλβιστην ρείά κεν όψεαι εσσομένων, δυτων ήδε παροιχομενων, τερπωλήν τ' άνίην τε καπνού μηδεν άρειστέρην.

#### 22. THE AXE OF SIMIAS

Process Epeius, in gratitude for her strong device, gave to the virile goddess Athena the axe with which of old he laid in rum the high, god-built towers, then when he burnt to ashes with fire-breatung doom the holy city of the Dardamdae and dashed down from their seats the gilded kings, a man who was not reckoned among the chieftanas of the Achaeana, but one of low degree who carried water from the pure fountions. But now he has entered on the path of Homer, thanks to thee, holy Pallas of many counsels. Thrice blessed he whom with a gracious mind thou watchest over. This blessedness ever lives and breathes.

# 23 .- On the Book of Marcus 1

Is thou wouldst overcome sorrow, unroll and peruse with care this blessed book from which thou shalt with ease look on wealth of doctrine concerning things to be, things that are, and things that were, and shalt see that joy and pain are no better than smoke.

1 Nothing is known regarding it.

# 24.—XIMIOT AI ITTEPTTES EPOTOS

2 τῶν δ' ἐγὰ ἐκνοσφισάμαν ἀγύγιου σκάπτρον, έκρινον δὲ θεοῖς θέμιστας. Λεύσσέ με τὸυ Γᾶς τε βαθυστέρνου ἄνακτ', 'Ακμονίδαν τ' ἄλλυδις έδράσαντα, είκε δέ μοι γαία, βαλάσσας τε μυχοί, χάλικεος ούρανός τε μηδὲ τρέσης, εἰ τόσος διν δάσκια βέβριβα λάχνφ γένεια ούτι γλορ άκρανα βίφ, πραυλύγφ δε πειθοδ τάμος έγφ γάρ γευόμαν, άνίκ' ἔκραιν' 'Ανώγκα, marra de Tas elke apadaios lugais ώκυπέτας ούδ' 'Apeos καλεύμας ертети, †тачв' бо" бриес ούτε γε Κύπριδος παις di aibpar. X dovs be,

# 24.-SIMIAS WINGS OF LOVE

Look on me, the lord of broad-bosomed Earth, who stabhshed the Heaven things and those that move through the sky yielded to the dire decrees of elacwhere, and tremble not if, little though I be, my cheeks ave heavy with bushy hair, For I was born when Necessity was ruler, and all creeping Earth. But I am called the swift-fiying son of Chaos, not of Cypris or of Ares, for in no wise did I rule by force, but by gentle-voiced persuasion, and earth and the depths of the sen and the beazen heaven yielded to me. I robbed them of their uncient sceptre and gave laws to the gods?

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<sup>|</sup> Uranus was son of Aerici.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This is the bloss of the oid cosmogenes and of early speculation, the ordering and amfying power which successful to Cinas, here called actually the son of Chaos, chowhere the son of Night (Arist, Breis, 695) always one of the order of the gods. See Plate, Syray 178 5.

#### 25 -BHEANTINGT BOMOS

Oxoc of me history town AiButereur, sie nakyn Tropoinnes terres Манжее в' втерве петрух Хаблас воопречал

Παματων φειζοντα Πανος - ου στρο Σιλφ λεγνυι Her eventus mexanen trexvent me Nuclear

έν γαρ βωμού ορής με μητε ηλουρου Hardors, unt 'Akados tayesta Bakart Ond de Kurdayerns Free for furky

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Ла Зооте инвидел всев. LOBBIGIS SUBS CHONOLS "Organ Museras Kundiast. Toppower welsers use. Σ γ Οιρανού γαρ εξηστοις Faras a étable gregories Town on Just Tay Pos Freing wature applicar 20 8 & rime appropler, he Inc rolate Toprovos. HUDIS T EMIGRENCOIS TO HOL THETTIAZUP WOLL LAPOTEPHY Emprene aem ide en Angrent Es suns tenfer sadapos yap tru lor ierrer repuer, ola secel deciros

Ande Neart Homesait, by avecoder Muping Σω, Τριπατωρ, πορφυρέου φωρ ώνιθηκε πριού

The popul is according the firm setters of the same making Odvorse contact lease from as I are just maret how much five for many years. The in as record protecting to the Respect Hadran. Sprackingeree. Fig. mirer her Homer f is h-

#### 25.-BESANTINUS. THE ALTARI

THE black cloud of victims does not, like purple, dye me with its reddening stream, and the knives sharpened on the Naxian stone spare the focks of Pan , the sweet-scented junce of the Arabian trees does not blacken me with its curling smoke. Thou seest in me an altar not composed of golden bricks or the clods of Ali be, nor set that altar be like to me which the two gods born in Centius built, taking the horns of the goats that feed about the smooth ridges of Cynthus. For together with the children of Heaven's did the earth born Nine rear me, the Muses to whose art the King of the gods granted immortality. And mayest thou, who drinkest of the arring that the Gorgon's sou' opened with a how of his boof, saennee and pour on me libations in abunuance sweeter than the boney of Flymettus' bees. Come to meet me with a confident heart, for I am pure of the venomous monsters which lay lud on that altar in Neae of Thrace that the thief of the purple ram4 dedicated to thee, Trito-born, hard by Myrina.9

\* Not, it would seem, the Graces, but the time Heliconius

Muses, Museus, Melite, Accelu.

\* no. Hadran hymself a port.

\* Pegasus, who set the fountain of Happocrene running

with a blow of his boof

Jaton, who was eard to have built the alter in the island of Ness, from which issued the make that bit Philocletas. On this autor the four-wing poem, "The A tar of Dissoura," is supposed to have ment inscribed. Becausing, of course, is also ing to Destadas poem.

\* Not the town in Acous, but another rume for Luminos.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The alter of horns on the hall Centhus, as Delos, was und to have been built by Apo to an Arterna themselves when shildren. See thall machine Hydra to Apoto v. 60

#### 26. - ΔΩΣΙΑΔΑ ΒΩΜΟΣ

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Ειμαρσενός με στήτας WOOIS, MEDOY SIGABOS. τεύξ', οὐ σποδευνας, ίνις έμπουσας, μόρος Τευκροίο βούτα και κυνός τεκνώματος. Xpuras & diras, duos Harbea τον γυιοχαλεον ούρου έρραισεν, δν ώπατωρ δίσευνος μόρησε ματρορριπτος duon be revyu approas Θεοκρίτοιο κτάντας, Τριεσπεροίο καυτάς, Own Fer taver Eas χάλεψε γάρ νιν Ιώ συργαστρος έκδυς γήρας τον δ' \*πει λινεύντ' έν αμφικλυστώ Πανος τε ματρος εύνετας, φωρ διζωσς, Ινίς τ' ἀνδροβοώτος ιλιοραιστάν ήρ' αρδιών ές Τενκριδ άγαγον τρίπορθοι

Paraphrase. The husband of Medea (who wished to dress in man's clothes and go with Jason to Media). Jason, the man who was recurrented, made me, not Achi les, the son of Thetis (who shanged herse f, when courtest by Peleus, into an Empass), he who was east into the fire by his mother and was slain by Paris, the harr sman, the son of Hecuba who was changed into a bitch but Jason he who was dear to Athena Chryse. When Bledge the notice of men. Peliss and Jison himself broke Taius, the brazen watchman of Crete, who was wrought by Hephaestus the god born without a father, and husband of the wives. Appropriate and Agiaca), whom his

#### 26 -DOSIADAS. THE ALTAR

The bushand of the woman clothed in male attire. a man who was twice young, made me, not he who ay on the fire, the son of the Empusa, waose death was due to the Trojan cowherd, offspring of a dog, but the friend of Chryse, when the cook of men struck the brazen lumbed watchman whom the factaless husband of two wives, he who was cust away by his mother, toned to fashion. And when he had looked on my structure, the slaver of Theocritas, the burner of him of the three nights, called out for it afflicted han with its poison, the belly-ereeper tant had put off old age. And him an the sengirt place, the husband of Pan's mother, the thief with two lives and the sou of the man-devourer, for the sake of the shafts that destroyed Ilion, brought to the Teuerian city thrice sacked.

mother Hera threw down from heaven. When Philoctetes, who slow Parts and puret the body of Horacles (whom Zens begat during the three dignts he lay with Alemens: aw ins, he cried out in pain, for the snake that casts in shin hard him with to poison. And aim in the island of Lendius where he tarried Odysseus, the husband of Panciopa, the thiof of the Panadson, who went twice to Hades, and Diemede, the son of Tydens (who ate the head of Melanippua), for the sake of his arrow, fatal to Troy, persuance to come to the Trojan land, thrice laid waste (by Heracles, the Amazons, and the Greeks).

# 27.—ZIMIOT DON

## Karthar

едет" Ека Войя филды меветем, бу брар Аданом мфоВблая ди" дрест дастти. Еуноз 10 raise dh defeur ndords lou bon's doving nool nodyndons perse pérpa podnés κοί τις δρόθορος Διφίσαλτον αξψ' αδόλε θήρ εν κόλπε δεξήμενος θαλαμών μυχαικάτφ βιμφα πετρόκου ον έκλιπάν δρουσ' εθνέν, μαπρός πλαγκτός μαιόμενας βιλήςς έλεθν τεκος Αλαχαί δ' οίων πολυβότουν άν' δρέων νομάν έβαν τωννσφέρουν θε αν' λυτρα Νυρφών nûget npatroûs ditp ênpar lêpere, nort hôgan nat' êpêplas Typos nibênes Boeis To' alchais velpois nah' dalatroum chainthem ilathum reneggio ral ở kuhotry nóby plaas parpès phopm alka ped luepaeura pastèr Bods & Oraples Ent Lexpior Osper relymander oropálan nígaudner Expe Benur tan maralokor Hespidos parábarror abbar downse 8° de perpou pomoblymores prégar rapous' déterr apishedr als depar birds Ixelan recess reports progue rd ner Beder docklar Eppage Enge napul pila' de Aportos, ond pilan elias arrepolos parepés modepur de dung deta on nap donas Myerd ure sein! Iche junephy delie THE STREET PARTY Auplar andone

### 27.—SIMIAS. THE EGG

of a twittering mother, a Borien a gatingale, receive it with a right Lo here a new welt the mother whose shrilly of the Gods took at up from beneath its dear it among the tribes of men and bade thincresso ts number onward more and more -that number keaping the while due order of rhythms-from a one-footed measure ever unto a ful, ten measures and quickly he made fat from above the awiftly slauting alope of its vagrant feet, strik ing, as he went on, a mothey strain indeed but a right concordant ary ing exchange of limbs with the nimble fawns good will, for pure was The touch voiced beraid mother's wings, and cast throes did labour for at of the Pierison, and mak

the awift cluidren of the

pler 4 pas

## To be read thus .

these fawns through im-mortal desire of their

foot-starting stag. - Now

al passing with far

after the beloved test,

dear dam do rosh apase

Apólopus de Bujug Bigo: de yeap drypies TH TOO KTAIN MON Ampies andones Kerthar MOT - DOS

To pale dady spelled "Epplies tage napol pen' is Aporum, bad place they arequire parpet

Afreid uir soin" ton parpor 660s

slender-ankled Nymphs,

all at once some

sheepand the coves of the

with a bleat they go by the mountain pastures of the thousand feading

L/S

that friendly nurse, and

helitops in the track of

beaving their achoing ory in the dense fold of his gruel-hearted beast, reherrs of in unitou perophywes perar report defeat Apistador eta Kupar denda Ixolar ndorasor reporta fusikar

den, leaps speedily forth of the bed of his rocky Trust Birms our randiador Heplicon pandiounes audain, θούς δ' δπερθεν δια λέχρισν φέρου νεύμα ποδών σποράδων πιφαυσητη

lair with intent to eatch me of the wandering progeny of that dappled mother, and then swiftly ral 8" ausporto mosto pulsa umpos picom" alpa uest unpoenta unidor, Boais In' alchais selepois kah ahhharam aparadeus khaman rekeosim

ollowing the sound of Bangal 8 olar noarbefran de' apéar vous Esar rancoquese és de' dersa Nuudón твем крамный бтер вприу венеми так дофин кат ардыка Тунуз тейнуя

nal tie hydbyves dydlandrer ally adder ohg er nodry beldyneres Badayar puzandry dippearer phasers of ahmen boous' elvis, parple magneres parkeeses Bahlas ehsiv teass

their ory straightway darketh through the shaggy dell of the snowswift as theirs urged that recowned God the abour, as he sped the mentiold measures of the nder den Boûr deodr pelifeur, by kipaj hápier repalbhar ar defar laorrae dynas табет дв бабрын млитат Геа волга дохем пост положна ретил рабора родина.

#### 28.--ΑΝΑΣΤΑΣΙΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΤΡΑΥΛΟΥ

Είτ την σταύρωσιν

Χριστος έπὶ σταυροίο πεπαρμένος ἡν ποτε γυμνός, μεσσοθι, ληιστήρας έχων έκατερθε παγεντας καὶ μιν άκηχεμενη λεγεως όλοφυρετα μητηρ λύγδην ἱσταμενη, και παρθενος άλλος έταιρος καὶ μιν καγχαλοωντες ἐνεἰκεον ἀνδρες ὁδίται καὶ μιν καγχαλοωντες ἐνεἰκεον ἀνδρες ὁδίται καὶ μιν καγχαλοωντες ἐνεἰκεον ἀνδρες ὁδίται καὶ οἰ δεψαλίψ στυγερην ὥρεξε ποτήτα λαὸς Ἰουδαιων αθεμίστιος, αιματοχάρμης, ὁξει πιρνάμενος πικρὸν δεπας, είδαρ ὁλεθρου. ἀλλ' ἀκεων τετάννστο καὶ οὐκ ἀπαμυνετο Χριστός, 10 Χριστος, ὁ καὶ Μαριης και άθανατον πατρος νίος. ταῦτα τις ἀνθρωπων ἀγερωχος νήπιος ἔσται κηρι λογιζομενος καὶ ὁρωμενος ἐν πινακεσσιν- ἀνδρος γαρ θεος ἐστιν, ὁ δε βροτος οὐδεν ἀρείων.

#### 29.—IFNATIOT

'Ιγνάτιος πολλήσεν έν άμπλακίησε βεώσας, έλλεπον ήδυφαους ήελισιο σελας και νύν ές δυοφερον κατακευθομαι ένθαδε τύμβον, σέμοι ψυχή μου μακρά κολαζομένος άλλά, πριτά (βροτος είμε, συ δ άφθετος ήδ' έλεήμων), δ Γλαθε, Γλαθέ μοι διματε εύμενει

#### 30.-TOY AYTOY

Είς Παθλον μοναχόν

Σώμα μέν, ούκ άρετην όδε τύμβος νέρθε κέκευθε κεδνού Παύλοιο: ώστε γαρ ήελίου

#### 68 ANASTASIUS THE LISPER

#### On Christ Crucyfied

Causer once was mailed naked on the cross, in the midst, with roboers crucified on either side. And His Mother, grieving sore, bewailed Him loudly, standing by and sobling, and mother, His virgin companion. And the wayfarers mocked and revided Him in His misery, calling Him a man of no account or courage. And the wicked and blashthristy people of the Jews offered Him, when He thirsted, an abomicable crins, filling a bitter cup with vinegar, the potion of death. But Christ, outstreteded there, was a bint and resisted not, Christ, the Son of Mary and an immortal Father. A proud man shall be as an infant when he reflects on that in his heart and sees it in pictures, for God is better than men, but arm in ho way better than God.<sup>2</sup>

#### 29.-IGNATIUS

I, I matter, who haved in many sins, have left the brightness of the sweet sunlight, and here I am hidden in a dark tomb, my soul enduring, alas! long numbranent. But, O Judge (I am a mortal and thou eternal and a creatal), look on me graciously with beingment eye.

#### 30.—By The SANE

#### On the Monk Paul

This tomb hides beneath it the body, not the virtue, of renowned Paul, for his admirable dis-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> St. John.

<sup>&</sup>quot; This hat line is so pilly that I think it must be corrupt,

τοῦδέ γ' ἀπαστράπτουσιν ἀριπρεπέες λόγοι αἴγλη, ήδ' ἀρετῆς κάματοι εὐχος έχουσι μέγα. εἴκοσιν ές λυκαβαντας ίδὲ τρισὶν ἥρκεσε γαίη, ζήσας δ' αὖ λογικώς ἐσθλὸν ἔδεκτο τέλος

#### 31 -TOY AYTOY

Σίς Σαμουηλ διακουν τῆς μεγαλης ἐκκλησίας Ίερὸς ἐν λαγόνεσσι Σαμουὴλ κεύθεται γαίης, πάντα λιπὼν Βιότου, ὅσσα περ εἰχε, θεῷ καὶ νῦν εὐσεβέων εἰσεδραμε φαίδιμον αὐλήν, δόξαν ὑπὲρ μεγάλων ληψόμενος καμάτων.

#### 32.—APEOA AIAKONOT

Γεγονοτος δε καλ άρχιεπισκόπου Καισαρείας Καππαδοκίας

#### Έπὶ τῆ ίδια άδελφή

Εί καί μοι λύχνον αίωνος ταχύς έσβεσεν οίτος, λαμπάδος ήμετέρης φέγγος άμερσαμενος, άλλα γ' άρ' ήρκεσε λυσση έξε κακότητος ο δαίμων πάσαν έμην τελέσαι στυγναλεην Βιοτήν θήκε με χήρην έγγυς δειρομένου μοι μαζού, ñ οδο έπλ τέκνον ίδον καλον άθυρομενον, ήδυ τοκεύσεν άγαλμα παραγκάς τῷ γέ με πένθος άτλητον μαλερώ τηκεδονος δάμασε πυρσφ. τρείς πρός έεικοσ' έποιχομένην ένιαυτούς έσχεν τύμβος όδε ξεινοδόκος γενεθλης 10 ημετέρης ένθ' ύφηνον γενετήρες άπασι γηραλέοι θρήνου τιλλόμενοι πολιήν, καί χορός εύγενεων στενάχοντες άδελφων Αννης μνωμενοι άσπασιως είδεος άγλαίης.

courses are dazzling as the light of the sun, and the labours of his virtue have great giory. For twenty years and three he endured on earth, and having lived conforms by to the Word, met with a good end.

#### 31 -By THE SAME

On Samuel, Deacon of the Great Church

Holy Samuel ics had in the womb of earth, having left all the possessions he had to God, and now he hath entered the bright court of the mous to receive glory for me great labours.

#### 32 -ARETHAS - THE DEACON,

Who hecame also Augustatop of Carbages in Cappadicia

On his own Sister

Even if swift fate has put out the lamp of my nie, depriving my torch of its light, yet did my evil demon satisfy the fury of his spite in making all my life wretched. He made me a widow early just as my breasts were swelling, nor did I look on a fair child at play, the sweet jewel in a parent's arms. Therefore did mourning overcome me by the cruel torch of decline. In my twenty-third year did this tomb, the hospice of my race, receive me. There did my aged parents weave for all a dirge, tearing their grey hair, and the company of Anna's noble brothers groaned as they bethought them fondly of the brilliance of her beauty

Arethas (tenth century a h.) is now best known as the owner of a fine library, from which some of our most precious MSS. (sater alia the Bodleian Plate) come.

#### 33.—TOY AYTOY

Είς την αύτην

ā

10

10

Το σεμνών ήθος, την φιλάνθρωπον χάριν, το προς τεκοντας του τροπου πειθήνιον (αίδως γαρ ήγεν ως διδασκαλος μέγας παρων), τα λαμπρά τοῦ γένους γνωρισματα, και τας φιλανδρους ένστασεις προς την φύσιν κλουούσαν άστηρικτα χηρείας βια, άντεμπλοκή δε κρειττόνων ήττωμένην! (ἀφ' ὧν τὰ φαιδρά στέμματα προς ἀξίαν μονανδρον έκλειμπουτα, την παρρησίαν "Αυνης άμαυρούν ου δυνησεται τάφος. παυτων γαρ αυτής ούδαμώς λάθοι στόμα καλου φερούσης νουθετημα το βιφ εί δ' ούν, λαλήσει και γραφή παντων πλέον αύτη παρ' αύτον τον ταφού τεθειμενή.

#### 34.--TOY AYTOY

Είς Φεβρωνίων μοναχήν

Δράσε τι που καλ νερτερίοις μετά πνεύμασιν άνδρών Φεβρωνία έῆς σύμβολα συμπαθιης, εί τις κάνθαδε χρειώ άφνειών ης πένησιν. ούδε γαρ ούδ' αύτου της σφετερης ές άπαν ψυχαί ληθουται μεγαθυμων εψεργείης. έμπα γε μπν αίων ήμετερου βιότου άρκιος είη θείου έπὶ προέμεν θάλαμου μιν Χριστού, τον ρα νι ον σεμνον έλ' άφθοριης, λαμπάδ έλαίφ φαιδρινουσα φιλοπτωχείης. ής τοδε σημ' ύπνου γνώθε πολυχρονίου.

So Boimonaile - érrequires M8.

#### 33.-By THE SAME

#### On the Same

The tomb shall not have power to obscure the austere virtue of Apin, the grace of her kindness, her submissive ways towards her parents (for modesty was with her like a great teacher and guided her), the brilliant characteristics of her race, her resultance, owing to love of her his said to nature which tried to shake her unsupported will have been force, but was overcome by her chingung to the Higher Powers (whence the bright crowns shoning forth in testimony of her worth in refusing to re-wed), in d finally her frankness. For the months of all can by no means forget her who gave so good an admonstrain by her life. But if they do, this inscription placed beside her tomb shall speak more than all.

#### 34.—By TUE SAME

#### On the Nun Ecbronia

Franceia must surely have given some token of her sympathy to the spirits below likewise, if there, too, the poor have need of the wealthy for not even there do the some of the generous forget entirely their beneficence. But in any case the space of our life! would stiffee to send her forth to the holy bridal enamber of Christ, whom she took as the bridegroom of her chastity, keeping bright her lamp with the oil of love for the poor. Learn that this is the monument of her long, long sleep.

<sup>1</sup> i.e her goor works whom alive

#### 35.-ΘΕΟΦΑΝΟΥΣ

Είθε κρίνου γενόμην άργευναου, όφρα με χερσίν άρσαμενη μάλλον σής χροτιής κορέσης.

#### 36 -КОМИТА

' Αμφοτέρας, πολύμυθε, Κομητάς σεῖο ἀθρήσας κύρβεις γηραλέας, θῆκεν ἀειθαλέας.

#### 37-TOY AYTOY

Είς την ύπ' αὐτοῦ διωρθωμετην 'Ομήρου ποίησω

Σείο βίβλους, μεγάθυμε, Κομητάς, "Ομηρε, δύ ἄρδην εύρων γηραλέας, τευξατο όπλοτέρας γήρας ἀποξυσας γαρ άριπρεπέας τε βροτοίσι παμπαν έδειξε σοφοίς, οίσιν ἔνεστι νόος.

#### 38.—TOY AYTOY

#### Είς το αὐτό

Είρων Κομητάς τάς 'Ομηρειους βίβλους έφθας μένας τε κούδαμως έστιγμένας, στίξας διεσμίλευσα ταύτας έντέχνως, την σαπρίαν ρύψας μέν ως άχρηστίαν, γράψας δ' έκαινούργησα την εύχρηστίαν. έντεῦθεν οἱ γράφοντες οὐκ ἐσφαλμένως μαθητιώσιν, ως ἔοικε μανθάνειν.

5

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}_{9}$  cp. the anonymous couplets, Book V  $\,$  85, 80.  $^{\circ}_{9}$  i.e. Homer

#### 35.—THEOPHANES

Would I could be a white lily that thou mightest take me up in thy hands and sate me still more with thy skin 1

#### 36.-COMETAS

TELLER of many tales, Counctas, seeing both thy tables were aged, made them ever asting.

#### 37.-By THE SAME

On the Poems of Homer corrected by him

GREAT-SOURD Homer, Cometas having found thy books utterly aged, made them younger, for, having scraped off their old age, he exhibited them in new brilliancy to those of the learned who have understanding.

#### 36.—By THE SAME

#### On the Same

I, COMETAS, finding the books of Homer corrupt and quite unpunctuated, punctuated them and polished them artistically, throwing away the filth as being useless, and with my hand I rejuvenated what was useful. Hence writers now desire to learn them not erroneously, but as is proper

<sup>2</sup> This Cometas, who lived probably at about the date of the compilation of the Anthology (terth century s.D.), made, as we see from this and the following opigram, a corrected text of Homor

#### 39.—IFNATIOT

Είς τὰ αὐτοῦ

' Ιγυάτιος τάδε τεθξε σοφής πολύιδρις ἀοιδής. Ίγυάτιος τάδε τεθξεν, δε ἐς φάος ήγαγε τέχνην γραμματικήν, λήθης κευθομενην πελιυγει.

204

Τὰ τοῦ Πλάτωνος ἐξερευνήσας βάθη τὰ τῶν λογισμῶν ἐξερίζωσας πάθη.

#### 40.--КОМИТА

Όππότε Παμμεδέοντοι εὐς παις, ὖρχαμος ἀνδρῶν, δς πᾶσι θνητοῖσι καὶ ἀθανάτοισιν ἀνάσσει, ἀσπαλιεῦσιν έειπε μαθητήσιν πινυτοῖσις ''Λάζαρος ἄμμι φίλος φάος ἔλλιπεν ἡελίοιο οῦποτε, τόφρα κέκευθε τεθρήμερον ἀπλετος αἰα.'' ε ἀλλ' ἀνεω ' μὲν ἔκειτο, μεμικώς χείλεα συγή, σῶμά τε πυθομενος καὶ ὀστέα καὶ χρόα καλον, ψυχὴ δ' ἐκ ἡεθεων πταμένη ἄίδοσδε κατῆλθεν, ἀρητον δὲ φίλοισι γοον καὶ πένθος ἔθηκεν, ἐκ πάντων δὲ μάλιστα Μαρθη Μαρίη τε ὁμαίμοις 10 αὐτοκασιγνήταις .

ψυχής γαρ φιλέεσκου άδελφεου, όστις έκειτο μεσσόθι εν νεκαδεσσιν άκήριος, άψυχος αύτως τοῦ πότμου γοόωσαι όδυρόμεναι τε εθρήνευν, σηματος έκτοθι οὖσαι καὶ έξομεναι περὶ τύμβω. ὄφρα μὲν ἡέλιος τρίτον ἥνυσεν ἦμαρ ἐς αἰαν, τόφρα δὲ κάν νεκάδεσσιν ἐτήκετο Λάζαρος ἄπνους ἀλλ' ὅτε δη τετράτη ῥοδοειδης ἥλυθεν ἦώς,

15

? I write so : 4224 véer MS.

#### 39.-IGNATIUS

On his own Work

learness was the author of these works, highly skilled in learned song, ignatius was their author, he who brought to light the science of grammar hidden in the occan of oblivion.

#### 39 1

By exploring the depths of Plate thou bust aprooted the passions that disturb reasoning

#### 40. -COMETAS

WHEN the good Son of the Ahnighty, carefest of men, who rules over all a ortals and manortals, and to the wise fishermen. His discours, "Taxons our friend one not left yet the light of the sun, while the vast earth covers how these four days," yet speechiess Lazarus lay, his lips closed in silence, his body and hones and goodly flesh decaying, and his soul, taking flight from his lambs, went to Hades, Unspeakable sorrow did he cause to his friends, and most of all to Martha and Mary his own sisters, for from their hearts they loved their brother, who lay without hurt, thus lifeless in the midst of the dead. His fate they amented with wailing and dirges, remaining outside the grave and seated by the tomb. Till the sun made the third day on earth, so long was Lazarus decaying lifeless among the dead But when the fourth rosy dawn came then did the Son-

#### CREEK ANTH-COLD

pay tary in managers from the convertible erware wer because a way from an expension ne washington from the garagement with the firm of the property and of savant of his men from the derivation the angles with the series of the series as 

Il do has make the way their said over home. and he is not therefor to also fine feder dynamy. Adia serve to perform to be forthe anhance. here of it decises of he again extress from emontograph and respect to the a Long Addition to be and the same and freeze and of the same of the organ." too I give the second to be a to be it and

Table to problement about the Tables, said The R. S. S. of the same and represent partners. PTOLOGOUS COMPTO HET STIPL GAMPLESPER e to often a a partial dispersion in a cape managed by a facility of the salary day a paper which by a wayne by any from proces no particle. and a series adverse water have to be a venil ada vers de aucresem quasicultria maio, Apolica Comprise Without the war and contract to a fine to

I more party of 4-all by a representationers report Laurence in discovery to branche harder alors a was true from anal residue a secretar person of the parties, owner where depresent father able one in effetter from the water device from the per tire to beginner and term the store server and discovered to the second discovered haven one to have buy garden arrow to have no grave de "Tragodierre de para Tapas Tabase po de pres assente tados harros dificalmes.

of great God thus speak to His noble friends who were large of fixed who were superior to window to all men, whom He loved marre-ready as if they were the been of God from whose tongues flowed speech sweeter , may have and would have to water mon daken. O my noise heartest friends and als who have total within them list to me aince tool to noth us, that I must say what we beart we may row breast bulk me. Come at as have with an speed to Bethaux where Lanarus was sell line that I may have eterns errown for I go to rune to frend even from He And toose even of seed notice bearied over him answered his book " Lat or ye so I you be seent O say to fir bother. They spoke and the famous f want on country Has described and then in hoste to wed the a most are A night no the trace of the martin must here you furth ever could be get much from the property with a manon differ discrete for own great from But when ther reached the four much bewell then his nathra and friends cost ng themse set at H a feet beam, glit Am ghts Christ We rimp The kneed O had worker eat is the highest managers the Lamence I now district one is given to the lines a of Her. 14 I so havet been here Haden De king of the dead, had pever dured to about the I may art for more research. But a co-m of I see wat I how cannot range him up again. And then the Most High answered, "Where turn he? Dien sur ha they went come to the turnly. When then they showed him and the distributions to find He was distre to and take of the cover of the tomb . But when the deserted tomb of the dead mun les upen then lie who was

καὶ τότε δη μέγ ἄυσε θεὸς μέγας ηδε καὶ ἀνήρ "Λάζαρε, δεύρ ἴθι, κλύθι ἐμεῖο, και ἔρχεο ἔξω." ώς οὖν νεκρὸς ἄκουσε θεοῖο λόγου φήσαντος, λυσιμελης ἀνέδυ, πεπεδημένος, ἔμπνους, ὁδωδως. τὸν καὶ ἰδόντες ὅμιλοι ἐθάμβεον ἐν κραδίησιν. αὐτίκα δ' ὑψιμέδοντα ἐκύδαινου θεὸν ἐσθλόν, και κλέος ἄφθιτον ἔσχε πατήρ μέγας υἰος ἐῆος

55

#### ΕΠΙΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΑ ΕΝ ΤΩΙ ΙΠΠΟΔΡΟΜΩΙ ΚΩΝΣΤΑΝΤΙΝΟΤΠΟΛΕΩΣ

#### 41 --- AAHAON

Είς την είκόνα Κωνσταντίνου ήνωχου

Χάλκεος οὐκ ἔστης Βιόων ἔτι, Κωνσταντίνε ἀντὶ γὰρ εὐκλείης ἤρκεσε βασκανίη. ὡς δὲ βάνες, τότε δή σε πολις ξύμπασα γεραίρει οἰς δύναται τί δὲ σῆς ἄξιον ἰπποσύνης;

#### 42 - AAAO

'Εξότε Κωνσταντίνος έδυ δόμου ''Αιδος είσω, φχετο σύν κείνω πάν κλέος ἡνιόχων

#### 43.--AAAO

Χρύσεον ἀντ' ἀρετῆς γέρας ἔπρεπε Κωνσταντίνφ, οὐδένα τῆς τέχνης τοῖον ἐνεγκαμένης.

I Some scurrelous verses relating to the author and this poom are added in the MS. They are as follows: "Cometas, thou want a Thereites, and how didst them assume the part of Achiles, then wretch? Away with these works of thy unpostical rund, and east to the donce or put on tay own

both great God and man called out aloud, "Lazarus, come hither, hearken to me and come out." But when Lazarus heard the voice of God the Word, he came forth with decaying limbs bound in grave-clothes, breathing, and stinking. The multitudes, when they saw him, marvelled in their hearts, and straight they glorified the good God who ruleth on high, and the great Father of the good Son got Him great glory."

#### EPIGRAMS IN THE HIPPODROME AT CONSTANTINOPLE 2

#### 41 ANONYMOUS

On the Statue of the Character Constantants

Thou didst not stand in bronze while still abver-Constantinus, for envy prevailed against finne. But now on thy death the whole city annours thee as it can, but what is worthy of thy horsemanship?

#### 12 .- On the Same

Since Constantinus entered the house of Hades all the glory of charactering is gone with him

#### 43.-On the Same

CONSTANTINUS deserved a golden gift for his ment, for his art has produced none like to mm. While

humped back these verses full of filth" From a literary point of view, indeed, there is nothing to be said for the production, chiefly made up of Homeric rommiscences.

5 Many others on characteurs will be found at the sud of

the following book.

κουρίζων νίκησεν ἀειδομένους έλατηρας· γηραλέος δὲ νέους δείξεν ἀφαυροτέρους. ὅντινα καὶ μετὰ πότμον ἀειμνήστφ τενὶ θεσμῷ δήμος καὶ βασιλεύς ἵδρυσαν ἀζόμενοι.

#### 44.--AAAO

Els Πορφύριον τον ήνωχου

Πορφύριου ληξαντα πόνων, λύσαντά τε μίτρην, και πάρος άντ' άρετης χάλκεου έσταότα, τήδε πάλιν χαλκοί τε και άργύρου ίδρυσαντο. πρέσβυ, σὺ δὲ ξείνων ἀντιάσας γεράων, δήμου μὲν βοόωντος έλες παλίνορσον ἰμάσθην, ὡς δὲ δὶς ἡβήσας μαίνεαι ἐν σταδίοις.

#### 45.- AAAO

ιδίς Ίσυλιανον τον δρέσχου

Τούτου Τουλιανου, Τυρίης βλίστημα τιθήνης, ήνίοχου πολλούς δεξάμενου στεφάνους, αὐτὸς ἄναξ καὶ δήμος ἄπας καὶ πότυια βουλη ἔστησαυ, κοινὴυ ψήφου ἐνεγκάμενοι. γήραι γαρ σταδίων ἀπεπαύσατο πᾶσι δε φίλτρου κάλλιπευ, οἶσιν ἔρως ἤυθεεν ἀντιπάλων.

#### 46.--AAAO

Είς Πορφύριον τον ήνέοχου

Πορφύριος Λίβυς οὐτος ἀεθλοφόρων δ' ἐπὶ δίφρων μοῦνος παντοδαποὺς ἀμφέθετο στεφάνους. είκη γὰρ βασίλεια μεριζομένη κατὰ δῆμον, χρώμασι καὶ πέπλοις συμμετάβαλλε τύχας.

yet a youth he overcame the celebrated drivers, and in his old age showed that the young were his in feriors. The people and the Emperor, reverencing him even after his death, set up his statue by a decree that will ever be remembered.

#### 44. On Posphyrius the Charioteer

Here they set up again in brass and silver Porphyrius, who formerly, too, stood here in brass owing to his merit, when he had ceased from his labours and unbuckled his he t. Old man, after receiving honours from abroad, thou didst at the lord request of the people take up they map again and dost rage furiously on the course, as if in a second youth.

#### 45. - On Julianus the Charroteer

The Emperor house f, the whole People, at d the reverend Senate, by a common vote erected this statue of Julianus, whose mother and nurse was Tyre, a character who had won many crowns. For m his old age he had retired from the course, leaving regret even to all m whom love of his rivals was strong

#### 46. On Porphyrous he Charvoleer

This Porphyrus was an African, and he aime on his victorious chariot gained crowns of all varieties. For Queen Victory, divided among the factions of the people, changed fortune altogether with colour

<sup>1</sup> For the factions of the circus, see Gibbon ch. xl. Purphyrius had originally driver for one of the other factions. Ever since he began to drive for the Bines, they were victorious.

ήρμοσε δ' αὐτὸν ἔχειν Βενέτοις πλεον, ἔνθεν ἀνέστη ε χρύσεος ἀντ' ἀρετῆς, χάλκεος ἀντὶ πόνων.

#### 47 -- AAAO

Τούτου Πορφύριου Λιβύη τέκε, θρέψε δε 'Ρωμη, Νίκη δ' έστεφάνωσεν άμοιβαδόν, ἄλλοτ' ἀπ' άλλου χρωματος άκρα φέρουτα καρηατι σύμβολα νίκης. πολλάκι γὰρ δήμους ήλλάξατο, πολλάκι πώλους νῦι μὲν ἐων πρώτος, τοτε δ' ἔσχατος, ἄλλοτε μέσσος, β πάντας όμοῦ νίκησε και ἀντιπάλους καὶ ἐταίρους

#### 48.-A1A0

#### ελίε Οθρώνιον τον ήνιοχων

'Ισου κυδαλίμοις, Φαυστινιάδη τε καὶ αὐτῷ Φαυστινφ, Βασιλευς στῆσε παρ' ἀμφοτέροις Οὐράνιου, τῷ δῆμος ἀμετρήτους διὰ νίκας ἡγαθεου Πέλοπος θῆκευ ἐπωνυμίην, "'Ως αἰεὶ τὸυ ομοίου άγει θεὸς ὡς τὸν ομοΐου" τούσδε τις εἰσορόων φθέγξεται ἀτρεκέως.

#### 49.-AAAQ

ä

Σοί καὶ ἀεθλεύοντι μόνω, λήξαντί τ' ἀέθλων τοῦτο γέρας Νικη δὶς πόρεν, Οὐράνιε, δήμου ἀπ' ἀμφοτέροιο σὰ γαρ πάρος ἐν Βενέτοις μὲν εἴκοσι κυδίστων στέμμα φέρεις ἐτέων παύσαο δ' ἰπποσύνης Πρασίνων δέ σε δίζετο δῆμος ε τοῖσδε σὰ μὲν νικην, οῖ δ' ἄρα σοὶ τὸ γερας.

and rob. But it suited the Blues most to have him, and his statue was erected by them of gold because of his ment, of brass because of his pains.

#### 47 - On the Same

Turn Porphyrius was born in Africa, but brought up in Constantialople. Victory crowned him by turns, and he were the highest tokens of conquest in his head, from driving sometimes in one colour and sometimes in another. For often he changed factions and often horses. Being sometimes first, sometimes last, and sometimes between the two, he overcome both all his partisans and all his adversaries.

#### 48 - On Uranian the Character

I is Emperor, regarding him as the equal of the famous characteers, the son of Faustinus and Faustinus himself, erected beside both the statue of Uramus, to whom the people, owing to his count rest victories, gave the name of lordly Pelops. Someone looking on these will say truly, "How doth God ever lead like to like!"

#### 19 -- On the Same

To ther alone, both during thy racing days and after thou hadst ceased to contend, did Victory give this reward thrice, Uranius, from each faction. For formerly among the Blues thou didst wear the crown for twenty illustrious years. But then thou didst cease from horsemanship, and the faction of the Greens sought thee. To them thou didst give victory, and they to take this reward.

1 The above mentioned Constantinus (Nos. 41 43).

Homer, Od. xvii. 218.

#### 50.—AAAO

"Ωφελες όπλα φερειν, οὺ φάρεα ταῦτα κομίζειν, ὡς ἐλατὴρ τελέθων, καὶ πολέμων πρόμαχος. εὖτε γὰρ ἡλθεν ἄνακτος ὀλεσσιτύραννος ἀκωκή, καὶ σὺ συναιχμάζων ἡΨαο ναυμαχίης καὶ διπλής, πολύμητι, σοφώς ἐδραξαο νικης, τῆς μεν πωλομάχου, τῆς δὲ τυραννοφόνου.

ő

#### 5L-APXIOT

#### Είς του Καλυδώντου σύν

Χάλκεος, άλλ' ἄθρησου ὅσου θράσος ἄυυσε καπρου ο πλάστας, έμπνουν θῆρα τυπωσάμενος, χαίτας αὐχενιους πεφρικότα, θηκτὰν ὀδόντα βρύχουτα, γλήναις φρικτον ιέντα σέλας, άφρῷ χείλεα πάντα δεδευμένου οὐκετι θάμβος, εἰ λογαδα στρατιὴν ὥλεσεν ἡμιθέων.

#### 50. -On the Same

Theo shouldst have borne arms and not these robes, as being a driver and also a champion in war For when the tyrant-slaying sword of the emperor went forth thou didst take up arms, too, and join in the battle of the ships, and, muster of many counsels, thou didst skilfally seize on a double victory, that of the chartoteer and that of the tyranmeide.<sup>1</sup>

#### 51 ARCHIAS

#### On the Calpdonium Boar

It is of bronze, but see what strength he contrived to show, the sculptor of the boar, moulding a hving beast with the brist es standing up on its neck, with sharpened tasks, granting and darting term le light from its eyes, all its lips wet with foam. No longer-do we marved that it destroyed a chosen host of demi-gods.



#### BOOK XVI

#### EPIGRAMS OF THE PLANUDEAN ANTHOLOGY NOT IN THE PALATINE MANUSCRIPT

The An hology of Planudos is a seven books, the contents of which are as follows: I Declaratory and Descriptive Engrans: It Satureal Epigrams, II. Separabeal Epigrams, IV. Epigrams or manners, states, etc., V Christodores description of the statues in the gymnasian of the Zanxippus (= Auth. Pat., Book II), and a collection of Epigrams from the Hippodrame in Constantinople., VI. Dedicatory Epigrams, VII. A many Epigrams. As will be seen, while the other Books con am of a small number of Epigrams not included in the Palatine MS, almost the whole of Book IV is abset from the latter, and we can only concave that a Book of the Authology of Cephales was massing in the MS, of which the Palatine MS, is a transcript.

#### 1 -AAMAPHTOT

Ούτ' ἀπό Μεσσανας, ούτ' 'Αργόθεν εἰμὶ παλαιστάς Σπάρτα μοι Σπάρτα κυδιάνειρα πατρίς κείνοι τεχυάεντες έγώ γε μέν, ώς επέοικε τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίων παισί, βία κρατέω.

#### 2.--ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Γνώθι Θεόγνητου προσιδών, του '()λυμπιονίκαν παίδα, παλαισμοσύνας δεξιον ήνίσχου, κάλλιστον μεν ίδειν, άθλειν δ' ού χείρονα μορφής, δη πατέρων ἀγαθών έστεφάνωσε πόλιν.

#### 3.-TOY AYTOY

\*Ισθμα καὶ Πυθοῖ Διοφῶν ὁ Φίλωνος ἐνίκα, ἄλμα, ποδωκείην, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην.

<sup>\*</sup> is he had complete command of the soience,

#### BOOK XVI

#### EPIGRAMS OF THE PLANUDRAN ANTHO-LOGY NOT IN THE PALATINE MANUSCRIPT

#### FROM BOOK I

#### 1.- DAMAGETUS

I am no wrestler from Messenc or from Argos, Sparta, Sparta famous for her men, is my country. Those others are skilled in the art, but I, as becomes the boys of Lacedaemon, prevail by strength

#### 2.—SIMONIDES

Know Theoguetus when thou lookest on him, the boy who conquered at Olympia, the dexterous charioteer of wrestling, most lovely to behold, but in combat nowise inferior to his beauty. He won a crown for the city of his noble fathers.

#### 3.—By THE SAME

Diornos, the son of Philo, was victor at the Isthman and Pythian games in jumping, fleetness of foot, throwing the quoit, throwing the javelin, and wrestling.<sup>3</sup>

5 i.e. in the pentatinon.

<sup>1</sup> The gens of the Midylidae at Argina.

#### 4 -ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Τίνας αν είποι λογους Έκτωρ τιτρωσκόμει ος έπο Έλλήνων Βάλλετε νύν μετα πότμον έμου δέμας, όττι και αύτοί νεκρού σώμα λέοντος έφυβρίζουσι λαγωοί.

#### 5.-AAKAIOT

\* Αγαγε καὶ Ξέρξης Πέρσαν στρατον 'Ελλάδος ἐς γᾶν, καὶ Τέτος εὐρείας ἄγαγ' ἀπ' Ἱταλιας ἀλλ' ὁ μὲν Εὐρώπα δοῦλον ζυγὸν αὐχένι θήσων ἢλθεν, ὁ δ' ἀμπαύσων 'Ελλαδα δουλοσύνας

#### 6.—AAHAON

Κοίρανος Εὐρώπας, ὁ καὶ εἰν άλὶ και κατὰ χέρσον τοσσον ἄναξ θνατῶν, Ζευς ὅσον ἀθανάτων, εἰνοδία τα λάφυρ' Ἑκάτα θρασέος Κιροάδα, καὶ τέκνων, καὶ ὅλας γὰς ἔθετ' Ὀδρυσίδος, υίὸς ἐνμμελία Δαματρίου ά δὲ Φιλίππου δύξα πάλιν θείων ἄγχι βέβακε θρόνων

5

#### 6A-HANTEARIOT

Els Καλλίμαχον καὶ Κυναεγειρον

"Ω κενεοῦ καμάτοιο καὶ ἀπρήκτου πολέμοιο ἡμετέρφ βασιλῆι τι λέξομεν ἀντιάσαντες, ὁ βασιλεῦ, τί μ' ἔπεμπες ἐπ' ἀβανάτους πολεμιστάς; βάλλομεν, οὺ πίπτουσι τιτρώσκομεν, οὺ φοβέονται.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Titus Quinctins Flammings, who in the year 196 a.c. proclaimed the freedom of Greece.

#### THE PLANUDRAN APPENDIX

#### 4.-Амонуморя

What Hector would say when wounded by the Greeks

STRIKE my body now after my death, for the very hares insult the body of a dead hon.

#### 5.-ALCAEUS OF MESSENE

Born Xerkes led a Persian host to the land of Hellas, and Titus, too, led there a host from broad Itary, but the one meant to set the yoke of savery on the neck of Europe, the other to put an end to the servitude of Herlas.

#### 6.—Anonymous

The sovereign lord of Europe, who by sea and land is as much the King of mortals as Zeus of immortals, the son of Demetrius, wielder of the strong spear, dedicated to Hecate of the roadside this booty won from hold Ciroadas, his children, and all the land of the Odryslans. Once more has the glory of Philip mounted near to the thrones of the gods.

#### 6A.—PANTELEUS

On Caliunachus and Cynaegirus, the Atheman Capiains of Marathon

O empry toil and ineffective war! What shall we say when we meet our king? O King, why didst thou send me against immortal warriers? We shoot them and they fail not, we wound them and they

 $^2$  This probably refers to the expedition of Philip against the Odrysians in 183 s.o.

The verses are supposed to be spoken by a Persian.

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μούνος άνηρ σύλησεν όλον στρατόν ' έν δ' ἄρα μέσσφ δ αίματόεις έστηκεν, άτείρεος ' Αρεος εἰκών, δένδρον δ' ώς έστηκε σιδηρείαις ύπὸ ῥίζαις, κοὺκ ἐθέλεν πεσεειν τάχα δ' ἔρχεται ἔνδοθι νηῶν. λῦς, κυβερνήτα, νέκυος προφύγωμεν ἀπειλάς.

#### 7.—AAKAIOT

Σύμφωνου μαλακοίσι κερασσάμενος θροου αὐλοίς Δωροθεος γοερούς έπνεε Δαρδανίδας, καὶ Σεμέλας ὡδῖνα κεραύνιου, ἔπνεε δ΄ ἵππου ἔργματ', ἀειζώων ἀψάμενος Χαρίτων μοῦνος δ΄ εἰν ἱεροίσι Διωνύσοιο προφήταις Μώμου λαιψηράς εξέφυγε πτέρυγας, Θηβαίος γενεήν, Σωσικλέος- ἐν δὲ Λυαίου νηῷ φορβειὰν ¹ θήκατο καὶ καλάμους.



#### 8.-TOY AYTOY

Ο υκέτ' ανὰ Φρυγίηυ πιτυοτρόφου, ῶς ποτε, μέλ/ψεις, κροῦμα δι' εὐτρήτωυ φθεγγο μευος δουάκων, οὐδ' ἔτι σαῖς παλάμαις Τριτω υίδος ἔργου 'Αθάνας, ὡς πριν, ἐπαυθήσει, νυμφογενες Σάτυρε. δὴ γάρ ἀλυκτοπέδαις σφίγγη χέρας, οὐνεκα Φοιβφ, θυατὸς ἐων, θείαν εἰς ἔριν ἡντίασας.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The MSS, have φορμηγια, <sup>1</sup> yre, <sup>2</sup> which, however, does not seen.

#### THE PLANUDEAN APPENDIX

fear not. A angle man laid low a whole host, and covered with blood he stands in the midst, the image of tireless Ares he stands like a tree with iron roots and will not fail, and soon he will be in the ships. Loose the cable, captain, let us escape from the dead man's threats.

#### 7—ALCAEUS OF MESSENE

Mixino in harmony with the singer's voice the notes of his soft flate, Dorotheus, having come in touch with the deathless Graces, piped the nouroful Trojans and Semele, slain in her labour by the levin-brand, and he piped the exploit of the horse. He alone among the holy prophets of Dionysus escaped the nimble wings of Blaine. By birth he was a Thelian, son of Sosicies, and in the temple of Dionysus he dedicated his mouth- and and reed-pipes.

#### 8.—By the Same On Mariyas

No longer in Phrygia, the nurse of pines, as ere while, short thou play, speaking music through thy deftry pieced reeds, nor in thy hands shall the craftsmanship of Intonian Athena bloom again as erst it did, O Satyr, son of a Nomph. For now thy wrists are bound tight with gives, for that thou, a mortal, didst encounter Phoebus in a strife meet but

The words containly might be taken to imply that the sound was that of an own votes and that he sung to the flute but yet the post meant to understand that he played on it accompanying a singer \_\_\_\_\_ \* The Trojan heree.

se his double flote. The mount band was used for

regulating the force of the breath

Athena was said to have invented the flute, but cast it away in diagnot because it many red her. It was picked up by Marsyas.

λωτοί δ' οἱ κλάζουτες ἔσου φόρμυγγι μελιχρὸυ ὤπασαν ἐξ ἀεθλων οὐ στέφος, ἀλλ' ἀίδαν,

#### 9.--AAHAON

<sup>3</sup>Ω γαστήρ κυνόμυια, δί ήν κόλακες παράσιτοι ζωμοῦ πωλοῦσιν θεσμον ελευθερίης.

#### ΕΡΜΟΚΡΕΟΝΤΟΣ

"Ίζευ ύπο σκιεράν πλάτανου, ξένε, τάνδε παρέρπων, ἄς ἀπαλῷ Ζεφυρος πυεύματι φύλλα δουεί, ἔνθα με Νικαγόρας κλυτόν είσατο Μαιάδος Έρμᾶν, ἀγροῦ καρποτόκου ῥύτορα καὶ κτεάνων.

#### 12.—AQHAON

Έρχευ, και κατ' ἐμὰν ἵζευ πίτυν, ὰ το μελιχρὸν πρὸς μαλακοὺς ἡχεῖ κεκλιμένα Ζεφύρους. ἡνίδε καὶ κρούνισμα μελισταγές, ἔνθα μελίσδων ἡδυν ἐρημαίοις ὕπνον ἄγω καλάμοις.

#### 13 -- ΠΛΑΤΩΝΟΣ

'Τψίκομον παρά τάνδε καθίζεο φωνήεσσαν φρίσσουσαν πυκινοῖς κῶνον ὑπὰ Ζεφύροις, καί σοι καχλάζουσιν ἐμοῖς παρὰ νάμασι σύριγξ θελγομένων ἄξει κῶμα κατὰ βλεφάρων.

#### THE PLANUDEAN APPENDIX

for gods. And the flutes that shrill a note as noneyed as his lyre's won for thee from the contest no crown but death

#### 9. -Anonymous

O pos rua 1 belly, through whom parasite fawners sell for a sop the law of liberty

#### 10. = Book IX. 118

#### 11.—HERMOGREON

SEAT thee, stranger, as thou passest by, under this shady plane-tree, whose leaves the west wind shakes with its gentle blast, here where Nicagoras set me up, Hermes, the famous son of Maia, to be the guardian of his fruitful field and his cattle

#### 12 -ANONYMOUS

#### On a Statue of Pan

Come and sit under my pine that murmurs thus sweetly, bending to the soft west wind. And see, too, this fountain that drops honey, beside which, playing on my reeds in the solitude, I bring sweet sleep.

#### 13.---PLATO

Sir down by this high-foliaged vocal pine that quivers in the constant western breeze, and beside my plashing stream Pan's pipe shall bring slumber to thy charmed eyelids.

La importunate.

### 14 - ZHNOAOTOY

Τις γλύψας του "Κρωτα παρά κρημησιν έθηκευ. οἰομενος παύσειν τοῦτο το πιρ ὕδατι.

### 15.-ΑΔΠΑΟΝ



Ο πρίν ἀκι Βρομίου μεμεθυσμένος οἰνάδι πηγή, σύντροφος εὐασταῖς, αἰγοπυδης Σάτυρος διχθαδιου κατὰ κῶλου άλυκτοπέδησι λυγωθεις έντεα παιδί θεάς χαλκοτορεί Θέτιδος, οὐ σοφὰν ἐκ τέχνας ἀσκῶν πόνον, ἀλλὰ πενιχρὰν ἐργάτιν ἐκ μόχθων βυόμενος βιστάν.

### 15λ.—ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

 Πού σοι κείνα κύπελλα, λαφύστιε, πού καλὰ θύρσων †πήγματα,¹ και κώμοι, σκιρτοπόδη Σάτυρε, τίς σε παρὰ σμίλαισι, ποδικροτον ἄμμα καθάψας, θήκατο, τον Βρομιώ σπάργαν ἐλιξάμενου.

β. Ασχήμων δνόεια, καὶ ὁ παντολμος ἀνάγκα, ἄ με παρ' Ἡφαίστω θήκε μαριλοπόταν.

L TATYMETE Ruhnken, which I render

### 14.—ZENODOTUS

Who carred Love and placed him by the fountain, thinking to shill this fire with water?

### 15.-Анонумова

The goat-footed Satyr, once ever tipsy with the winy fount of Bromus, once the commute of the Baccasanals, now, both his ankies bound fast in fetters, works in brass the arms for the son of goddess Thetis, not practising the skilled labour of an artist, but sustaining by too his needy, drudging life.1

#### LDA.—ANONY MOUS

A Where are those cups of time, thou tippler, where the thyrse beautifully entwined, and thy revels, O numble-footed Satyr? Who set thee to the chisel, making fast thy feet in welded fetters, thee who didst once wrap Bacchas in swaddling bands? B. Hideous want and all enduring necessity, which have put me beside Hephaestus to drink coaldust.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The work of art to which this and the following refer represented a Satyr, in place of a Cyclops, engaged in working for Hephsesius at Acardes' armour

#### 16. AAHAON

Πᾶν τὸ περιττὸν ἄκαιρον ἐπεὶ λόγος ἐστὶ παλαιός, ώς καὶ τοῦ μέλιτος το πλεον ἐστὶ χολή.

### .7.-ΑΔΕΣΗΟΤΟΝ



Π ΙΙάν, φερβομέναις ἱερὰν φάτιν ἄπνε ποίμναις, κυρτὸν ὑπὲρ χρυσέων χεῖλος ἱεἰς δονάκων, ὅφρ' αἱ μὲν λευκοῖο βεβριθύτα δώρα γάλακτος οὕθασιν ἐς Κλυμένον πυκνὰ φέρωσι δόμον, σοὶ δὲ καλῶς βωμοῖσι παριστήμενος πόσις αἰγῶν 5 φοίνιον ἐκ λασίου στήθεος αἰμ' ἐρύγη.

#### 18.—AAHAON

Τέρπε δανειζομενος την σην φρένα τοίς δε δανεισταίς κάλλιπε την ψήφων δακτιλοκαμψοδύνην.

#### $19. - A\Delta HAON$

"Εἰρήνη πάντεσσιν," ἐπίσκοπος εἶπεν ἐπελθών. πῶς δύναται πάσιν, ἢν μόνος ἔνδον ἔχει;

# 194.--ΗΡΟΔΙΚΟΥ ΒΑΒΥΛΩΝΙΟΥ

Φεύγετ', 'Αριστάρχειοι, ἐπ' εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης Έλλάδα, τῆς ξουθῆς δειλότεροι κεμάδος,

#### 16.-A NONYMOUS

At: that is superfluous is inopportune, for there is an old saying that too much of even honey is gat.

#### 17.—Anonymous

O Pan, sound a ho y air to the feeding flocks, running thy curved lips over the golden reeds, that they may often bring home to Clymenus teeming gifts of white milk in their idders, and that the lord of the she-goats, standing in comely wise at thy altar, may belch the red blood from his shaggy breast.

#### 18.—Anonymode

DELIGHT thy son by borrowing and leave to the lenders the cramp they get in their fingers by bending them to handle the reckning counters.

# FROM BOOK H

#### 19,--ANONYMOUS

"Prace (Irene) he to all said the bishop on all appearance. How can she accompany all, when he alone has her within?"

#### 194 -HERODICUS OF BABYLON

Away with you from Greece, ye scholars of Aristarchus, take flight over the broad back of the sea, more fearful than the brown antelope, ye who buzz

Probably written about Disserves, bishop of Alexandria, who is known to have had a concubine named Irene.

γωνιοβόμβυκες μουσσύλλαβοι, οἶσι μέμηλε τὸ σφιν και σφῶιν, καὶ το μὶν ἡδὲ το νίν τούθ' ὑμὶν εἴη, δυσπέμφελοι 'Ηροδίκω δε 'Ελλὰς ἀεὶ μίμνοι καὶ θεύπαις Βαβυλων

1

### 20.-AMMIANOT

 Ρήτορα Μαθρου ίδων ἀπεθαύμασα, τὸν βαρύχειλου, τέχνης ἡητορικής δαίμονα λευκοφόρου.

#### 21 -AAHAON

Βίς Νικόλαον Πατριάρχην 'Αλεξανδρείας

\*Ος βασιλεῖς ἐδάμασσε, καὶ ἡνορέην κατέπαυσεν ἀντιπάλων, πατέρων εἶνεκευ εὐνομίης, οὐτος ὑπὸ σμικρῷ κατάκειται σήματι τῷδε, ἀρχιερεὺς Χριστοῦ Νικόλεως γεγαώς. ἀλλ' ἀρετὴ πολύολβος ἐπέπτατο πείρατα κόσμου, ὅ καὶ ψυχὴ μακάρων ἀμφιπολεῦ θαλάμους. τοιην γὰρ βιστὴν ποθέεσκεν ἐὼν ἐπὶ γαίης, σῶμα καλόν πιέσας κυδαλίμοις καμάτοις.

### 22.-AAHAON

Στήλην εύνομίης καὶ σωφροσύνης δυάθημα, εἰκόνα Νικόλεω στήσατο Γρηγόριος

### 23.—ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΤ

Εἰπόν, τίς, τίνος ἐσσί, τίνος πατρίδος, τί δὲ νικῆς,
 Κασμύλος, Εὐαγόρου, Πύθια πύξ, Ῥόδιος.

in corners and talk of monosyllables, whose business is "spain" and "sphore and "min" and "nin." Let these things be yours, ye fretful men, but may Hel'as and divine Babylon ever remain for Herodicus.

### 20.-AMMIANUS

I MARVELLED when I saw the rhetor Maurus, the heavy-ipped and write-robed demon of the art of Rhetoric

### FROM BOOK III

#### 21 — Анонумова

On Nicolous, Patriorch of Arczandria

He who subdued kings and put an end to the arrogance of the enemy, defending the orthodoxy of the Fathers, Nicolaus, the log i-priest of Carist, hes under this little monument. But his most vich virtue took wing to the ends of the world, and his spirit dwells in the chambers of the blest. For such a blessed life he desired while yet on earth, afflicting his comely body by glorious labours.

#### 22.--Anonymous

Granding set up the image of Nicolaus, a pillar testifying to his orthodoxy and a tribute to his temperance.

#### 23.- SIMONIDES

A SAY who thou art, whose son, from what country, and in what a victor B. Casmylus, son of Evagores, a Rhodian, victor in poxing at the Pythian games.

#### 24.—TOY AYTOY

Μίλωνος τόδ' ἄγαλμα καλού καλον, δς ποτί Πίση ἐπτικε νικήσας, δς γόνατ' οὐκ ἔπεσεν.

### 25.-ΦΙΛΙΠΠΟΥ

Τον έκ Σινώπης εί κλύεις Δαμόστρατον, πίτυν λαβόντα την κατ 'Ισθμον εξάκις, τούτον δεδορκας οῦ κατ' εύγυρον πάλην ψάμμον πεσόντος νότον οὐκ ἐσφραγισεν, ίδ ἐς πρόσωπον θηρόθυμον, ὡς ἔτι σώζει παλαιὰν τὰν ὑπὲρ νίκας ἔριν. λέγει δ ὁ χαλκος "΄ Α βάσις με λυσάτω χώς ἔμπνοος νῦν ἔβδομον κονισομαι."

ā

### 26. ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Δίρφυσς έδμήθημεν ύπο πτυχύ σήμα δ' έφ' ήμεν έγγύθεν Εὐρίπου δημοσία κέχυται, οὐκ ἀδίκως· έρατὴν γὰρ ἀπωλέσαμεν νεότητα, τρηχείαν πολέμου δεξάμενοι νεφέλην.

### 26λ.--ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Τοῦδ' ἀρετὰ καὶ δυξα καθ' Ἑλλάδα, πολλά μέν ἀλλαῖς.

πολλά δὲ καὶ βουλαῖς ἔργα πουησαμένου 'Αρκάδος αἰχμητὰ Φιλοποίμενος, ῷ μέγα κῦδος ἔσπετ' ἐνὶ πολέμφ, δούρατος ἀγεμόνι:

A stream at Olympia.

<sup>\*</sup> Laterally 'I will powder myself again" as wreetlers did before a match.

#### 24.—By THE SAME

THE IS a beautiful statue of beautiful Milo, who, by the banks of Pisa, conquered seven times and never once fell on his knees.

### 25.—PHILIPPUS

Is thou hast ever heard of Demostratus from Smope, who twice won the Ist imian pine-wreath, it is he whom thou lookest on, he whose back never left its seal on the sand from a fall in hinber wrestling bouts. Gaze at his countenance animated by pluck like a savage beast's, how it preserves its ancient look of keenness to win. And the bronze says, "Let my base set me free, and like a living man I will dight me again for the combat."

### 26.—SIMONIDES

We fell under the fold of Dirphys, and our funeral mound was raised near the Europus by our country And not undeservedly—for we lost our de ightful youth facing the rugged cloud of hattle.<sup>3</sup>

# 26a.—Anony mous

# On Philopoemen

His valour and his glory are known throughout Greece, this man who wrought many things by his might and many by his counsels, the Arcadian warrior Philopoemen, the captain of the spearmen, whom great fame followed in the war. The two trophies

\* On the Athenians who fell in the victory over the Chalcidians in 504 a.c. See Herodotus v. 77 Dirphys is a mountain in Euboca.

μανυει δε τρόπαια τετυγμένα δισσά τυράννων Σπάρτας αὐξαμέναν δ΄ άρατο δουλοσύναν. δυ ένεκευ Τεγέα μεγαλόφρονα Κραύγιδος υίδυ στάσεν, ἀμωμήτου κρώντορ' έλευθερίας.

# 26в.-ФІЛІППОТ

Τοῦ Μακεδόνων βασιλεως

\*Αφλοιος καὶ ἄφυλλος, ὁδοίπορε, τῷδ' ἐπὶ νώτφ
'Αλκαίφ σταυρὸς πήγνυται ἡλίβατος

### 27 -- ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Bis Σαρδανάπαλον

Εὐ είδως δτι θυητός έφυς, του θυμον ἄεξε, τερπόμενος θαλίησι θανώντι σοι ούτις όνησις καὶ γὰρ έγὰ σποδος εἰμι, Νίνου μεγάλης βασιλεύσας, τόσο' ἔχω ὅσο' ἔφαγον καὶ ἐφύβρισα, και μετ' ἔρωτος τέρπν' ἐδάην τὰ δὲ πολλὰ καὶ ὅλβια κεῖνα λέλειπται. δ ήδε σοφή βιότοιο παραίνεσις ἀνθρώποισιν.

#### 38 --- AAHAON

Ελλάς μεν Θήβας προτέρας προϋκρινεν εν αὐλοῖς· Θήβαι δε Πρόνομον, παΐδα τον Οἰνιάδου.

A perody on, and bitter rotort to, Alcaeus' epigram, Book VII. 247 It shows that this highly talented king could write very good verse. To bring but the paredy it is necessary to render in verse.—

from the tyrants of Sparta speak to this, he did away with the growing servitude. Therefore did Tegea set up the statue of the great-souled son of Craugis, the establisher of perfect freedom.

# 26s.—PHILIP, KING OF MACEDON

BARKLESS and leafless, traveller, on this ridge a lofty cross is planted by Alcaeus.1

### 27.-Anony mous

The Epdaph of Sardanapuns

Knowing well that thou wast born mortal, lift up thy heart, taking thy pleasure in feasting. Once dead, no enjoyment shall be thine. For I, too, who ruled over great Nineveh, am dust. I have what I ate, and my wanton frolics and the joys I learnt in Love's company, but those many and rich possessions are left behind. This is wise counsel for men concerning life.

#### 38.—Anonymous

HELLAS judged Thebes to be first in flute-playing, and Thebes Pronomus the son of Oeniades.<sup>3</sup>

#### VII 247, first complet.

Tombless, unwept we lie, O thou who passest by, Full thirty thousand men on this mound in Thessay.

#### The King's retort

Leafless, unbarked it stands, O thou who passest by, The cross upon the hill, where Alcaeus shall hang high

<sup>2</sup> Pronounce level at the time of the Poloponnesian War This epigram was perhaps inscribed on the base of his statue at Thebes, which stood next to that of Epaminondas.

#### 29.—ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Εί τινα πώποτ' ἄκουσας 'Ενυαλιου φίλου υίου, καὶ κρατερου δυνάμει καὶ θαρσαλέου πολεμιζεω, "Εκτορα του Πριάμοιο νόει μοῦνου γεγευῆσθαι, δυ ποτε μαρνάμενου Διομήδης ἔκτανευ ἀνῆρ, αἴας πρὸ Τρώωυ Δαναοῖσι μάχην προφέροντα: δυ καὶ τῆδε θανόντα τάφος ὅδε ἀμφικαλύπτει.

### 30.-- FEMINOY

Χείρ με Πολυγνώτου 1 Θασίου κάμεν' εἰμὶ δ' ἐκεῖνος Σαλμωνεύς, Βρονταῖς δς Διὸς ἀντεμάνην, δς με καὶ εἰν 'Αίδη πορθεῖ πάλι, καί με κεραυνοῖς βάλλει, μισῶν μου κοὐ λαλέοντα τύπον. ἴσχε, Ζεῦ, πρηστήρα, μέθες χόλον' εἰμὶ γὰρ ἄπνους 5

ο σκοπός- αψύχοις είκοσι μή πολέμει.

# 31 -ΣΠΕΥΣΙΠΠΟΥ

Σώμα μεν έν κόλποις κατέχει τοδε γαῖ Πλάτωνος·
ψυχὴ δ' Ισόθεον τάξιν έχει μακάρων.



### 3%.—AEONTIOT SXOAA-STIKOT

Είς εἰκόνα Γαβριηλίου ὑνάρχου ὑν Βυζαντίφ

Καὶ Φαέθων ηραφίδεσσιν έχει τύπον ἀλλὰ χαρίσσει ἡέλιον τεχνη, κρυπτομένων φαεων

καλ σέ, σοφέ πτολίαρχε, γράφει, Γαβριήλιε, τέχνη έκτὸς σῶν ἀρετῶν, ἐκτος δλων καμάτων.

1 The MSS, have Holomastron.

#### 29 -ANONYMOUS

If thou didst ever hear of a certain dear son of Ares, both powerful in bodily strength and bold in fight, think it was none other than Hector, son of Priam, whom once the husband of Diomede slew in combat, as he made war on the Greeks for the land of the Trojans, and whom in death this tomb here covers.<sup>1</sup>

#### 30.--GEMINUS

The hand of Thasan Polygnotus made me, and I am that Salmoneus who madly imitated the thunder of Zeus, Zeus who in Hades again destroys me and strikes me with his bolts, hating even my mute presentment. Hold back thy fiery blast, Zeus, and abate thy weath, for I, thy mark, non-feless. War not with souliess images.

#### 31:-SPEUSIPPUS

The earth holds in its bosom this, the body of Plato, but his soul is equal in rank to the blessed gods.<sup>2</sup>

### FROM BOOK IV

#### 32.--LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Portrait of Gabriel the Prefect in Byzantium

THE Sun, too, is represented in pictures, but Art draws the Sun with his light hidden. And thee, Gabriel, learned prefect of the city, doth Art paint without thy virtues and without all thy achievements.

See Book XIV 18, the silly enignia in which is reproduced here. Seek VII 81

### 324. -ΘΕΑΙΤΉΤΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΎ

Τοῦτου Ἰου λιανόν, νομικής φάος, εἰπου ἰδοῦσαι Ἡώμη καὶ Βερόη· πάντα Φύσις δύναται.

#### 33. -TOY AYTOY

Είς ελιόνα Καλλανικου πουβικουλαρίου

Κάλλει μεν νικάς κραδίης τοσον, δσσον όπωπης της γάρ έπωνυμίης άξια πίντα φερεις, αίει δ' έν θαλάμοισι κατευνάζων βασιλήα πάσαν ύποσπειρεις ούασι μειλιχίην.

# 34.--ΘΕΟΔΩΡΗΤΟΥ ΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΟΥ

Εὶς τὴν εἰκόνα Φιλίππου ἄρχοντος ἐν Σμυρνη Ἐκ Φιλαδελφείης ξεινηΐα ταῦτα Φιλίππφ. φράζεο πῶς μνήμων ἡ πόλις εὐνομίης.

#### 35. -AMEXITOTON

Μυήμουες οἱ Κάρες πολέων εὐεργεσιάων Παλμάν ἰθυδίκην τόσσον ἀγασσαμενοι.

#### 36.—AFA⊕IOT

Είς είκονα τινός σοφιστοῦ εν Περγάμφ

Τὰς μὲν ὑπὲρ μύθων τε καὶ εὐτροχάλοιο μελισσης εἰκόνας ἰλήκοις δηρὸν ὀφειλομενος: υῦν δ' ὑπὲρ ἰδρωτων τε καὶ ἀστυόχοιο μερίμνης τῆδέ σε τῆ γραφιδι στήσαμεν, Ἡρακλάμον. εἰ δ' ὀλίγον τὸ γέρας. μὴ μεμφεο τοῦσδε γὰρ ἡμεῖς δ

ὁ ὁ λίγον το γέρας, μή μεμφεο τοίσδε γάρ ήμεις δ
 alei τοὺς ἀγαθους ἄνδρας ἀμειβόμεθα.

### 326.—THEAETETUS SCHOLASTICUS

ROME<sup>1</sup> and Beroe,<sup>2</sup> when they saw this Juhanus, the light of the Law, said, "Nature can do all."

### 33.-By THE SAME AS 32

On a Portrait of Calimicus the Culneularius

Thou conquerest in beauty of soul as much as in beauty of face, for thou possessest everything that is worthy of thy name, and ever in the bed-chamber, sending the cuperor to sleep, thou dost sow all gentleness in his ears.

### 34. THEODORETUS GRAMMATICUS

On the Portrait of Philippus, Prefect of Singraa This is the gift of Philadelphia to Philippus. Mark how well the city remembers his just rule

#### 35.-Аконуморя

THE Carrans, mandful of many benefits, set here just Palmas whom they venerated so much

#### 36.--AGATHIAS

On the Picture of a certain Sophist at Pergamus

Foraive our delay in offering the portrait long due to you on account of your discourses and wedrunning, honeyed speech, but now, Hernelamon, we have set up this picture of you in return for your labours and care for the city's weal. If the gift he little, blame is not, for with such gifts we over reward good men.

e. Constant nople 2 c & Barytus.

Compounded of manher (beauty) and vien (victory).

### 37.—AEONTION EXOAAETIKON TOT MINOTATPOT

Πέτρου ὁρᾶς χρυσέοισιυ ἐν εἶμασιν· αἰ δὲ παρ' αὐτὸν ἀρχαὶ ἀμοιβαίων μαρτυρές εἰσι πόνων· ἀντολίης πρώτη, καὶ διχθαδίη μετὰ τήνδε κόχλου πορφυρέης, καὶ πάλιν ἀντολίης.

### 38.—IOANNOT TOT BAPBOKAAAOT

Els είκονα Συνεσίου Σχολαστικού έπλ νίκη μάχης άνατεθείσαν εν Βηρυτφ

Ούχλ παρ' Εθρώτα μόνον ἀνέρες εἰσι μαχηταί, οὐδὲ παρ' Ἰλισσῷ μνάμονές εἰσι δίκας ὡς ἀπὸ τῶς Σπάρτας, ὡς αὐτῶς ἀστὸν `Αθάνας Συνέσων Νίκα καὶ Θέμις ἡγάσατο.

# 39.-ΑΡΑΒΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Είς είκονα Λογγίνου θπάρχου έν Βυζαντίφ

Νείλος, Περσίς, 'Ιβηρ, Σόλυμοι, Δύσις, 'Αρμενίς, 'Ινδοί, καὶ Κόλχοι σκοπέλων ἐγγύθι Καυκασίων, καὶ πεδία ζειοντα πολυσπερεων 'Αγαρηνῶν Λογγίνου ταχινῶν μέρτυρές εἰσι πόνων,

ώς δὲ ταχὺς βασιληϊ διάκτορος ήεν όδεύων, καὶ ταχὺς εἰρήνην ὅπασε κευθομένην

I The Prefectore of the East.

The consulation, which conferred the right to wear purple-

### 37 - LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS MINOTAURUS

Thou seest Peter in his golden robes, and the Provinces that stand by him witness to his auccessive labours; the first is a witness of the East, and the pair after her are witnesses of the purple shell, and again of the East.

### 38.-JOANNES BARBOCALLUS

On a Portrait of Synesius Scholusticus set up in Berglus 10 commemorate his Victory in Buttle 3

Not only by Eurotis are there warriors, and not only by Hissus are there men mindful of Justice. Victory and Themis reverenced Synesius as if he were from Sparta, as if he were a citizen of Athena herself

#### 39.--ARABIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Portrait of Longuins the Prefect in Byzanlinin

THE Nile, Persia, the Iberian, the Lycians, the West, Armenia, the Indians, the Colchians near the crags of Caucasus, and the burning plains of the widely-scattered Aramans, are witnesses to the rapidly executed labours of Longinus, and as he was on his journeys a swift minister of the Emperor, so likewise was he swift in giving us peace which had lain in hiding.

Probably against the Persian King Chosroes in A.D. 546. We have below, in No. 267, an epigram by this Synesius.
In modern Georgia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This Longinus was probably the minister of Justin II, (565-578) so named

#### 40. · KPINATOPOT

l'είτονες οὐ τρισσαὶ μούνον Τύχαι ἔπρεπον εἶναι, Κρίσπε, βαθυπλούτου σῆς ἔνεκεν κραδίης, ἀλλὰ καὶ αἱ πάντων πᾶσαι: τι γὰρ ἀνδρὶ τοσῷδε ἀρκέσει εἰς ἐτάρων μυρίου εὐφροσύνην; νῦν δέ σε και τούτων κρέσσων ἐπὶ μείζον' ἀεξοι Καῖσαρ. τίς κείνου χωρὶς ἄρηρε τύχη,

### 41 - ΑΓΑΘΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Els είκύνα άνατεθεϊσαν έν τοῖς Ηλακιδίας ὑπὸ τῶν τοῦ νεου σκρινέου

ξέωμαν, παμβασιλήσς άμεμφέα κηδεμονήα, άνθεσαν οί το νέον τάγμα μετερχύμενοι. θεσπεσίης άγχιστα συνωρίδος, όφρα και αὐτή εἰκόνι χῶρον ἔχη γείτονα κοιρανίης. αὐτὸς γὰρ ζαθέσιο θρονους τήνωσε μελάθρου, πλούτον ἀεξήσας, ἀλλὰ μετ' εὐσεβίης εὕγνωμον τὸ πόνημα: τί γὰρ γραφὶς οἰδεν ἀπάσσαι, εἰ μὴ τοῦς ἀγαθοῖς μνῆστιν ὁφειλομένην,

### 42.—AAAO

Τον μέγαν εν βουλαίς Θεοδόσιον, 'Ασίδος άρχον, εἰκόνι μαρμαρέη στήσαμεν ἀνθύπατον, οὕνεκα Σμύρναν ἔγειρε καὶ ἤγαγεν ἐς φάος αὖθις, ἔργοις θανμασίοις πολλον ἀειδομένην.

A Statues of Fortune creeted near the house of Crispas, This Crispus is prousbly the nephew of Salinst, to whom Horace's Ode it 2, is addressed.

#### 40.—CRINAGORAS

Nor only three Fortunes' should be thy neighbours, Crispus, because of the great riches of thy heart, but all the fortunes of all the world; for to so great a man what honour shall suffice for his infinite benevolence to his friends? But now may Caesar, who is even more powerful than these Fortunes, raise thee to higher dignities. What fortune stands from without hum?

### 41 -- AGATHIA\$ SCHOLASTICUS

On a Portrait dedicated in the Property of Placedia by the new Caraturs of the Treatury

Those who are entering on the new office dedicated Thomas, the universal Emperor's blameless Curator, close to the sacred Pair, that by inside very portrait also be may have a place next Majesty. For he raised higher the turones of the divine Palace by increasing their wealth, but with piety. The work is one of gratitude, for what can the pencil give, if it give not the memory due to good men?

#### 42. - Anonymous

We erected here in marble the statue of Theodosius, great in counsel, the Proconsul, ruler of Asia, because he raised Smyrna from ruin and brought her to light again,<sup>3</sup> the city much besong for her beautiful edifices.

<sup>2</sup> The Emperor and Empress.

After the earthquake of A D. 178,

### 43-AAAO

Δαμύχαρι, κλυτύμητι δικασπόλε, σοὶ τοδε κύδος, δττι γε τὴν Σμύρναν μετά λούγια πήματα σεισμοῦ, ἐσσυμένως πονέων, αὐθις πάλιν <sup>1</sup> έξετέλεσσας.

#### 44.—ADHAON

Πῶσα φύσις, Βασίλεια, του κράτος αίξυ ἀείδει, οῦνεκα δυσμενέων στίχας ὥλεσας, οῦνεκα φέγγος ἀνδράσι σωφρονεουσι κακην μετὰ δῆριι ἀνῆψας, ἐππολύτης δ' ἐκέδασσας ὁμόγνια πήματα χάρμης,

#### 46.-- AAAO

'Ρητήρες Θεόδωρον εμέλλομεν είς εν Ιοντες χρυσείαις γραφιδεσσιν ἀειμνήστοισι γεραίρειν, εί μη χρυσὰν ἔφευγε καὶ έν γραφιδεσσιν ἔόντα.

#### 46.--AAHAON

Νικήταν δορίτολμον άναξ, στρατύς, άστεα, δήμος στήσαν ύπερ μεγάλων Μηδοφονων καμάτων.

### 1 I write waker waker MSS.

1 Nicetas was a general, and the friend, if not the col-

leagns, of the Emperor Heracius (610-641

is the sedition led by the charioteers of the circus factions. See Gibbon, ch. xl. If the MS, reading Bas/Acca (Queen) is right at as doubtfu, to what empress it refers possibly Theodora.

#### 43.--ANONYMOUS

DAMOCHARIS, judge famous for thy skill, this glory is thine, that labouring vigorously, thou didst completely rebuild Smyrna after the fatal disaster of the earthquake.

#### 4-e.—Anonymous

ALL Nature, O Queen, ever sings thy might, for that thou didst destroy the ranks of the enemy, for that after the evil broads thou didst kindle a light for prudent men and didst scatter the civil troubles of the strife that loosed the horses.<sup>1</sup>



#### 45. - Anonymous

We craters would have combined to honour Theodorus with golden portraits of eternal memory, had he not avoided gold even when it is in paintings.

#### 46. - Anonymous

THE Emperor, the Army, the cities, and the People erected the statue of Nicetas, bold in war, for his great exploits in slaying the Persians.<sup>2</sup>

#### 47 AAAO

Τὸν μέγαν ἐν πολεμοισι, τὸν ἄτρομον ήγεμονῆα, Νικήταν ἀρετῶν εῖνεκεν οἱ Πράσινοι

#### 48,---AAHAON

Πρόκλος έγω Ιταύλου, Βυζάντιος, δυ περί δώμα τηλεθαοντα Δίκης βασιληιος ήρπασεν αὐλή, δφρ' είην στύμα πιστόν έρισθενεος βασιλήος, ἀγγέλλει δ' όδε χαλκός όσου γερας έστιν ἀεθλων καὶ τα μέν εϊκελα πάντα καὶ νίει καὶ γενετήρι ἐν δ' ὑπατων μαβδοισι πάις νίκησε τοκήα,

# 19.--ΑΠΟΛΑΩΝΙΔΟΤ

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Θαύμασε τον Κινύρην ο πάλαι χρόνος ή Φρύγας ἄμφωσον δέ, Λεων, ήμεζς παλλος ἀεισόμεθα, Κερκαφίδη περίβωτε: μακαρτάτη ἔστ' ἄρα νήσων καὶ 'Ρόδος, ή τοίψ λάμπεται ήελίω.

### 50.-TOY AYTOY

Εί τοιόσδε Λέων λάχεν άντίος Ἡρακλῆί, οὐκ ἦν ἀλκιδεω τοῦτο τὸ δωδέκατον.

### 61 ΜΑΚΗΔΟΝΙΟΎ ΤΠΑΤΟΥ

Τφ ξοαυφ του παίδα Θυώνιχου, ούχ ΐνα λεύσσης ως καλός έν τήδε μυάματος άγλαζα, άλλ ΐνα σοί του ἄεθλου δυ έξεπόνησε μαθάντι, ὧ 'γαθέ, τᾶς αὐτᾶς ζᾶλος ἔοι μανίας, οὐτος ὁ μὴ κλίνας καμάτφ πόδα, παυτα δ' ἀγῶνι ἄλικα νικησας, ὁπλοτερου, πρότερου.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> He was Quasator, and, as such, spokesman of the Emperor in the Senate.
<sup>2</sup> Paris and Ganymede.

#### 47 --- Аконуморя

THE Green Faction erected, because of his merits, the statue of Nicetas the great in war, the fearness leader

#### 48.-Anony mods

I am Proclus, the son of Paul, a Byzantine whom the Imperial Court stole from the Courts of Law where I flourished, to be the faithful mouth of our mighty Emperor <sup>1</sup> This bronze announces what reward my labours had. Son and father held all the same offices, but the son surpassed the father by his consular fasces.

### 49.—APOLLONIDES

THE olden time admired Cinyras or both the Phrygians,<sup>2</sup> but we, Leo, will sing thy beauty, O renowned son of Cercaphus.<sup>2</sup> Most blessed of islands, then, is Ruodes, on which such a sun shines.

### 50.-By THE SAME

Ir such a Leo (hon) had chanced to face Heracles, this would not have been his twelfth labour

#### 51.—MACEDONIUS THE CONSUL

We honour the boy Thyomehus with this statue, not that thou mayst see by the beauty of this monument how comely he was, but, good Sir, that thou mayst learn his achievement, and be emulous of such enthusiasm. This is he whose legs never gave way owing to fatigue, and who vanquished every adversary, him of his own age, the younger one, and the e der one.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Legendary first colorist of Rhodes.

### 52.-- ΦIAIIIIIIOT

"Ισως με λεύσσων, ξείνε, ταυρογώστορα καὶ στερρόγυιου, ώς "Ατλαντα δεύτερου, θαμβείς, ἀπιστῶν εἰ βροτειος ἡ φύσις. ἀλλ' ἴσθι μ' 'Ηράν Λαδικῆα πάμμαχον, δυ Σμύρνα καὶ δρῦς Περγάμου κατέστεφευ, Δελφοί, Κόρινθος, "Ηλις, "Αργος, "Ακτιον λοιπῶν δ' ἀέθλων ἡν ἐρευνησης κράτος, καὶ τὴν Λιβυσσαν ἐξαριθμήσεις κόνιν.

### 53.—AAHAON

Λάδας το στάδιον είθ' ήλατο, είτε διέπτη, δαιμόνιον το τάχος, οὐδε φράσαι δυνατον.



### 54.--AAAO

6

Οίος έης φεύγων του υπήνεμου, έμπνοε Λάδα, Θύμου, έπ' ἀκροτάτω †πνεύματι θεὶς ὅνυχα, τοίου ἐχάλκευσέν σε Μυρων, ἐπὶ παντὶ χαραξας σώματι Πισαιου προσδοκύην στεφάνου.

#### 54A

Πλήρης διπίδος έστίν, ακροις δ' έπὶ χείλεσιν δαθμα έμφαίνει κοίλων ενδοθεν έκ λαγόνων. πηδήσει τάχα χαλκός έπι στέφος, οὐδὲ καθέξει ά βάσις. δι τέχνη πνεύματος δικντέρα.

### 52.-PHILIPPUS

Pennars, O stranger, seeing me thus with a belly like a buil and with solidly built limbs, like a second Atlas, thou marvellest, doubting if I am of mortal nature. But know that I am Heras of Laodicea, the ail-round fighter, crowned by Smyrna and the oak of Pergamus, by Delphi, Corinth, Elis, Argos, and Action. But if thou enquirest as to my victories in other contests thou shalt number also the sands of Libya.

### 53. - Anonymous

WHETHER Ladas jumped the Stadion or flew over it, his fleetness was portentous and not easy to express in words.

#### 54 -- Anonymous

Just as thou wert in his Ladas, flying before windfooted Thymus, just touching the ground with the tips of thy toes, 2 so did Myron mould thee in bronze, stamping on all thy body thy expectation of the Olympian crown.

#### 54A.—ANONYMOUS

Fut: of hope is he, and he shows that the breath on the tip of his hips comes from deep within the hollow of his sides. The bronze is ready to leap forth to gain the crown, and the base shall not hold it back. O Art, swifter than the wind!

ОІумрів

\* The statue looks as if it could run ewifter than the wind.

This is the sense required, but no satisfactory emendation has been proposed.

### 55.--ΤΡΩΙΛΟΥ ΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΟΥ

α. Εἰκων, τίς σ' ἀνέθηκε, τίνος χάριν, ή τίνι, λέξου.
 β. 'Αντὶ παλαισμοσύνης θῆκε Αυρωνι πόλις

### 56.-ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Ταύτην Εὐσεβίφ Βυζαντιὰς εἰκόνα 'Ρωμη πρὸς δισσαίς ἐτέραις, είνεκεν ἰπποσύνης. 
οὐ γὰρ ὁ γ' ἀμφήριστον ἐλὼν ἐστέψατο νίκην, 
ἀλλὰ πολὺ κρατέων ποσσὶ καὶ ἡνορέη. 
τοῦνεκεν ἀντιβίων ἔριν ἔσβεσεν ἀλλὰ καὶ αὐτὴν 
δήμου τὴν προτέρην παῦσε διχοστασίην.

# 57 HATAOT ZIAENTIAPIOT

Eis Βάκχην ἐν Βυζαντίφ "Εκφρονα τὴν Βάκχην οὐχ ἡ φύσις, ἀλλ' ἡ τέχνη θηκατο, καὶ μανίην ἐγκατέμιξε λιθφ.

### 58.—ΑΔΗΛΟΝ Είς τὸ αὐτά

Ίσχετε την Βάκχην, μή, λαϊνέη περ ἐοῦσα, οὐδὸι ὑπερθεμένη, νηὸν ὑπεκπροφύγη.



### 59 —ΑΓΑΘΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑ-ΣΤΙΚΟΥ

ίδες τὸ αὐτό

Ούπω έπισταμένην τάχα κύμβαλα χεροί τινάξαι Βάτρους σίδομάτους σπίσσο

Βάκχην αίδομένην στήσατο λαοτύπος

ούτω γάρ προνένευκεν έσικε δε τούτο βοώση:

"Εξιτε και παταγώ, μηδενός ισταμένου."

### 55.—TROILUS GRAMMATICUS

A STATUS, who dedicated thee, and because of what, and to whom? B. The city to Lyron for his wrestling.

### 56,-Anonymous

Byzantine Rome set up this statue, in addition to two others, to Euselius for his horsemanship. For he was crowned after gaining no disputed victory, but far excelling in fleetness of foot? and valour Therefore he quenched the light of his adversaries' rivalry; but also he put a stop to the former dissensions of the people.

### 67.—PAULUS SILENTIARIUS

On a Bacchart in Byzantium

Nor Nature, but Art, made the Bacchant frenced, mixing madness with the stone.

#### 58.-ANONYMOUS

On the Same

Holo the Bacchant, lest, though she be stone, she lesp over the threshold and escape from the temple.

#### 59 --- AGATHIAS SCHOLASTICUS

On the Same

The sculptor set up a statue of a Bacchant, yet ignorant of how to beat the swift cymbals with her hands and ashamed. For so does she bend forward, and looks as if she were crying, "Go ye out, and I will strike them with none standing by"

<sup>1</sup> are that of his horses, as he was a charioteer.

### 60.-ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΤ

α. Τίς άδε; β. Βάκχα α Τίς δέ μιν ξέσε, β. Σκόπας.
 α. Τίς δ' έξέμηνε, Βάκχος, ή Σκόπας, β. Σκόπας.

### 61 - ΚΡΙΝΑΓΟΡΟΥ

'Αυτολίαι, δύσιες, κόσμου μέτρα καὶ τὰ Νέρωνος ἔργα δι' ἀμφοτέρων ἵκετο γῆς περατων. "Ηλιος 'Αρμενίην ἀνιὼν ὑπὸ χερσὶ δαμεῖσαν κείνου, Γερμανίην δ' είδε κατερχόμενος. δισσὸν ἀειδέσθω πολεμου κράτος' οἶδεν 'Αράξης καὶ 'Ρῆνος, δούλοις ἔθνεσι πινόμενοι.

#### 62.—AAHAON

Εἰς στηλην Ἰουστινιανοῦ βασιλέως ἐν τῷ Ιπποδρόμφ



Ταῦτά σοι, ὁ βασιλεῦ Μηδοκτόνε, δῶρα κομίζει
σῆς Ῥώμης γενέτης καὶ πάις
Ευστάθιος,
πῶλον ὑπερ νίκης, Νίκην στεφανηφόρον ἄλλην,
καὶ σὲ μετηνεμίο πώλφ
ἐφεζόμενον.
ὑψόσ', Ἰουστινιανέ, τεὸν κράτος ἐν χθονὶ δ' αἰεὶ δεσμὸς ἔχοι Μηδων καὶ
Σκυθέων προμάχους.

The future Emperor Tiberius.

2 Constantinople father as prefect, son as ortized.

### 60 .- SIMONIDES

- A. W.io is this?
- B. A Baccaunt
- A And who carved her?
- B. Scopas.
- A And who made her freumed, Bacchus or Scopas?
  - B. Scopas.



#### 61.—CRINAGORAS

East and West are the limits of the world, and through both ends of the carta passed the exploits of Nero. The Sun as he rose saw Armena subdued by his hands and Germany as he went down the sky Let us sing his double victory in war; Araxes knows it and Rhine, drank now by enslaved peoples.

#### 63.—Anonymous

On the Statue of Justinian in the Hippordrome

Tuese gifts, O King, slayer of the Persians, are brought to thee by Eastathius, the father and son of thy Rome. a horse for thy victory, another laurel ed Victory, and thyself seated on the horse swift as the wind. Thy might, Justiman, is set on high, but may the champions of the Persians and Scythians he ever in chains on the ground.

A luding to the height of the base on which the status stood
4 i.s. Getra.

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#### 63.-AAAO

#### Eis τὸ αὐτο

Πῶλον όμοῦ καὶ ἄνακτα καὶ ὀλλυμένην Βαβυλώνα χαλκὸς ἀπὸ σκύλων ἔπλασεν 'Ασσυρίων. ἔστι δ' 'Ιουστινιανος, ὃν ἀντολίης ζυγὸν ἔλκων στησεν 'Ιουλιανός, μάρτυρα Μηδοφόνου.

#### 64.—AAAO

Εις στηλην 'Ισοστίνου βασιλεως εν τῷ λιμένι

Τοῦτο παρ' αλγιαλοίσεν έγω Θεύδωρος ὕπαρχος στήσα φαεινον ἄγαλμα 'Ιουστίνω βασελήϊ, ὄφρα καλ έν λεμένεσσεν έην πετάσειε γαλήνην.

#### 65. - AAAO

Είς στήλην Θεοδοσιου βασιλέως

Έκθορες ἀντολίηθε, φαεσφόρος ήλιος ἄλλος, Θευδόσιε, θνητοίσι, πολου μεσου, ήπιοθυμε, 'Ωκεανὸν παρὰ ποσσὶν ἔχων μετ' ἀπειρονα γαίαν, παντοθεν αἰγλήεις, κεκορυθμένος, ἀγλαον ἵππον ἡηιδίως, μεγάθυμε, καὶ ἐσσύμενον κατερυκων

#### 66 .--- AAAO

ő

Τον κρατερου Βύζαντα και ίμερτην Φιδάλειαν είν δυί κοσμήσας άνθετο Καλλιαδης.

There seems to have been a figure of Eabylon on the base of the statue.

\*\*To a. Profect of the East.

#### 63. - ANONYMOUS

#### On the Same

The bronze from the Assyrian spoils moulded the horse and the monarch and Babylon perishing. This is Justinian, whom Julianus, holding the balance of the East, erected, his own witness to his slaying of the Persians.

### 6+.-ANONYMOUS

On the Staine of the Emperor Justin by the Harbour

I, THE Prefect Theodorus, erected by the shore this splendid statue to Justin the Emperor, so that he might spread abroad his calm in the harbour also.

### 65.-Anonymous

On a Statue of the Emperor Theodosius

Thou didst spring from the East to mid heaven, gentle-hearted Theodosius, a second sun, giver of light to mortals, with Ocean at thy feet sas well as the boundless land, resplendent on all sides, helmeted, reining in easily, O great-hearted King, thy magnificent horse, though he strives to break away

#### 66. -ANONYMODS

Cattrades, fashioning them in a single group, dedicated here mighty Byzas 4 and lovable Phidalia.

\* 5.4 represented on the base

blythical founder of Byzantinm. Phidaha was his wife.

#### 67.—AAAO

Ίμερτή Φιδάλεια δάμαρ Βύζαντος ετύχθην είμι δε βουπαλέος δώρου ἀεθλοσύνης.

# 68.—ΑΣΚΛΗΠΙΑΔΟΥ, οί δὲ ΠΟΣΕΙΔΙΠΠΟΥ

Κύπριδος ἄδ' εἰκων· φέρ' ἰδωμεθα μὴ Βερενίκας· διστάζω ποτέρα φῆ τις όμοιοτέραν.

#### 69.--- AAHAON

Ζήνωνα πτολίαρχος Ἰουλιανὸς βασιλήα· Ζήνωνος παράκοιτιν Ἰουλιανὸς 'Αριάδνην.

### 70. AAHAON

Ολκου Αναξ Έλικωνος άνηβήσαντα νοήσας κυδαλίμοις καμάτοισιν `Ιουλιανού πολιάρχου, Πιερικών προπάροιθε δόμων παγχρύσεος έστη.

### 71.--AAIIAON

Κύδος Ἰουλιανού πανασίδιμον, δε μετά κόσμον Πιερίδων χρυσέην στήσεν 'Αναστασίην.

### 73, -AAAO

Αλλου ύπερ νίκας εναρηφόρου ενδοθι Σούσων ό θρασύς άνστήσει Μήδος άνακτι τυπον:

Or "a struggle with a built." In the former case it refers to Phidalia's defeat of the Scythians who astacked Byzanium, a the latter to some expirit of Byzas.

#### 67 -ANONYMOUS

I, novable Phidaha, was the wife of Byzas, and I am a gift commemoratory a mighty contest.

### 68.—ASCLEPIADES OR POSIDIPPUS

This is a statue of Cypris. But come let us see if it be not Berenice's. I am in doubt of which one should say it is the better ikeness.

#### 69. Anonymous

JULIANUS, the Prefect of the city, dedicates Zeno, the Emperor Julianus dedicates Armone, the consort of Zeno.

### 70.-Anony mous

THE Emperor, seeing that the house of Helicon was rejavenated by the glorious labour of Jalanus, the ruler of the city, stationed himself, all of gold, before the liabitation of the Muses.<sup>2</sup>

#### 71 —Анонумовя

It is everywhere the theme of song, the glory of Julianus, who, after adorning the house of the Muses, erected the golden statue of Anastasia.\*

#### 72.—Anony mous

ANOTHER statue loaded with spoils shall the bold Persian erect within Susa to the Emperor for his

It is unknown who she was.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Library (or Museum) erected by the Emperor Julian having been burnt down in a p. 477 was rebuilt in the reign probably of Zeno (474-491) by Julian, the City Prefect, who erected a golden status of the Emperor outside it.

άλλον ἀκειρεκόμας 'Αβάρων στρατὸς ἔκτοθεν 'Ιστρου, κείρας ἐκ κεφαλῆς βυστρυχον αὐσταλέης τον δ' ὑπερ εὐνομιας ἐριθηλέος ἐνθάδε τοῦτον δ ἐξ ὑπάτου μίτρης στῆσεν ἄνασσα πόλις. ἔμπεδος ἀλλὰ μένοις, Βυζαντιὰς ἔμμορε 'Ρώμα, θεῖον 'Ιουστίνου κάρτος ἀμειψαμένα

#### 73.-ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Οὖτος ὁ κοσμήσας 'Υπάτων θρώνου, δυ τρισέπαρχου καὶ πατέρα βασιλήςς ἐου καλέσαντο μέγιστοι, χρύσεος ἔστηκευ Λύρηλιανός· τὸ δὲ ἔργου τῆς βουλής, ἦς αὐτὸς ἐκώυ κατέπαυσεν ἀνίας

### 74.—ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Els άρχοντα

Μίξον μειλιχίη βαιόν φοβον, όττι καὶ αὐτή βομβήεσσα μέλισσα κορύσσεται όξει κέντρφ. οὐ γὰρ ἄτερ μάστυγος ἐβύνεται ἴππος ἀγήνωρ αὐδὲ συῶν ἀγέλη ἐπιπείθεται ἀνδρὶ νομῆι, πριν καὶ ἔρυγδούποιο καλαύροπος ῆχον ἀκούση.

# 75.—ANTITIATPOT

Ζηνὶ καὶ ᾿Απόλλωνι καὶ Ἅρεῖ τέκνον ἀνάκτων εἴκελου, εὖκταίη μητέρος εὖτοκίη, πάντα τοι ἐκ Μοιρέων βασιληῖα, πάντα τέλεια ἢλθεν· ἐποιηθης δ΄ ἔργον ἀοιδοπόλων. Ζεὺς σκῆπτρον βασίλειον, Ἅρης δόρυ, καλλοσύνην δὲ 5 Φοίβος ἔχει· παρὰ σοὶ δ΄ ἀθρόα πάντα, Κοτυ.

A Roythian tribs.

This appears to mean "After the restoration of the consulate." This measure of Justin's was very popular

victory, and yet another the host of the long-haired Avares beyond the Danube shearing the locks from their squalid heads. But this one here was erected for the righteousness of his rule by the Sovereign City after the consular finet.<sup>2</sup> But mayst thou stand firm, O fortunate Byzantine Rome, who hast rewarded the god-given might of Justin.

#### 7.3.—A NONY MOUS

Time golden Aurehanas, who stands here, is he who adorned the consular throne, whom our greatest emperors styled thrice Prefect and their futber. The work is the Senate's, to the troubles of which he will ngly put an end 5.

# 74. -Anony mous To a Magustrate

Mix with mildness a little terror, for the buzzing bee berself is armed with a shorp sting, the noble horse is not guided without a whip, for does a herd of swine obey the swineherd before they hear the sound of the far-booming crook.

#### 75 -ANTIPATER OF THESSALONICA

Son of Kings, like to Zeus, Apollo, and Area, lovely offspring granted to a mother's prayers, from the Fates all kingly, all perfect things have come to thee, and thou art become the theme of Poets. Zeus has his royal sceptre, Area his spear, and Phoebus his beauty, but thine, Cotys, are all three together

\* In a p. 400. He was thrice Practorian Prefect, and the title Father of the Emperor" was given to Patricians.

The crook was thrown at an mals to drive them suck to the herd. The Homer, Il axi v. 845.

\* This is probably the Thranger King to whom Ovid's Epistic Ex Ponto, it 9, is addressed

### 76.-ΣΤΝΕΣΙΟΥ ΦΙΛΟΣΟΦΟΥ

Οί τρείς Τυνδαρίδαι, Κάστωρ, Έλενη, Πολυδεύκης.

### 77 —HATAOT ZIAENTIAPIOT

"()μματα μέν κούρης μόλις η γραφίς, οὕτε δὲ χαίτην, οὕτε σέλας χροιῆς ἄκρον ἀπεπλάσατο εἴ τις μαρμαρυγὴν δύναται φαεθοντιδα γραψαι,

μαρμαρυγήν γράψει και Θεοδωριάδα

#### 78.--AAAO

Βάσκανος ή γραφίς έσσι, καὶ εισορύωσι μεγαίρεις χρύσεα κεκρυφάλοις Βυστρυχα κρυψαμένη. εἰ δ' ὑπάτης κεφαλής ὑπάτην χάριν εἰκόνι κεύθεις, οὐδ' ἐπὶ τῷ λοιπῷ κάλλει πίστιν ἔχεις πᾶσα γραφὶς μορφήσι χαρίζεται. ἀλλὰ σὰ μούνη τῆς Θεοδωριάδος κλέψας ἀπ' ἀγλαΐας

# 79 -ΣΥΝΕΣΙΟΥ ΦΙΛΟΣΟΦΟΥ

Είς την έαυτου άδελφήν

Τής χρυσής είκων ή Κύπριδος, ή Στρατονίκης.

# 80. ΑΓΑΘΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Μαχλάς έγω γενόμην Βυζαντιδος ενδοθι 'Ρώμης, ώνητην φιλίην πάσι χαριζομένη' εἰμὶ δὲ Καλλιρόη πολυδαιδαλος, ην ὑπ' ἔρωτος οἰστρηθεὶς Θωμάς τηδό ἔθετο γραφίδι, δεικνὰς ὅσσον ἔχει πόθον ἐν φρεσίν· ἰσα γὰρ αὐτῷ κηρῷ τηκομένο τήκεται ἡ κραδιη.

1 I write Brodupidla Brodupidlor MSS.

### 76. SYNESIUS THE PHILOSOPHER

THE three children of Tyndareus, Castor, Helen, and Polina

### 77 - PAULUS SILENTIARIUS

Scancery has the pench portrayed the girl's eyes, but not at all her har nor the supreme instre of her skin. If any can point the sheer of the sun, he will paint the sheer of Theodora.<sup>1</sup>

# 78.—By THE SAME (2)

Thou art envious, O pencil, and gradgest as who look, hiding her golden have in a caul. But if in the picture thou hidest the supreme grace of her supreme head, thou caust not be trusted touching the rest of her beauty. Every pencil is favourable to form, but thou alone hast stolen from the loveliness of Theodora.

### 79.—SYNESIUS THE PHILOSOPHER

On Ina States

THE statue is of go den Cypris or of golden Stratomee.

#### 80. AGATHIAS SCHOLASTICUS

I was a har of in Byzantine Rome, granting my venal favours to all. I am Callirhoe the versatile, whom Thomas, goaded by love, set in this picture, showing want great desire he has in his soul, for even as his wax melts, so melts his heart.

The picture was in encaustic

<sup>1</sup> Probably the well-known Empress.



### 81.-ΦΙΛΙΠΠΟΥ

Είς τὸ ἐν 'Ολυμπίω Διὰς ἄγαλμα "Η θεὸς ἢλθ' ἐπι γῆν ἐξ οὐρανοῦ, εἰκονα δείξων, Φειδια: ἡ σύ γ' ἔβης τὸν θεὸν ὀψόμενος.

### 82 ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Τὸν ἐν Ῥόδφ κολοσσὸν ὀκτάκις δέκα Χάρης ἐποίει πήχεων ὁ Λίνδιος

#### 83.—AAEEHOTON

Els Alauros elxóva

Αλαν Τιμομάχου πλέον ή πατρός, ήρπασε τέχνα την φύσιν· ό γράψας εἶδέ σε μαινόμενον, καὶ συνελυσσήθη χεὶρ ἀνέρι, καὶ τὰ κεραστὰ δάκρνα τοὺς λύπης πάντας ἔμιξε πόνους.

#### 84.--ΑΔΉΛΟΝ

Οὺκ ἀδαὴς ἔγραψε Κίμων ταδε: παυτὶ δ' ἐπ' ἔργφ μῶμος, δυ οὐδ' ἤρως Δαίδαλος ἐξέφυγευ

#### 85.--ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

'A τέχνα τὸν ἔλεγχον ἀπώλεσεν οὐδε γὰρ αὐτὰ μανθααι δύναται τῷ πόρε τὰν κεφαλάν.

#### 81 —PHILIPPUS

On the Statue of Zeux at Glympia

EITHER God came from Heaven to Earth to slow thee His amage, Phidias, or thou didst go to see God.

### 82. -SIMONIDES 1

CHARES of Lindus made the Colossus of Rhodes, eighty cubits high.

#### 83.-Anonymous

On the Picture of Agax by Timomachus?

Alax, more the son of Timomachus than thine own father's, Art seized on thee as thou really wert, the painter saw thee in thy frenzy, his hand grew mad as the madman, and the tears he mixed on his palette were a compound of all the griefs that made up thy sorrow.

#### 84. Anonymous

WITH no ignorant hand did Cimon paint these things, but no work is without blame, which not even Daedalus of blessed memory escaped.

#### 85.—Anonymous

### On a Headless Statue

This work of art has lost what was required for judging it, for even it itself cannot inform us to whom it gave its head.

<sup>2</sup> This attribution is of course wrong, as the Colossus was erected long after his time.
<sup>2</sup> See Ovid, Trista, ii. 523,

#### 86.---AARAON

Τούμπρασιή φύλακος μακράν ἀποτήλε φύλαξαι. τοίος, όκοιον όρας, ἀ παρ' ἔμ' ἐρχόμενε,' σύκινος, οὐ ῥίνη πεπονημένος, οὐδ' ἀπὸ μίλτου, ἀλλ' ἀπὸ ποιμενικής αὐτομαθούς ξοίδος . . ἀχρείως γέλασον με, τὰ δ' Εὐκλείους πεφύλαξο σίνεσθαι, μή καὶ σαρδάνιον γελασης

### 87 - IOTAIANOT

Τέχνης πυρσου όπασσα φερέσβιον: ἐκ δ' ἄρα τέχνης καὶ πυρός ἀλλήκτου πήματος όψων ἔχω. ἢ μερόπων ἀχαριστου ἀεὶ γένος εἴ γε Προμηθευς ἀντ' εὐεργεσως ταῦθ' ὑπὸ χαλκοτύπων.

### 88.--TOY AYTOY



Χαλκου μεν καλέσσκεν άτειρεα βίβλος 'Ομήρου' άλλα μεν ο πλάστης δείξεν έλεγχομένην. δεῦρ' ίδε γὰρ στενάχοντα Προμηθέα, δεῦρ' ίδε χαλκοῦ τειρομένου σπλάγχνων έκ μυχάτων ὀδύνας "Ηρακλές, νεμέσησον, ἐπεὶ μετὰ σεῖο φαρέτρην 5

Ίαπετιονίδης άλιγος άπαυστον έχει

The first couplet has probably been tempored with by Planudes; τολοι δκοΐου δράι is a conjecture for τολοι δικόπο by δράι, but the whole gives very poor sense. We expect a mention of the usual appendage of Priapus and δικόπου may be right.

### 86 .- Anonymous

### On a Statue of Preapus

Beware from afar off of the guardian set up in the kitchen-garden. I am such as thou seest me, O thou who goest past me, made of fig-wood, not polished with shagreen, nor carved by rule and measure, but by a shepherd's self-taught causel. Laugh foolishly at me, but take care not to damage Eucles' property or you may have to laugh gramly too.

### 87,—JULIANUS

THE flame that gives life to Art was my gift, and now from Art and fire I get the semblance of ceaseless pain Ungrateful of a truta is the race of mankind, since in return for his benefit to them this is what Prometheus gets from workers in bronze.



#### 88.- By THE SAME

Homen's book calls brass a metal that is meconsumable by age, but the sculptor has visibly confuted it. For come here and look at Prometheus groaning, look at the torments of the brass consumed from its inmost vitals. Wax wrath, O Heracles, that after the deed of thy quiver! the son of lapetos suffers ceaseless pain

<sup>1</sup> Heracles shot the volture which devoured Prometheus' vitues.

### 89.—PAAAOY

Είς Τάντολον έπι ποτηρίου γεγλυμμένου
Ούτος ὁ πρὶν μακαρεσσι συνέστιος, ούτος ὁ νηδὺν πολλάκι νεκταρέου πλησάμενος πόματος, νῦν λιβάδος θνητῆς ἱμείρεται· ἡ φθονερὴ δὲ κρᾶσις ἀεὶ χείλευς ἐστι ταπεινοτέρη.
"Πίνε," λέγει τὸ τόρενμα, "καὶ ὅργια μάνθανε συγῆς· δ οἱ γλώσση προπετεῖς ταῦτα κολαζάμεθα,"



### 90.-AAHAON

Θλίβε δρακοντείους περιμήκεις δβριμε δειράς "Ηρακλες, δακέτων άγχε βαθείς φάρυγας έξέτι νηπιάχοιο χόλον ζηλήμονος "Ηρης άμπαυσον μοχθείν γνώθι καὶ ἐκ βρέφεος. οὐ γώρ σοι κρητήρ χαλκήλατος, οὐδὲ λέβητες, ο άλλ' ὁδὸς εἰς αὐλὴν Ζηνός, ἔπαθλον ἔφυ.

#### 91.---AAHAON

Δέρκεο μι ριόμοχθε τεοὺς "Η ρακλες ἀγώνας, οὺς τλὰς ἀθανάτων οἶκον "Ολυμπον ἔβης. Γηρνόυην, κλυτα μῆλα, μέγαν πόνον Αὐγείαο, πωλους, 'Ιππολύτην, πουλυκάρηνον ὅψιν,

### 89. -GALLUS

On Tantalus carved on a Cup

He who once sat at the table of the gods, he who often filled his belly with nectar, now justs for a mortal hquor, but the envious brew is ever lower than his hips. "Drink," says the carving, "and learn the secret of sience, thus are we punished who are loose of tongue."

#### 90.-ANONYMOUS

Causa, sturdy Heracles, the long necks of the snakes, choke the deep throats of the venomous brutes. Even from thy babyhood tool to defeat the spite of envious Hera, learn to about from thy cradle up. For thy prize was no bowl of beaten brass, no cauldrons, but the road to the court of Zeus.

#### 91 - Anonymous

On a Monument on the Aeropotis of Pergamus mith Reliefs of the Labours of Heracles

Look, Heracles, thou of the countiess labours, at these thy emprises, after achieving which trou didst go to Olympus, the house of the immortals. Geryon, the famous apples, the great task of Augeas, the horses, Hippolyte, the many-headed



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The figure of Tautalas was probably carved on the handle of the cup. He was purposed for betraying the secrets of the gods.

κάπρον, θωϋκτήρα Χαους κύνα, θήρα Νεμείης, οίωνούς, ταθρου, Μαιναλιην έλαφον. μύν δε κατ' άκρα πολησς άπορθητοιο βεβηκώς Περγαμίης, μεγάλους ρύσο Τηλεφιδας

# 92.—AAHAON Ήρακλέους Ιθλοι

Πρώτα μὲν ἐν Νεμέη βριαρὸν κατέπεφνε λέοντα. δεύτερου, ἐν Λέρνη πολυαύχενον ὥλεσεν ὕδραν τὸ τρίτου αυτ' ἐπὶ τοῖς Ἐρυμανθιου ἔκτανε καπρου. χρυσόκερων έλαφον μετά ταῦτ' ήγρευσε, τέταρτον. πέμπτον δ', δρνιθας Στυμφαλίδας έξεδιωξεν Εκτον, 'Αμαζονίδος κόμισε ζωστηρα φαεινύν. ξβδομον, Αθγειον πολλην κόπρον έξεκάθηρεν. όγδοον, ἐκ Κρί τηθε πυρίπνοον ήλασε ταυρον. είνατου, έκ θρήκης Διομήδεος ήγαγεν ἵππους Γηρυόνου, δέκατον, βοας ήγαγεν εξ Έρυθείης. 10 Κερβερον, ενδέκατον, κύν ανήγαγεν έξ Αίδαο. δωδεκατου, ἐκόμισσεν ἐς Έλλμδα χρύσεα μήλα. τὸ τρισκαιδεκατου, τοίου λυγρου έσχευ ἄεθλου μουνονυχί πεντήκοντα ξυνελέξατο κούραις.

б

### 93.—ФІЛІППОТ

#### Είς τὸ αὐτά

'Πλεσα του Νεμέας θηρ' ἄπλετου, ώλεσα δ' ύδρην καί ταθρον, καπρου δ' άμφετίναξα γένυν ζωστήρ' έλκυσσας, πωλους Διομηδέος είλου χρύσεα μάλα κλασας, Γηρυόνην έλαβου Αυγείας μ' έδαη κεμάς ου φύγεν έκτανον όρνις. Κέρβερον ήγαγόμην αὐτὸς "Ολυμπον έχω.

snake, the boar, the baying hound of Chaos, the wild beast of Nemes, the birds, the buil, the Machalian hind. But now, standing on the height of Pergamus, the inexpugnable city, defend the great sons of Telephus.<sup>1</sup>

### 92 -ANONY MOUR

### The Labours of Heracles

First, in Nemea he slew the mighty hon. Secondly, in Lerna he destroyed the many necked hydra. Thirdly, after this he killed the Erymanthian boar-Next, in the fourth place, he captured the hind with the golden horns. Lifthly, he chased away the Stymphanan birds. Sixth y, he won the Amazon's bright girdle. Seventhly, he cleaned out the abundant dung of Augeas. Lighthly, he drove away from Crete the fire-breathing bull. Ninthly, he carried off from Thrace the horses of Diomede. Tenthly, he brought from Livithea the oxen of Geryon. Eleventhly, he led up from Hades the dog Cerberus. Twelfthly, he brought to Greece the golden apples. In the thirteenth place he had this terrib e labour in one night he lay with fifty manders.

#### 93.—PHILIPPUS

#### On the Same

I man the vast wild beast of Nemes, I slew the hydra and the buil, and smashed the jaw of the bour; when I had torn off the girdle! I took the horses of Diomede. After plucking the golden apples I captured Gervon. Augens learnt to know me, the hind did not escape me, and I killed the birds. I led Cerberus, and myself dwell in Olympus.

The people of Pargamus, whose mythroal ancestor was Telephus. • Of Hippolyte.

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### 94.—APXIOT

Μηκέτι ταυροβόροιο βαρύ βρύχημα λέοντος πτήσσετε, ληϊνομοι γειαρόται Νεμέης



η γὰρ ὑφ' Ἡρακλήσς ἀριστάθλοιο δέδουπεν, αὐχένα θηροφόνοις ἀγνόμενος παλάμαις ποίμνας ἔξελάσασθε πάλιν μυπηθμόν ἀκούοι δ'Ἡχω, ἐρημαίης ἐνναέτειρα νίπης. καὶ σι, λεουτόχλαινε, πάλιν θωρήσσεο ρίνῷ "Ἡρης πρηΰνων μισονόθοιο χόλον.

#### 95 -AAMAPHTOT

Έκ Νεμέης ό λέων, ἀτὰρ ὁ ξένος ᾿Αργόθεν αἰμα, πολλον ο μεν θηρῶν λῷστος, ὁ δ᾽ ἡμιθέων. ἔρχονται δ᾽ ἐς ἀγώνα καταντίον ὄμμα βαλόντες λοξὸν ὑπὲρ ζωᾶς ἀμφοτεροι σφετέρας. Ζεῦ πάτερ, ἀλλ εἴη τον ἀπ᾽ ᾿Αργεος ἀνέρα νικᾶν, ἔμβατὸς ὡς αὖ τοι καὶ Νεμεα τελέθοι.

#### 96. AAHAON

Τι πρώτου, τί δ' έπειτα φρεσίν, τί δε λοίσθιου όσσοις θαυμάσομαι τέχνης άνέρος ήδ' ἐλάφου. ἀν ὁ μεν ἰξύϊ θηρὸς ἐπεμβεβαὰς γόνυ βρίθει, εὐπτορθων παλάμαις δραξάμενος κεράων.

According to one story, Heracles, before killing the Remean iten, were the skin of a how he killed on Cithaeron.

#### 94.—ARCHIAS

Ye rustic ploughmen of Nemea, tremble no more at the deep roaring of the lion, slaver of bulls. has fallen by the hands of Heracles, the supreme achiever of emprises, its throat strangled by his deathdealing hands. Drive out your flocks to pasture : let Echo, the denizen of the lonely gien, again hear the sound of bleating. And do thou, clothed in the lion-skin.1 again arm thee with the pelt, appeasing the spite of Hera who hateth her lord's bastords.

### 95.—DAMAGETUS

THE hon is from Nemea, but the stranger is of Argive blood, the one far the most valuant of beasts, the other of dema-gods. They come to the conflict glaring askance at each other, each about to fight for his ,fe. Father Zeus, may the victory be the Argive man's, that Nemea be again accessible.

#### 96.—Anonymous

On Heracles and the Maenakan Hund

Weart first and wast next shall my mind marvel at, what lestly shan my eyes admire in the nortraiture of the man and hind? He, mounting on the beast's lons. rests all the weight of his knee on her grasping with his hands her beautifully branched antlers, while she, panting



ή δ΄ ύπο χάσματι πολλά και ἄσθματι φυσιόωσα
γλώσση σημαίνει θλιβομένην κραδίην.
"Ηρακλες, γηθησον, όλη κεμάς ἄρτι τέθηλεν
οὐ κέρασιν μούνοις, ἀλλά τέχνη χρυσέη.

### 97---AAAO

Χαλκου άποιμωζουτα τίς έπλασε, τίς δ' ύπο τέχνας και πόνου έυ μορφά και θρώσος είργώσατο, έμψυχου το πλάσμα· και οικτείρω μογέουτα, και φρίττω κρατερου του θρασυυ 'Ηρακλέηυ· 'Αυταΐου γὰρ έχει πεπουημένου έκ παλαμάωυ· ἰδυωθείς δε δοκει και στοναχών ίέναι.

#### 98.---AAAO

Εις Ἡρακλέα μεθύουτα



Ούτος ο νθν δπυφ βεβαρημενος ήδε κυπέλλο, Κενταύρους νήφων οἰνοβαρεῖς δλεσεν.

with open jaws and forced breath, tells of her heart's angulan by her tongue. Rejonce, Heracles; the whole hind now gutters, not her horns alone golden, but fashioned all of gold by Art.<sup>1</sup>

### 97.—Anonymous

### On Heracles and Antaeus

Who moulded this bronze that grouns, and by the power of his art thus figured effort and during? The statue is alive, and I pity him who is in distress, and shudder at Heracles the bold and mighty, for he hold. Antaeus sore pressed by the grip of his heads, and the giant donoted up seems even to be groaning.



#### 98.—Anonymous

# On Heracles in his Cups

He who is now weighed down with sleep and the wine-cup, when sober slew the Centaurs heavy with wine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This does not, of course, mean that the group was golder or gilded; "gorden" is used figuratively. The horns were doubtiess gilded. The actual animal is stated to have had gold horns.

#### 99. AAAO

Ελε τὸ αὐτό

Ο ότος ό πανδαμάτωρ, ό παρ' είνδράσι δωδεκάεθλος μελπύμενος κρατερής είνεκεν ήνορέης, οίνοβαρής μετά δαίτα μεθυσφαλές Ιχνος έλίσσει, νικηθείς άπαλφ λυσιμελεί Βρομίφ.

#### 100.—AAAO

Είς είκόνα Λυσιμάχου βασιλέως



Χαίτην καὶ βόπαλον καὶ ἐν ὀφθαλμοίσιν ἀταρβῆ θυμὸν ὁρῶν, βλοσυρόν τ' ἀνδρος ἐπισκύνιον, ζήτει δέρμα λέοντος ἐπ' εἰκόνι κῆν μὲν ἐφεύρης, Ἡρακλέης, εἰ δ' οῦ, Λυσιμάχοιο πίναξ.

### 101.—AAAO

Els εἰκόνα Ἡρακλέους

Οίφ Θειοδάμας πρίν ὑπήντεεν Ἡρακλῆι, τοῖον ὁ τεχνίτης τὸν Διὸς εἰργώσατο, βοῦν ἀρότην ἔλκοντα, καὶ ἀντανύοντα κορύνην άλλ' οὺ τὴν ὀλοὴν γράψε βοοσφαγίην, ναὶ τάχα Θειοδάμαντι γοήμονα χείλεσι ψωνὴν ἤρμοσεν, ἦς ἀίων φείδεται Ἡρακλέης.

99 — Амому моца

On the Some

This subduer of all of whom, techng of his twelve tabours, men sing because of his mighty valour, now after the feast is heavy with wine, and rolls along unsteady in his gait from drank, conquered by soft Bacchus the loosener of the limbs.



#### 100. -ANDNYMOUS

On a Portrait of King Lysimachus

Seeine the man's flowing locks, and the club, and the dauntless spirit in his eyes, and the fierce frown on his brow, seek for the non's skin in the portrait, and if thou findest it, it is Heracles, but if not, this is the picture of Lysimochus.

#### 101 —Anonymous

### On a Picture of Heracles

As Heracles was when Theiodamas met him of old, even so did the artist portray the son of Zeus dragging off the ox from the plough and lifting up his club on high, but he did not paint the wicked murder of the ox. Yea, perchance he drew Theiodamas with a plaintive cry on his hips, hearing which Heracles spares the steer's hife. 2

<sup>2</sup> Heracles in Rhodes killed the labouring ox of Theodemas to cook and eat it.

2 s.e possibly the artist wished to convey the impression that Heracles spared the ox.

#### 102.-- AAAO

Els ελκόνα έτέραν τοῦ αὐτο?

Οίον καὶ Κρονίδης ἐσπειρε σε τῆ τρισελήνω νυκτί, καὶ Εὐρυσθεὺς εἰδεν ἀεθλοφορον, κὴκ πυρὸς εἰς Οὔλυμπον ἐκωμασας, ὥ βαρύμοχθε ᾿Αλπειδη, τοίην εἰκόνα σου βλέπομεν. ᾿Αλκμηνης δ᾽ ὧδίνας ἔχει λίθος αἰ δε μεγαυχεῖς Θῆβαι νῶν μύθων εἰσὶν ἀπιστύτεραι.

### 103 —FEMINOT

Είς ἄγαλμα τοῦ αὐτοῦ

"Ηρακλες, ποῦ σοι πτόρθος μέγας, ἥ τε Νέμειος χλαίνα, καὶ ἡ τόξων ἔμπλεος ἰοδόκη, ποῦ σοβαρὸν βρίμημα; τί σ' ἔπλασεν ὧδε κατηφῆ Λύσιππος, χαλκῷ τ' ἐγκατέμιξ' ὀδύνην, ἄχθη γυμνωθείς ὅπλων σέο· τίς δέ σ' ἔπερσεν, ὁ πτερόεις, ὄντως είς βαρὺς ἄθλος, Έρως

5

### 104.—ФІЛІППОТ

#### Είς τὸ αὐτό

"Ηρη τοῦτ' ἄρα λοιπὸν ἐβούλετο πᾶσω ἐπ' ἄθλοις, ὅπλων γυμνὸν ἰδεῖν τὸν θρασὺν Ἡρακλέα. ποῦ χλαίνωμα λέοντος, ὅ τ' εὐροίζητος ἐπ' ὅμοις ἰός, καὶ βαρύπους ὅζος ὁ θηρολέτης; πάντα σ' Έρως ἀπέδυσε καὶ οὐ ξένον, εἰ Δία κύκνον ὅ ποιήσας, ὅπλων νοσφίσαθ' Ἡρακλέα.

The meaning of this very frigid and laboured complet seems to be "Not Alemene gave birth to thee, but this marble, and the claim of Thebes to be thy birthplace is now baseless." From the rest of the opigram we must, I think,

#### 102.--Анонумовя

On a Statue or Statues of Herneles

Even as the son of Crones sewed thee on the night of three moons, even as Enrystheus saw thee, thy labours accomplished, even as from the fame thou didst go in triumph to Olympus, so, O Aleides, hard toiler, do we look on thee in thine image. The stone's are the birth-pangs of Alemene, and too boastfu. Thebes is now less worthy of behef than fables.

### 103.-GEMINUS

On a Statue of Heracles

Heracies, where is thy great club, where thy Nemean cloak and thy quiver ful of arrows, where is thy stern glower? Why did Lysippus mould thee thus with dejected visage and alloy the bronze with pain? Thou art in distress, stripped of thy nums? Who was it that laid thee low? Winged Love, of a truth one of thy heavy abours.

### 104.—PHILIPPUS

On the Same

So Hera, then, wished for this to crown all his labours, the sight of doughty Heracles stripped of his arms. Where is the hon-skin cloak, where the quiver of lond-whizzing arrows on his shoulder and the heavy-footed branch, the slayer of heasts? Love has stripped thee of all, and it is not strange that, having made Zens a swan, he deprived Heracles of his weapons.

understand that there were three representations of Herac.a. at his birth in his prime, and after his death.

By Omphale

#### IO5.—AAHAON

Εις άνδριάντα Θησέως καὶ τοῦ Μαραθωνίου ταυρου Θαθμα τέχνης ταύρου τε καὶ ἀνέρος, ὧν ὁ μὲν ἀλκᾶ θήρα βίη βρίθει, γυια τιταινόμενος Ινας δ' αὐχενίους γνάμπτων, παλάμησιν έμαρψεν. λαιή μυκτήρας, δεξιτερή δε κερας, ἀστραγάλους δ' ελέλιξε καὶ αὐχένα θὴρ ὑπὸ χερσὶν 5 δαμνάμενος κρατεραίς ὥκλασεν εἰς ὁπίσω. έστι δ' ότσσασθαι τέχνης ύπο τῷδ' ἐνὶ χαλκῷ θήρα μεν εμπνείειν, άνδρα δ' ίδρωτι βέαιν.



# Είς ανδριαντα Καπανέως Εί τοίος Θήβης Καπανεύς

έπεμήνατο πύργοις, άμβασιν ήερίην κλίμακι μησ άμενος, είλεν αν άστυ βίη και υπέρ μόρου, αίδετο γάρ ρα καὶ σκηπτὸς Κρουίδου

τοΐου έλεῖυ πρόμαχου.

106.—AAHAON

# 107. -IOTAIANOT

Είς Ίκαρον χαλκοῦν ἐν λαυτρώ ίσταμενών

"Ικαρε, κηρός μέν σε διώλεσε νυν δέ σε κηρφ

ήγαγεν είς μορφήν αδθις ό χαλ κοτύπος.

άλλά γε μή πτερά πάλλε κατ' ήέρα, μή το λοετρόν,

ήερόθεν πίπτων, Ίκαριον τελεσης. 218



105 -- Anonymous

On a Statue of Theseus and the Bull of Marathon

MARVELLOUS is the art of the bull and man he, the man, his fimbs all tense. forces down by his might the savage beast. To bend back the sinews of its neck he grasps with his left hand its nostrils, with his right its horn, and shakes up the neck-bones. The beast, its neck subdued by his strong hands, sinks down on its hindquarters. One may fancy that in this brouze



Art makes the beast breathe and bathes the man

GG. -ANONYM IVE

On a Statue of Capaneus

HAD Capaneus been like this when he furiously attacked the towers of Thebes, contriving to mount through the sir on a ladder, he would have taken the city by force in Fate's despite, for even the bolt of Zeus would have deemed it shame to slay such a champion.

107.-JULIANUS

On a Bronze Statue of Icarus which stood in a Bath
Icarus, wax caused thy death, and now by wax the worker in bronze has restored thee to thy shape.
But beat not thy wings in the air, lest thou fall from
the sky and give thy name to the bath 2

The mode, for the broaze had been worked to wax.

As he gave his name to the Icarian Sea.

#### 108,--TOY AYTOY

Είς το αὐτό

\* Ίκαρε, χαλκος έων μιμνήσκεο μηδέ σε τέχνη, μηδ' ἀπάφη πτερύγων ζεῦγος ἐπωμάδιον. μπος ἐθέλεις πτῆναι χάλκεον εἰδος ἔχων;

### 109.--Al'A@IOT



Είς Ίπα όλυτον διυλεγόμενον τῆ τροφή τῆς Φαίδρας

'Ιππάλυτος της γρηδς επ' οδατι νηλέα μθθον φθέγγεται άλλ' ήμείς οὐ δυνάμεσθα κλύειν.

δσσον δ' έκ βλεφάροιο μεμηνότος έστι νοήσαι, δττι παρεγγυάφ μηκετ' άθεσμα λέγειν.

### 110.-ΦΙΛΟΣΤΡΑΤΟΥ

Είς είκουα Τηλέφου τετρωμένου

Οὖτος ὁ Τευθρανίας πρόμος ἄσχετος, οὖτος ὁ τὸ πρὶν Τήλεφος αἰμάξας φρικτὸν ἄρη Δαναῶν. Μυσὸν ὅτε πλήθοντα φόνω ἐκέρασσε Κάῦκον, οὖτος ὁ Πηλιακοῦ δούρατος ἀντίπαλος, νῦν ὁλοὰν μηρῷ κεύθων βάρος, οἶα λιπόπνους τῆκεται, ἐμψάχω σαρκὶ συνελκόμενος.

οδ καλ τειρομένοιο περιπτωσ συντες 'Αχαιολ φύρδην Τευθρανίας νεύνται ἀπ' ἤίδνος.

### 108.-By THE SAME

On the Same

learns, remember thou art of bronze, and let neither art nor the pair of wings on thy shoulders delude thee, for if, when alive, thou didst fall into the depths of the sea, how canst thou wish to fly when formed of bronze?

#### 109.—AGATHIAS

On Happolyius conversing with Pinedra's Aurse Hipporyrus speaks into the old wife's car pitaless words, but we cannot hear them. But as far as we can understand from the fury in his eyes, he enjoins her not to say again unlawful words.

#### .10.—PHILOSTRATUS

On a Picture of Telephus Wounded

This, the irresistible chieftum of Teuthrama, this Telephois who once bathed in blood the terrible host of the Greeks when he filled Mysion Cayous to overflowing with a sughter, this, the champion who faced the spear of Peleus, now bearing hidden deep in his thigh a heavy and deadly wound, wastes away as if his life were leaving bini, dragging himself along with his hiving flesh. Even though he be sore hint the Greeks tremble at him, and depart in disorder from the Testaranan shore.



The phrase is most obscure. By some it is explained "his living flesh contracted," but the Greek can scarcely bear this meaning grammatically.

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### 111 —FAATKOT

Είς εἰκόνα Φιλοκτήτου

Καὶ τον ἀπὸ Τρηχίνος ἰδων πολυώδυνον ῆρω,
τόνδε Φιλοκτήτην ἔγραφε Παρράσιος:
ἔν τε γαρ ὀφθαλμοῖς ἐσκληκόσι κωφὰν ὑποικεῖ
δάκρυ, καὶ ὁ τρύχων ἐντὸς ἔνεστι πονος.
ζωογραφων ὧ λῷστε, σὰ μεν σοφός, ἀλλ' ἀναπαῦσαι ὁ
ἄνδρα πόνων ῆδη τὸν πολύμοχθον ἔδει.

#### 112.—AΔHAON

Εἰς τὴν αθτήν

Έχθρὸς ύπὲρ Δαυαούς πλάστης έμος, ἄλλος Οδυσσεύς,

ός μ' εμυησε κακής οὐλομένης τε νόσου. οὐκ ήρκει πέτρη, τρύχος, λύθρου, ελκος, ἀνίη· ἀλλὰ καὶ ἐν χαλκῷ τον πόνου εἰργάσατο.

### 113,-IOTAIANOT

Είς τὸν αἰπόν

Οίδα Φιλοκτήτην όρόων, ότι πάσι φαείνει ἄλγος ξόν, καὶ τοῖς τηλόθι δερκομένοις. ἄγρια μὲν κομόωσαν ἔχει τρίχα: δεῦρ ἔδε κόρσης χαίτην τρηχαλέοις χρώμασιν αὐσταλέην δέρμα κατεσκληκὸς δὲ φέρει καὶ ρικνον ἰδέσθαι, καὶ τάχα καρφαλέον χερσιν ἐφαπτομέναις δάκρνα δὲ ξηροίσιν ὑπὸ βλεφάροισι παγεντα ἴσταται, ἀγρύπνου σῆμα δυηπαθιης.

### 111.-GLAUCUS

On a Picture of Philocletes

Paramasus painted this, Philocotetes' likeness, after verily seeing the long suffering hero from Trachis. For in his dry eyes there larks a mute tear, and the wearing pain dwells inside O best of painters, great is thy skill, but it was time to give rest from his pains to the much tried man



#### 112.—Anonymous

On a Bronze Statue of the Same

My foe, more than the Greeks, was my maker, a second Odyssers, who put me in unid again of my evil, accursed lunt. They were not enough, the rock-cave, the rags, the pus, the sore, the misery, but he wrought in the crass even the pain.

### 113.--JULIANUS

On a Picture of the Same

I know Philoctetes when I look on him, for he makes manifest his pain to all, even to those who gaze on him from a distance. He is all shaggy like a wild man, look at the locks of his head, squalid and harsh-coloured. His skin is parebed and shrunk to look at, and perchance feels dry even to the finger stouch. Beneath his dry eyes the tears stand frozen, the sign of sleepless agony.

### 114.-- ΚΟΣΜΛ

Εἰς Πύρρον μέλλοντα σφάξαι τὴν Πολυξενην Πύρρος ἐγώ· σπεύδω δὲ πατρὸς χάριν· ἡ δὲ κυνῶπις Παλλάδα κικλήσκει, γνωτὸν ἔχουσα Πάριν.

### 115.— ADHAON

Είς Χειρώνα τον Ιννοκενταυρον

# 116.—ΕΥΟΔΟΥ

Είς την αύτον



"Ιππος έην ἀκαρηνος, ἀνήρ δ' ἀτέλεστος έκειτο, ὄν γε Φύσις παίζουσα θοφ ἐνεκέντρισεν ἵππφ.

### 117.-KOPNHAIOT

Els Kurniyapor

Οδ σε, μακαρ Κυνέγειρε, τοὶ ὡς Κυνέγειρον ἔγραψε Φᾶσις, ἐπεὶ βριαραῖς ἄνθετο σὺν παλαμαις ἀλλὰ σοφός τις ἔην ὁ ζωγραφος, οὐδέ σε χειρῶν νόσφισε, τὸν χειρῶν οὔνεκεν ἀθάνατον

### 114.-COSMAS

On Pyrrhus about to butcher Polyxona

i am Pyrrhus, and am argent for my father's sake, but she, the shameless girl, calls on Pallas, though her brother be Paris.<sup>1</sup>



#### 115.-Апонумова

On the Centaur Charon

A Horse is shed forth from a man, and a man springs up from a horse, a man without feet and a swift horse without a head, a horse beaches out a man, and a man farts out a horse.

### 116.-EVODUS

On the Same

THERE were a horse without a head and a man lying unfinished. Nature, in sport, grafted him on the swift horse.

### 117 --- CORNELIUS LONGINUS

On a Painting of Cynaegirus

Phasis did not paint thee, blest Cynaegirus,<sup>2</sup> as Cynaegirus, since thee hast sturdy hands in this his offering. Yet the painter was a skilful one, and did not deprive of thy hands thee who art immortal because of thy hands.

\* a.s. he who accrued Pallas by his judgment

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<sup>&</sup>quot; The brother of Assobylus. He lost a hand (according to later writers, both hands) at the battle of Marathon.

### 118.--ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΣΙΛΕΝΤΙΑΡΙΟΥ

Είς τον αθτύν

Μηδοφόνους μεν χείρας ύπερ γαμψοίο κορύμβοι ναὸς άπορνυμένης έξέταμον κοπίδες, άνίκα που, Κυνέγειρε, φυγάς ποτε φορτίς έκείνα όσπερ ἀπ' εὐναίας εἴχετο σᾶς παλάμας. ἀλλὰ και ὡς ἀπρὶξ δόρυ νήῖον ἀμφιδακοῦσαι, ἄπυοον ὡμάρτευν τάρβος 'Αχαιμενίοις καὶ τὰς μέν τις ἀνὴρ ἔλε βάρβαρος · ἀ δέ γε χειρῶν νίκα Μοψοπίοις μίμνε παρ' ἐνναέταις.

### 110.-- ΠΟΣΕΙΔΙΙΙΠΌΥ

Εξε στήλην Αλεξωνδρου του Μακεδόνος

Λύσιππε, πλάστα Σικυωνια, θαρσαλέη χείρ, δάξε τεχνίτα, πθρ τοι ό χαλκος όρη, δυ κατ' 'Αλεξάνδρου μορφάς χέες. οὐκέτι μεμπτολ Πέρσαι· συγγυώμη βουσλ λέοντα φυγεϊν.

# 120.-ΑΡΧΕΛΛΟΤ, οί δε ΑΣΚΛΙΙΠΙΑΔΟΤ

Είς του αυτόν

Τόλμαν 'Αλεξάνδρου καὶ όλαν ἀπεμάξατο μορφάν Λύσιππος· τίν' όδὶ χαλκος ἔχει δύναμιν, αὐδασοῦντι δ' ἔοικεν ὁ χάλκεος ἐς Δία λεύσσων· "Γὰν ὑπ' ἐμοὶ τίθεμαι· Τεῦ, σὰ δ' "Ολυμπον ἔχε."

### 118.-PAULUS SILENTIARIUS

On the Same

The hands that dealt death to the Medes were hewn off by axes us they rested on the curved stern of the ship which was hastening away, then, Cynaegirus, when that flying vessel was held by thy hand as if by a cable. But even so, gripping tight the ship's tunber, they accompanied the Persians, a lifetess terror to them. Some barbarian took the hands, but their victory remained with the inhabitants of Mopsopia.<sup>1</sup>

### 119.—POSIDIPPUS

On a Statue of Alexander of Macedon

Lyampus, sculptor of Sieyon, bold hand, cumming craftsman, its glarce is of fire, that bronze t iou didst cast in the form of Alexander. No longer do we blame the Persians cattle may be pardoned for flying before a lion.

### 120. ARCHELAUS OR ASCLEPIADES

On the Same

Listreus modelled Alexander's daring and his whole form. How great is the power of this bronze. The brazen king seems to be guzing at Zens and about to say, "I set Earth under my feet, thyself, Zens, possess Olympus."

4 Atties.



#### 121 --- AAHAON

Είς τον αθτόν

Αύτον 'Αλέξανδρον τεκμαιρεο ώδε τα κεινου όμματα, και ζωόν θάρσος ό χαλκός έχει δς μόνος, ην έφορωσιν ἀπ' αἰθέρος αί Διὸς αὐγαί, πάσαν Πελλαίφ γην ὑπέταξε θρόνω.

### 122.--ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Είς τὸν αὐτόν

Τοῦτον `Αλέξανδρον, μεγαλήτορος υζα Φιλιππου, δέρκεαι ἀρτιλοχευτον, 'Ολυμπιάς δυ ποτε μητηρ καρτερόθυμου ἔτικτευ' ἀπ' ἀδίνων δέ μιυ 'Αρης ἔργα μόθων ἐδίδασκε, Τυχη δ' ἐκέλευσευ ἀνάσσειν.

#### 123.—AΔHΛΟΝ

Οὐ τὸν βουθοίναν Ἡρακλέα, παίδες ἀγρῶται, οὐκέτι κερδαλέοις ἐμβατὰ ταῦτα λύκοις, φῶρές τε στείχειν κλοπίην όδὸν ἀρνήσονται, εἰ καὶ κωμήτας ἄκριτος ὕπνος ἔχοι. ἡ γάρ μὶ ἴδρυται Διονύσιος οὐκ ἄτερ εὐχῆς χώρω τῷδὶ ἀγαθὸν σύμμαχον Ἡρακλέα.

### 124.---AAHAON

Μὴ τρέσσης, ὅτι τόξον, όδοιπόρε, καὶ νεοθηγεῖς ἐοὺς γυμνώσας, πρόσθε ποδῶν ἐθέμην,

### 121.—Анонумовя

#### On the Same

IMAGINE that thou seest Alexander binuself, so flash his very eyes in the bronze, so lives his Jauntless mien. He alone subjected to the throne of Pella all the earth which the rays of Zeus look on from heaven.

#### 122.—Anonymous

On a Statue of the Same as a Child !

Hear seest thou newly-born Alexander, the son of great-hearted Philip, him the bold-spirited to whom Olympias of old gave birth, to whom from his cradle Ares taught the labours of war and whom Forlane called to the throne.

### 123.—Anonymous

No, by Heraeles the ox-eater, ye country lads, no longer shall willy wolves set their feet here, and thieves shall refuse to tread the path of pilfering, even if the villagers lie in imprudent sleep. For Dionysias withal, not without a vow, bath set me, Heraeles, here to be the place's good defender

#### 124. - Anonymous

# On a Statue of Heracles

Through not, traveller, at this, that I have unsheathed my bow and newly sharpened arrows and

Also by Lysippus.

μηδ' ὅτι βαστάζω ῥύπαλον χερι μηδ' ὅτι δέρμα ἀμφ' ὤμοις χαροποῦ τοῦτο λέοντος ἔχω πημαίνειν οὐ πάντας ἐπίσταμαι, ἀλλὰ κακούργους : καὶ σώζειν ἀγαθοὺς ἐξ ἀχέωι δύναμαι.

### .25. AAHAON

Αλεί Λαρτιάδη πύντος βαρύς: εἰκύνα χεθμα ἔκλυσε, κάκ δέλτων του τύπον ήφάνισεν. τί πλεον, εἰν ἐπέεσσιν 'Ομηρείοις γὰρ ἐκείνου εἰκὼν ἀφθάρτοις ἐγγραφεται σελίσιν.



### 126.—AAHAON

### Είς τον Μινώταυρον

'Ο παίς ό ταύρος, ό κατὰ μηδεν ἐντελής,

ύ της τεκούσης του πάθους κατήγορος,

ύ μεξόθηρ ἄνθρωπος, ή διπλή φύσις, ύ ταυρόκρανος, ή πλάνη τῶν σωμωτων.

δς ούτε βούς πέφυκεν, ούτ' άνηρ όλως.

### 127.—ΑΔΗΔΟΝ

Τίς του Θρήϊκα τόνδε μονοκρήπιδα Λυκούργου χάλκεου, Ἡδωνῶν ταγόυ, ἀνεπλάσατο; Βακχιακὸν παρὰ πρέμνου ἔδ' ὡς ἀγέρωχα μεμηνῶς βριθυν ὑπερ κεφαλᾶς ἀντέτακεν χάλυβα. μανὑει μορφὰ τὸ πάλαι θράσος· ἀ δ' ἀγέρωχος λύσσα καὶ ἐν χαλκῷ κείνο τὸ πικρὸν ἔχει.

I This was the fashion among certain peoples. cp. Virgil, Acc. vil. 689.

laid them at my feet, nor that I bear a club in my hand and wear round my shoulders the skin of a lawny non. It is not my task to hurt all men, but only evil-doers, and I also can deliver the good from sorrow

### 125.- ANONYMOUS

# On a Picture of Chysics.

Even is the sea animal to the son of Liertes, the flood bath bothed the picture and washed off the figure from the wood. What did it gain thereby? For in Homer's verse the mage of him is painted on immortal pages.

# $_{*}26.$ — $\Lambda$ кому моиз

### On the Minotaur

THE bull boy, in no respect complete, he who betrays his mother's passion, the man half beast, the double nature, the bull headed, the freak of bodies, who is neither a whole ox nor a whole man.

#### 127.—Аконумова

Who moulded in bronze this one-shoed I Thracian Lycurgus, the chieftain of the Edones? I Look how, in his insolent fary, standing by the stem of Bacchus' vine, he holds high over his head his heavy are. His pose speaks of his old overboldness, and even in the brass his insolent fury has that bitterness we look for,



Where, as in this and other cases, the epigram beging so, the name of the artist was quabtless given beneath.

#### 128.—AAHAON

Ele Topyéreme

Μαίνεται 'Ιφιγένεια: πάλιν δέ μιν είδος 'Ορέστου ές γλυκερὴν ἀνάγει μυῆστιν δμαιμασύνης: τῆς δὲ χολωομένης και ἀδελφεὸν εἰσοροώσης οἴκτφ και μανίη βλέμμα συνεξάγεται



### 129 -- AAHAON

Είς άγαλμα Νιόβης

' Γικ ζωής με θεοί τεθξαν λίθον έκ δὲ λίθοιο ζωὴν Πραξιτέλης ἔμπαλιν εἰργάσατο.

### 130. - IOTAIANOT AIRTHTIOT

Είς το αύτο

Δυστήνου Νιόβης οράφς παναληθέα μορφήν, ώς έτι μυρομένης ποτμον έων τεκεων. εί δ΄ άρα καὶ ψυχὴν οὐκ έλλαχε, μὴ τόδε τέχνη μέμφεο- θηλυτέρην είκασε λαινέην.

### 131. ANTIMATPOY

Ελε τὸ αὐτό

Τανταλίς άδε ποχ' և δίσσ' έπτάκι τέκνα τεκούσα γαστρί μεβ, Φοίβφ θύμα καὶ `Αρτέμιδι

#### 128 - ANONYMOUS

### On Iphigenia

Indicenta rageth funcusly, but the face of Orestes recalls her to the sweet memory of knuship. Being stirred by wrath, and gazing, too, at her brother, her glance is as of one carried away by mixed fury and pity



### 129.--Anony mous

### On a Statue of Niobe

From a hving being the gods made me a stone, but Praxiteles from a stone made me alive again.

### 130.-JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

### On a Picture of the Same

Thou seest the veritable shape of unhappy Niobe as if she were still bewining the fate of her children. But if it is not given to her to have a soul, blame not the artist for this he portrayed a woman of stone

# 131 -ANTIPATER (OF THESSALONICA?)

#### On the Same 1

This is the daughter of Tanta us, who of old bore from a single womb twice seven children, victims of Phoebus and Artemis; for the Maiden sent untime.y

<sup>1</sup> This and the following epigrams refer to a group of Niobe and her shildren such as we possess.

κουρα γάρ προϋπεμψε κόραις φόνον, ἄρρεσι δ' ἄρσην· δισσοὶ γάρ δισσάς Επτανον έβδομαδας.

ά δὲ τοσας ἀγέλας μάτηρ πάρος, ά πάρος εὕπαις. Β οὐδ' ἐψ' ἔνι τλάμων λείπετο γηροκόμω:

μάτηρ δ' οὐχ ὑπὸ παισίν, ὅπερ θεμις, ἀλλ' ὑπὸ ματρὸς παίδες ἐς ἀλγεινοὺς πάντες ἄγοντο τάφους.

Τάνταλε, και δὲ σὲ γλώσσα διωλεσε, και σέο κούραν· χά μὲν ἐπετρώθη, σοι δ' ἔπι δείμα λίθος. 10

### 132.--ΘΕΟΔΩΡΙΔΟΥ

Είς τὸ αύτο

Στάθι πέλας, δάκρυσον ίδών, ξένε, μυρία πενθη τᾶς ἀθυρογλώσσου Τανταλίδος Νιόβας, ᾶς ἐπὶ γᾶς ἔστρωσε δυωδεκάπαιδα λοχείην ἄρτι, τὰ μέν, Φοίβου τόξα, τὰ δ΄, 'Αρτέμιδος. ἀ δὲ λίθφ καὶ σαρκὶ μεμυγμένον είδος ἔχουσα, πετροῦται στενάχει δ΄ ὑψιπαγὴς Σίπυλος. γλώσσα θνατοῖσιν δολία νοσος, ἄς ἀχάλινος ἀφροσύνα τίκτει πολλάκι δυστυγίαν.

### 133.—ANTITIATPOT

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Τίπτε, γύναι, πρὸς "Ολυμπον ἀναιδέα χεῖρ' ἀνένεικας, ἔνθεον ἐξ ἀθέου κρατὸς ἀφεῖσα κομαν;

desta to the maden, the male god to the boys, the two slaying two companies of seven. She, once the mother of such a flock, the mother of lovely children, was not left with one to tend her age. The mother was not, as was meet, buried by her candlen, but the children all were carried by their mother to the sorrowful tomb. Tantalus, thy tongue was fatal to thee and to thy dangater; soe became a rock, and over thee hangs a stone to terrify thee

### 132.—THEODORIDAS

#### On the Same

STAND near, stranger, and weep when thou lookest on the infinite mourning of Niobe, the daughter of Tantalus, who he d not her tongue under lock and key, whose brood of twelve children is laid low now on earth, these by the arrows of Phoebus, and those by the arrows of Artemis. Now, her form compounded of stone and flesh, she is become a rock, and highburit Sippins grouns. A guileful plague to mortals is the tongue whose unbridled madness gives birth often to calamity.

# 133,-ANTIPATER (OF SIDON)

#### On the Same

WHY, woman, dost thou lift up to Olympus thy shameless hand, and let thy divine hair fall loose from thy godiess head? Looking now on the heavy

<sup>1</sup> Nielse, though turned to stone, still suffered and wept.

Λατούς παπταίνουσα πολύν χόλον, δι πολύτεκτε, νύν στένε τὰν πικρών καὶ φιλάβουλου έριν.

ά μεν γάρ παίδων σπαίρει πελας ά δε λιπόπνους κεκλιται. Α δε βαρυς πότμος έπικρέμαται.

καὶ μόχθων οῦπω τόδε σοι τέλος, ἀλλὰ καὶ ἄρσην ἔστρωται τέκνων ἐσμὸς ἀποφθιμένων.

δ βαρὰ δακρύσασα γενέθλιον, ἄπνοος αὐτὰ πέτρος ἔση, Νιόβα, κάδεῖ 1 τειρομένα.

### 134.--ΜΕΛΕΑΓΡΟΥ

10

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#### Eis rd abró

Τανταλί παῖ, Νιόβα, κλύ ἐμὰν φάτιν, ἄγγελον ἄτας· δέξαι σῶν ἀχέων οἰκτροτάταν λαλιάν.

λθε κόμας ἀνάδεσμον, ὶώ, βαρυπενθέσι Φοίβου γειναμένα τόξοις ἀρσενόπαιδα γόνον

ού σοι παίδες ἔτ' είσίν. ἀτὰρ τί τόδ' ἄλλο; τί λεύσσω,

αί, αί, πλημμυρεί παρθενικαίσι φύνος.

ά μεν γάρ ματρος περί γούνασω, ά δ' ένλ κόλποις κέκλιται, ά δ' έπὶ γάς, ά δ' έπιμαστίδιος.

άλλα δ' άντωπον θαμβεί βέλος- ά δ' έπ' οιστοίς πτώσσει τας δ' έμπνουν όμμ' έτι φως όράς.

ά δε λάλου στέρξασα πάλας στόμα, νθυ υπό θάμβευς μάτηρ σαρκοπαγής οία πέπηγε λίθος.

<sup>1</sup> This is Jacoba' correction. The MSS, have xafa, "In Hades too," but there is no trace of such a version of the story of Niobe.

wrath of Leto, O mother of many children, bemoan thy bitter and froward strife. One of thy daughter's is gasping beside thee, one lies lifeless, and heavy death is nigh descending on another. Yea, and this is not yet the end of thy wee, but the swarm of thy male children lies low likewise in death. O Niobe, weeping for the heavy day that gave thee birth, thou shalt be a lifeless rock consumed by sorrow.

### 134.--MELEAGER

### On the Same 1

Niosz, daughter of Tantalas, hearken to my word, the announcer of woe, receive the most mouraful tale of thy sorrows. Loose the fillet of thy hair; thy male children, alas! thou didst bear but to fall by the woe-working arrows of Phoebus. Thy boys are no more. But what is this other thing? What do I see? Alack! alack, the flood of blood has overtaken the maidens. One clasps ner mother's knees, one rests on her lap, one on the ground, and the head of one has falsen on her breast. Another is smitten with terror at the shaft flying straight to her, and one stoops before the arrows, while the rest still live and see the light. And the mother, who erst took pleasure in her tongue's chatter, now for norror stands like a rock built of flesh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Supposed to be spoken by a messenger who brings to Niole the news of the death of her sons slain by Apoilo while hunting.



### 135.-AAHAON

Εἰς εἰκόνα Μηδείας τὴν ἐν Ῥώμη Τέχνη Τιμομάχου ατοργήν καὶ ζῆλον ἔμιξε Μηδείης, τέκνων εἰς μόρον ἐλπομένων.

τῆ μὲν γὰρ συνένευσεν έπὶ ξίφος, ἡ δ' ἀνανεύει, σωζειν καὶ κτείνειν βουλομένη τέκεα.

# 136.—ANTIФIAOT

Els tò abtó

Τὰν ἀλοὰν Μήδειαν ὅτ΄ ἔγραφε Τιμομάχου χείρ, ζάλφ καὶ τέκνοις ἀντιμεθελκομέναν, μυρίον ἄρατο μόχθον, ἴν ήθεα δισσὰ χαράξη, ὅν τὸ μὲν εἰς ὁργὰν νεῦε, το δ΄ εἰς ἔλεον. ἄμφω δ΄ ἐπλήρωσεν ὅρα τύπον ἐν γὰρ ἀπειλὰ δάκρυον, ἐν δ΄ ἔλέφ θυμος ἀναστρέφεται. ἀρκεῖ δ΄ ὰ μέλλησις, ἔφα σοφός αἰμα δὲ τέκνων ἔπρεπε Μηδείη, κού χερὶ Τιμομάχου.

Autonius, Kpigram 1:20.

#### 137.—ФЈАЈППОТ

Βίς το αύτο

Τίς σου, Κολχις άθεσμε, συνέγραφεν εἰκόνι θυμόν; τίς καὶ ἐν εἰδωλφ βαρβαρον εἰργάσατο; ἄρ' αἰεὶ διψᾶς βρεφέων φόνον, ἢ τις Ἰήσων δεύτερος, ἢ Γλαύκη τις πάλι σοι προφασις;

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#### 135.--Амонумоиз

# On the Picture of Medenan Rome

The art of Timomachus unagled the love and jealousy of Medea as she drags her children to death. She half consents as she looks at the sword, and half refuses, wishing both to save and to slay her children

### 136.--ANTIPHILUS

#### On the Same

When the hand of Thuquael us painted baleful Medea, pulled in aiverse directions by jealousy and love of her children, he undertook vast labour in trying to draw her two characters, the ove inclined to wrath, the other to pity. But he showed both to the full, look at the picture in her threat dwell tears, and wrath dwells in her pity. The intention is enough, as the sage said. The blood of the children befitted Medea, not the hand of Timomacous.

### 137.—PHILIPPUS

### On the Name

Who, lawless Colchian, chronicled thy wrath in the picture? Who wrought thee, thus barbarous even in thy image? Dost thou yet thirst for thy babes' blood? Is some second Jason or another Glauce thy

 $<sup>^{-1}</sup>$  s.e. Theorems was right in not pumbing the actual marder. cp. No. 38.

έρρε, καὶ ἐν κηρῷ παιδοκτονε. σῶν γὰρ αμέτρων ζήλων ṭeἰς â θέλεις καὶ γραφὶς αἰσθιίνεται, Αὐκοιιακ, Ερισταπ 130.



### 138.--ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Ele 76 apró

Δεθρ' ίδε παιδολέτειραν εν είκονι, δεθρ' 
ίδ' άγαλμα,

Κολχίδα, Τιμομάχου χειρί τυπωσα-

5

φάσγανου ευ παλάμα, θυμός μέγας, ἄγριου δμμα,

παισίν ἐπ' οικτίστοις διίκρυ κατερχομενου

πώντα δ' όμοῦ συνέχευευ, άμμετότατ'
εἰς ἐν ἀγείρας,
αἵματι μὴ χρώσαι φεισάμενος παλάμαν.

# 139 —IOTATANOT AIFTHTIOT

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Τιμόμαχος Μήδειαν ὅτ᾽ ἔγραφεν, εἰκόνι μορφᾶς ἀψύχου ἡ ψυχὰς θήκατο διχθαδίας ζᾶλον γὰρ λεχέων, τεκέων θ᾽ ἄμα φίλτρα συνάψας, δείξεν ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς ἀντιμεθελκομέναν.

### 140. AAHAON

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Δευρ' ίδε, καὶ θάμβησον ὑπ' ὀφρύσι κείμενον οἰκτον καὶ θυμόν, βλεφαρων καὶ πυροεσσαν ἴτυν,

<sup>1</sup> Αψόχου probably should not be corrected, but one must render as if it were ἀψύχφ

pretext? Out on thee, murderess of thy children, even in the painted wax. For the very picture feels that jealousy of thine that passed all bounds.

### 138 .- Anony mous

#### On the Same

Come, look on the could-murderess in a picture; look on her image, the Colchian's, drawn by the hand of Timomachus. The sword is in her hand, great is her wrath, wild is her eye, the tears are falling for her most unhappy children. The painter has made a rediev of all, uniting things most uncombinable, but he refrained from reddening his hand with blood.

# 139.—JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

### On the Samo

Timonaction, when he painted Medea, put two souls into the soulless image of her form. For joining her jealousy of her husband and her love for her children he snows her to our eyes dragged in diverse directions.

### 140.—Anonymous

#### On the Same

Cong, look and marvel at the pity and wrath that dwell under her brow, look at the fiery orbs of her

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και μητρός παλάμην άλόχοιο τε πικρά παθούσης όρμη φειδομένη προς φόνον έλκομένην. ζωγράφος εῦ δ' ἔκρυψε φόνου τέλος, οὐκ ἐθελήσας θάμβος ειπαμβλύναι πένθει δερκομενων.

# 141.—ФІЛІППОТ

#### Είς τὸ αὐτό

Κολχιδα, τὴν ἐπὶ παισὶν ἀλάστορα, τραυλὲ χελιδών, πῶς ἔτλης τεκέων μαΐαν έχειν ίδιων, ής έτι κανθός ύφαιμος άπαστρώπτει φόνιον πύρ, καὶ πολιὸς γενύων ἀφρὸς ἄπο σταλάει: αρτιβρεχής δε σίδηρος εφ' αίματι φεύγε πανωλη μητέρα, κάν κηρφ τεκνοφονούσαν έτι.

#### 142.—ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

lils ἄγαλμα τῆς αὐτῆς

Μαίνη και λίθος οδσα, καὶ ἐκ κραδίης σέο θυμός ομματα κοιλήνας ές χύλου! ηὐτρέ-

TLOEP. έμπης ούδε βάσις σε καθεξεται, άλλ' άρα θυμῷ

πηδήσεις, τεκέων είνεκα μαινο-

ώ, τίς ο τεχνίτης τόδε γ' έπλασεν, ή τίς ο γλύπτης.

ος λιθου είς μαυίην ήγαγευ εύτεχνίη,

I Janobs proposes of power and hexion, which certainly make this very poor poem less nept.



eyes, look at the mother's hand, the hand of the bitterly suffering wife, drawn towards slaughter by a relenting impulse. The painter rightly hid from us the accomplishment of the murder, not wishing to blunt by mourning our admiration as we look on his work.

### 141 —PHILIPPUS

### On the Same !

How, twittering swallow, didst thou suffer to have as nurse of thy children the Colcham woman, the vengeful destroyer of her babes, from whose bloodshot eye still dashes murderous fire, from whose paws white foam still drips, whose sword is freshly bathed in blood? Fry from the fatal mother, who even at the wax is still slaying her children.

#### 142. ANONYMOUS

# On a Status of the Same

Though of stone than art fronzied, and the fury of thy heart has hollowed thy eyes and made them meet to express thy anger. Yet not even thy base shall hold thee back, but thou shall leap forward in thy wrath, mad because of thy children. Oh' who was the artist or scalpter who moulded this, who by his skill sent a stone mad."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> To a swallow which had built its neat on the picture of Medea. This is an ampufication of Book IX 346.

# 143.-ΑΝΤΙΠΑΤΡΟΥ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΟΣ

Είς την αύτην

Μηδείης τύπος οῦτος: ἔδ' ὡς τὸ μὲν εἰς χόλου αἔρει ὅμμα, τὸ δ' εἰς παίδων ἔκλασε συμπαθίηυ.

# 144 -- ΑΡΑΒΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Els 'Αταλάντην καὶ 'Ιππομένην

"Ηδνα γάμων ἔρριπτες, ἡ ἀμβολίην ταχυτήτος, τοῦτο γέρας κούρη χρυσεον, Ίππόμενες, ἄμφω μῆλον ἄυυσσεν, ἐπεὶ καὶ παρθένον ὁρμῆς ἐἰργεν, καὶ ζυγίης σύμβολον ῆν Παφίης.



### 145--- ΑΔΗΑΟΝ

Είς άγαλμα 'Αριάδνης

Ού βροτός ό γλύπτας: οἴαν δέ σε Βάκχος έρυστας είδεν ύπὲρ πέτρας ἔξεσε κεκλιμέναν,

I46.---AAAO

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Βείνοι, λαινεας μη ψαυετε τας 'Αριάδνας, μη και άναθρώσκη Θησεα διζομένη.

# 143.—ANTIPATER OF THESSALONICA

On the Picture of the Name

Tais is the picture of Medea. See how one eye is raised in wrath, but the other is softened by affection for her children.

### 144.--ARABIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On Academia and Hippomenes

Hast then thrown this golden gift to the maiden, Hippomenes, as a wedding present, or to delay her fleet feet? The apple accomplished both, since it both delayed the girl in her course and was a token of Aphrodite, who links in wedlock.

### I45 — Анонумоця

On a Statue of Arradne

No mortal was thy sculptor, but he carved thee even as thy lover Bacchus saw thee reclining on the rock.

#### 146.—Anonymous

On the Same

STRANGERS, touch not this stone Anadne, lest she leap up seeking Theseus.

# $.47. + \lambda NT[\Phi]\Lambda OT$

lsis "Arôpajarður



Λίθιόπων & βώλος & δε πτερόεις τὰ πέδιλα, Περσεύς & δὲ λίθω πρόσδετος 'Ανδρομέδα.' 
Απροτομὰ Γοργούς λιθαδερκέος ἄθλου ἔρωτος, 
κήτος Κασσιστας ὰ λάλος εὐτεκνία 
χὰ μὲν ἀπο σκοπέλοιο χαλὰ 
ποδας ἡθάδι νάρκα 
τωθρους χὰ μναστήρ 1 
νυμφοκομεῖ τὸ γέρας

# 148 ΑΡΑΒΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Els την αθτήν

Κηφεὺς 'Ανδρομέδ., η ζωγράφος ἄνθετο πέτραις:
καὶ γὰρ ἀπ' ὀφθαλμών ή κρίσις ἀμφίβολος.
κῆτος δὲ σπιλάδεσσιν ἔπι γναμπτῆσι χαράχθη,
ἢ ἀπὸ Νηρῆος γείτονος ἐξανέδυ,
ἔγνων ταῦτα σοφός τις ἀνἡρ κάμε δεινὸς ἀληθῶς ε
τεύξατο και βλεφάρων καὶ πραπίδων ἀπάτην.

### 149.-TOY AYTOY

Els cinóra Elévas

'Αργείης 'Ελένης έρδεις τύπος, ήν ποτε βούτης ήρπασε, τὸν Βένιον Ζήνα παρωσάμενος.

νωθρόν δ δὲ μναστήρ MSS. I correct.

#### 147 - ANTIPHILUS

# On a Painting of Andromeda

The land is Ethnopian, he with the winged sandels is Perseus; she who is chained to the rock is Andromeda, the face is the Gorgon's, whose glance turns men to stone; the sea-mouster is the task set by Love, 1 she who beasted of her child's beauty is Cassiopea. 2 Andromeda releases from the rock her feet innired to numbness and dead, and her suitor carries off the bride his prize.

### 148. ARABIUS SCHOLASTICUS

#### On the Same

Dan Cepheus or the painter expose Andromeda on the rocks, for the judgment of the eye is indecisive? And was the monster drawn as we see it on the curving crag, or did it rise out of the neighbouring sea? I see a skilled man made these things; he was indeed overer thus to deceive our eyes and our wits.

### 149. -By THE SAME

# On a Picture of Helen

This is the lovely form of Argive Helen, whom of old the cownerd carned away, spurring Zeus who protects host and guest.

2 i.e. the slaying of it

<sup>\*</sup> There were two versions of the story in one Cassiopea boasted of her own beauty, in another of Andromeda's. Antiphilus follows the latter

# 150.—HOAAIANOT



"Abe Hohundeirow Hohuteva, ούδέ τις άλλα

χείρ έθιγεν τούτου δαιμονίου πίνακος

Ήρας έργον άδελφών. πεπλοιο ραγέντος.

αίδω γυμνάν O WO DOVE κρύπτε πέπλω.

λίσσεται ά τλάμων ψυχᾶς ύπερέν βλεφάρους δέ παρθενικάς ό Φρυγών κείται

όλος πύλεμος.

10

# L.I. -AAEXHOTON

Bie elkéra Achaire

Αρχέτυπου Διδούς έρικυδέος, & ξένε, λεύσσεις, εικόνα θεσπεσίω κάλλει λαμπομενην τοίη καὶ γενόμην, άλλ' οὐ νόον, οίον ἀκούεις,

έσχου, έπ' εύφημοις δοξαν ένεγκαμένη.

ούδε γαρ Λίνειαν ποτ' εσέδρακον, ούδε χρόνοισι Τροιης περθομένης ήλυθου ès Διβυην άλλα βίας φευγουσα Ιαρβαίων υμεναίων

πήξα κατά κραδιης φάσγανον αμφίτομον. Πιερίδες, τί μοι άγνον έφωπλίσσασθε Μάρωνα οία καθ' ήμετέρης ψευσατο σωφροσύνης,

Ausonina, Epigram 118.

# 152.— $\Gamma$ ATPAAA

'Αχὰ φίλα, μοὶ συγκαταινεσόν τι.—Τί, Ερω καρισκας & δέ μ' ου φιλεί. - Φιλεί.

2 gest in required and has been proposed instead of wishes. I render so.

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### 160.—POLLIANUS

This is the Polykena of Polycleitus, and no other hand touched this divine picture. It is a twin sister of his Hera. See how, her role being torn, she covers her nakedness with her modest hand. The unhappy maiden is supplicating for her life, and in her eyes lies all the Trojan war

#### 151.—A мома мома

# On a Painting of Dido

Thou seest, O stranger, the exact likeness of forfouned Dido, a portrait shining with divine beauty. Even so I was, but had not such a character as thou bearest, having gained glory rather for reputable things. For neither did I ever set eyes on Aeneas nor did I reach Libya at the time of the sack of Troy, but to escape a forced marriage with Iarbas I plunged the two-edged sword into my neart. Ye Muses, why did ye arm chaste Virgil against me to slander thus fa sely my virtue?

### 152.-GAURADAS

DEAR Echo, grant me somewhat.—What? I love a girl, but do not think she loves.—She loves. But

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The writer very absurdly attributes to the sculptor Polydeitus a work of the painter Polygnotus. The "Hera" of Polydeitus was famous.

Πράξαι δ΄ δ καιρὸς καιρὸν οὐ φερει —Φερει. Το τοίνου αὐτὰ λέξου ὡς ἐρῶ.— Ἐρῶ. Καὶ πίστιο αὐτὰ κερμάτων τὰ δός -Τὰ δός. ᾿Αχώ, τί λοιπου, ἡ ποθου τοχεῖο, —Τυχεῖο,

# 53.—ΣΑΤΥΡΟΥ

Els ἄγαλμα Ήχοῦς

Πυιμενίαν άγλωσσος ών δργάδα μέλπεται 'Αχώ ἀντίθρουν πτανοίς δστερόφωνον όπα.

# 154 -AOTKIANOT, of & APXIOT

βές τὸ αὐτό

'Ηχὰ πετρήεσσαν όρᾶς, φίλε, Πανὸς ἐταίρην, ἀντίτυπον φθογγήν ἔμπαλιν ἐδομένην, παντοίων στομάτων λάλον εἰκόνα, ποιμέσιν ήδὺ παίγνιον. ὅσσα λέγεις, ταῦτα κλύων ἄπιθι

### 155.-ΕΥΟΔΟΥ

Els rò abró

Ήχω μιμολόγου, φωνής τρύγα, ρήματος οὐρήν,

### 156.—AAHAON

Eis rò abró

'Αρκαδικά θεός εἰμι, παρά προθύροις δὲ Λυαίου ναίω, φθεγγόμενου μύθου άμειβομένα· οὐκέτι γάρ στυγέω, Βακχεῦ φίλε, τὸν θιασώταν τον τεόν. ἔρχεο, Πάν· ξυνά λέγωμεν ἔπη.

to do it Time gives me not good chance. Good chance. Do thou then tell her I love her, if so be thy will. And here is a piedge in the shape of each I beg thee to hand over. Hand over. Echo, what remains but to succeed?—Succeed.

### 153. -SATYRUS

On a Statue of Echo

Tonourness Echo sings in the shepherd's mendow, her voice taking up and responding to the notes of the birds

### 154 .- LUCIAN OR ARCHIAS

On the Same

'Tis Echo of the rocks thou seest, my friend, the companion of Pan, singing back to us a responsive note, the garrilous counterfeit of every kind of tongue, the shepherds' sweet toy. After hearing every word thou utterest, begone.

#### 155.—EVODUS

On the Same

Ecua the name, the ces of the voice, the tail of a word.

### . Бб. — Anonymous

On the Same

An Arcadian goddess am I, and I dwell by the portals of Dionysus, returning vocal responses. For no longer, dear Bacchus, do I hate thy companion. Come, Pan, let us talk in unison.

Pans were confused with Salyrs and Silani in late times.

# 157,--ΙΟΥΛΙΑΝΟΥ ΑΠΟ ΥΠΑΡΧΩΝ

Είς την εν Αθήναις Ένοπλον Αθηνών

Τίπτε, Τριτογένεια, κορύσσεαι άστει μέσσω, είξε Ποσειδάων φείδεο Κεκροπιης.

# TOMITOIA-.861

'Ως πρέπει, 'Αρτεμίς είμ' εδ δ' 'Αρτεμιν αυτός ό χαλκός μανύει Ζηνός, κούχ ετέρου θύγατρα. τεκμαίρου τὸ θρώσος τῶς παρθένου. ἡ ῥά κεν εἴποις πᾶσα χθὼν ὑλίγον τῷδε κυναγεσιον.



### 159.—AAHAON

Είς ἄγαλμα 'Αφροδίτης τῆς ἐν Κνίδφ

Γις λίθου εψύχωσε; τίς εν χθονί Κύπριν έσείδεν; ζμερον εν πέτρη τίς τόσον ελργά-

σατο; Πραξιτέλους χειρών όδε που πόνος, ή τάχ "Ολυμπος

χηρεύει. Παφίης ές Κνίδον έρχο-

# 160.--ΠΛΑΤΩΝΟΣ

Είς τὸ αὐτό

'Η Παφίη Κυθέρεια δι' σίδματος ές Κυίδου ήλθε, Βουλομένη κατιδείν είκονα την ίδιην·

# 167 -JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

On the Statue of the armed Athena at Athena

War, Trito-born, dost thou put on armour in the middle of the city? Poseidon has yielded to thee. Spare the land of Cecrops.



### 158. - DIOTIMUS

I am Artems fashioned in the form that befits me, and well does the brass itself tell that I am the daughter of Zens and of no other. Consider the maden's address Verily thou wouldst say that the whole earth is a bunting-ground too small for her.

### 159 .- Anony mods

On the Canatan Aphrodite of Praxitetes

Who gave a soul to norble? Who saw Cypris on earth? Who wrought such cove-longing in a stone? This must be the work of Praxiteles' hands, or else perchance Olympus is bereaved since the Paphian has descended to Cuidus.

### 160.---PLATO

On the Same

Parmian Cytherea came through the waves to Cuidus, wishing to see her own image, and having

πουτη δ' άθρήσασα περισκέπτφ εὐὶ χώρφ, φθεγζατο " Που γυμυὴυ εἶδέ με Πραξιτέλης,"

Πραξιτέλης οὺκ είδεν ἃ μὴ θεμις· ἀλλ' ὁ σίδηρος ἔξεσεν οἱ' ἄν "Αρης ἤθελε τὴν Παφίην,

# ISI -- TOY AYTOY

Ούτε σε Πραξιτέλης τεχνάσατο, ούθ' ό σιδαρος άλλ' ούτως έστης, ός ποτε κρινομένη.

# 162.-AAHAON

Α Κύπρις τὰν Κύπριν ἐνὶ Κνίδω εἰπεν ἰδοῦσα "Φεῦ, φεῦ· ποῦ γυμνὴν εἶδε με Πραξιτέλης;"

# 163.—AOTKIANOT

Την Παφίην γυμυήν οδδείς ίδεν εί δέ τις είδεν, οδτος ό την γυμνήν στησώμενος Παφίην,

### 164 .-- TOY AYTOY

Σοί μορφής ανεθηκα τεής περικαλλες άγαλμα, Κύπρι, τεής μορφής φερτερου οὐδεν έχων.

# 165.—ETHNOT

Παλλάς καὶ Κρονίδαο συνευνέτις εἶπου, ἰδοῦσαι τὴν Κνιδίην " ' Αδίκως τὸν Φρύγα μεμφόμεθα."

No doubt the last couplet is a later addition. We know from Plany that the abrins in which the alattic stood was open on all sides.

viewed it from all sides in its open shrine, she cried, "Where did Praxiteles see me naked?"

Praxiteles did not look on forbidden things, but the steel carved the Paj hian as Ares would have her.1

# 161.—By THE SAME On the Same

Nature did Praxiteles nor the clused work thee, but so thou stundest as of old when thou camest to judgment.

162.—Anony mous
On the Same

Cypnis, seeing Cypris in Chidos, said, "Alas" alas! where did Praxiteles see me naked?"

### 163.--LUCIAN

On the Same

None ever saw the Papuan naken, but if anyone did, it is this man who here erected the naked Paphan

164.- By THE SAME

To thee, Cypns, I dedicate the reautiful mage of thy form, since I have nothing better than thy form?

# 165 EVENUS

On the Cridian Iphradite

Pattas and the consort of Zeus said, when they saw the Cardian, "We are wrong in finding fault with Paris."

h This is out of place, having nothing to do with the Chidren Venus, and is either an epigram of an early period of an imitation of one. ~p. Book VI 7

### 166.—TOY AYTOY

Προσθε μεν 'Ιδαίοισιν έν οὕρεσιν αὐτὸς ὁ βούτας δέρξατο τὰν κάλλευς πρῶτ' ἀπενεγκαμέναν Πραξιτέλης Κνιδίοις δὲ πανωπήεσσαν ἔθηκεν, μύρτυρα τῆς τέχνης ψῆφον ἔχων Πιιριδος.

### 167 -ΑΝΤΙΠΑΤΡΟΥ ΣΙΔΩΝΙΟΥ

Φάσεις, τὰν μὲν Κύπριν ἀνὰ κραναὰν Κνίδον ἀθρῶν, ἄδε που ὡς φλέξει καὶ λίθος εὖσα λίθον τὰν δ' ἐνὶ Θεσπιάδαις γλυκὺν "Ιμερον, οὐχ ὅτι πέτρον, ἀλλ' ὅτι κὴν ψυχρῷ πῦρ ἀδάμαντι βαλεῖ. τοίους Πραξιτέλης κάμε δαίμανας, ἄλλον ἐπ' ἄλλας ὅ γᾶς, ἵνα μὴ δισσῷ πάντα θέροιτο πυρί.

### 168.—AAHAON

### Είς τὸ αὐτό

Γυμνήν είδε Πείρις με, καὶ 'Αγχίσης, καὶ 'Αδωνις' τοὺς τρεῖς οἶδα μόνους' Πραξιτέλης δὲ πόθεν;

#### 169.-AAAO

Εὶς τὸ αὐτό, καὶ τὴν ἐν ᾿Αθήναις ᾿Αθηνᾶν ᾿Αφρογενοῦς Παφίης ζάθεον περιδέρκεο κάλλος, καὶ λεξεις ᾿ Αἰνῶ τὸν Φρύγα τῆς κρίσεως. ᾿ Ατθίδα δερκομενος πάλι Παλλάδα, τοῦτο βοήσεις, ὡς βούτης ὁ Πάρις τήνδε παρετρόχασεν.

### 166.—By THE SAME

On the Same

The neatherd alone saw of old on the mountains of Ida her who gained the prize of beauty, but Praxiteles has set her in full view of the Chidians, having the vote of Paris to attest his skill.

# 167.—ANTIPATER OF SIDON

On the Same and on Pravileles' Statue of Eros at Thespiae

You will say, when you look on Cypris in rocky Chidus, that she, though of stone, may set a stone on fire, but when you see the sweet Love in Thespiae you will say that he will not only set fire to a stone, but to cold adamant. Such were the gods Praxiteles made, each in a different continent, that everything should not be burnt up by the double fire.

# 168.-ANONYMOUS

On the Cuidian Aphrodite

Paris, Anchises, and Adonis saw me naked. Those are all I know of, but how did Praxiteles contrive it?

### 169.-ANONYMOUS

On the Same and on the Achena in Athens

Gaze from every side at the divine beauty of the foam born Paphian and you will say, "I applaud the Phrygian's judgment." Again when you look at the Attic Pallas you will cry out, "It was just like a neatherd for Paris to pass her by."

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### 170 -ΕΡΜΟΔΩΡΟΥ

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Τὰν Κυιδίαν Κυθέρειαν ἰδών, ξένε, τοῦτό κεν εἴποις·
"Αὐτὰ καὶ θυατῶν ἄρχε καὶ ἀθανάτων."
τὰν δ' ἐνὶ Κεκροπίδαις δορυθαρσεα Παλλαδα λεύσσων
αὐδάσεις ""Οντως βουκόλος ἡν ὁ Πάρις."

# 171.--ΑΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Είς 'Αφροδιτην ώπλισμένην

"Αρεος εντεα ταύτα τίνος χάριν, & Κυθέρεια, ἐνδέδυσαι, κενεὸν τοῦτο φέρουσα βάρος; αὐτὸν "Αρη γυμνή γὰρ ἀφωπλισας εἰ δὲ λέλειπται καὶ θεός, ἀνθρώποις ὅπλα μάτην ἐπάγεις.

# 1"?.--ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥ ΑΙΤΩΛΟΥ

Αθτά που τὰν Κύπριν απηκριβωσατο Παλλάς, τᾶς ἐπ' ᾿Αλεξάνδρου λαθομένα κρίσιος.

# 173.—IOTAIANOY AIFTITIOT

Είς την εν Σπάρτη ενοπλον \*Αφροδίτην

Αλεί μεν Κυθέρεια φέρειν δεδάηκε φαρέτρην, τόξα τε καὶ δολιχης έργον έκηβολίης: αἰδομένη δ' ἄρα θεσμὰ μενεπτολέμοιο Αυκούργου φίλτρα φέρει Σπάρτη τευχεσιν ἀγχεμάχοις. ὑμεῖς δ' ἐν θαλάμοισι, Λακονίδες, ὅπλα Κυθήρης ἄζόμεναι, παΐδας τίκτετε θαρσαλέους.

# 170. HERMODORUS

On the Same

When you see, stranger, the Cindian Cytherea, you would say this, "Rule alone over mortals and immortals," but when you look at Pallas in the city of Cecrops coldly brandishing her spear you will exclaim, "Paris was really a humpkin."

# 171 —LEONIDAS OF ALEXANDRIA

On Armed Aphrodite

Why, Cytherea, hast thou put on these arms of Ares, bearing this useless weight? For, naked thyself, thou didst disarm Ares himself, and if a god has been vanquished by thee it is in vain that thou takest up arms against mortals.

# 172—ALEXANDER OF AFTOLIA

On a Statue of Aphrodite

Pallas herself, I think, wrought Aphrodite to perfection, forgetting the judgment of Paris.

# .73.—JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

On the Armed Aphrodite in Sparta

Cypris has ever learnt to carry a quiver and bow, and to ply the far-shooting archer's craft. Is it from reverence for the laws of warlike Lycurgus that, bringing her love charms to Sparta, she comes clad in armour for close combat? But ye, daughters of Sparta, venerating in your chambers the arms of Cytherca, bring forth courageous sons.



### 174 -ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Εἰς τὴν αὐτήν

Παλλάς τὰν Κυθέρειαν ἔνοπλον ἔειπεν ίδοῦσα-

"Κύπρι, θέλεις οῦτως ἐς κρίσιν ἐρχόμεθα,"

ή δ' άπαλον γελάσασα: "Τί μοι σάκος ἀυτίον αξρείν:

εί γυμνή νικώ, πώς δταν δηλα λάβω;

Ausonius, Epigenius 42 and 43.

### 175.—ANTHIATPOT

Bls The airth

'Η λίθος ώς Παφίη θωρηξατο, ή τάχα μαλλου είδε λίθου Παφιη, καὶ ώμοσεν "'Πθελου είναι."

### 176 -TOY AYTOY

Καὶ Κύπρις Σπάρτας οὐκ ἄστεσιν οἰά τ' ἐν ἄλλοις ἴδρυται, μαλακὰς ἐσσαμένα στολίδας ἀλλὰ κατὰ κρατὰς μὰν ἔχει κόρυν ἀντὶ καλύπτρας, ἀντὶ δὲ χρυσείων ἀκρεμόνων κάμακα. οὐ γὰρ χρὴ τευχέων εἶναι διχα τὰν παράκοιτιν Θρακὸς Ένναλίου καὶ Λακεδαιμονιαν.

#### $177 - \Phi IAIIIIIOT$

Κύπρι φιλομμειδής, θαλαμηπόλε, τίς σε μελιχρήν δαίμονα τοῖς πολέμων ἐστεφάνωσεν ὅπλοις; 260

### 174. - Анокумова

On the Same

Pallas, seeing Cytherea in arms, said, "Cypris, wouldst thou that we went to the judgment so?" But she, with a gentle smile, answered, "Wny should I lift up a shield in combat? If I conquer when naked, how wil it he when I arm myself?"

### 175,-ANTIPATER

On the Same

EITHER the stone statue, as being Aphrodite, armed itself, or perhaps rather Aphrodite saw the statue and swore, "Would I were it."

### 176.-By THE SAME

On the Same

Cypnis belongs to Sparta too, but her statue is not, as in other cities, draped in soft folds. No, on her head she wears a helimet instead of a veil, and nears a spear instead of golden branches. For it is not meet that she should be without arms, who is the spouse of Thracian Ares and a Lacednemonian.

#### 177 —PHILIPPUS

On the Same

LAUGHTER-LOVING Appropriate, minister of the bridal chamber, who girt thee, honey-sweet goddess that thou art, with the weapons of war? To thee the

σοι παιων φιλος ήν καὶ ό χρυσοκόμης 'Υμέναιος, καὶ λυγυρών αὐλων ήδυμελείς χάριτες ές τί δὲ ταῦτ' ἐνέδυς ἀνδροκτόνα, μη θρασὺν 'Αρη συλήσασ' αύχεις, Κύπρις δσον δύναται;

# 178.—ΑΝΤΙΠΑΤΡΟΥ ΣΙΔΩΝΙΟΥ

Είς την αθτην άνερχομάτης άπο θαλάττης Ταν άναδυομέναν ώπὸ ματερος ἄρτι θαλάσσας Κύπριν, Απελλειου μοχθον δρα γραφίδος. ώς χερί συμμάρψασα διαβροχου ύδατι χαίταυ εκθλίβει νοτερών άφρου άπο πλοκάμων. αυταί νθυ ερέουσιν 'Αθηναίη τε καί "Ηρη-" Ούκετι σοὶ μορφάς εἰς έριν έρχομεθα." Ausonius, Epigram 100.

Б.

# 179 --- APXIOT

Els và airo

Αύτὰν ἐκ ποντοιο τιθηνητήρος 'Απελλής τὰν Κύπρεν γυμνὰν είδε λοχευομέναν, και τοίαν ετύπωσε, διαβροχού ύδατος άφρο θλίβουσαν θαλεραίς χερσίν έτι πλόκαμον.

### 180.—AHMOKPITOT

Είς τὸ αύτό

Κύπρις ότε σταλάουσα κόμας άλιμιρέος άφροῦ γυμνή πορφυρέου κύματος έξανέδυ, ούτω που κατά λευκά παρήζα χερσιν έλουσα βύστρυχου, Αλγαίην εξεπίεζεν άλα, στέρνα μόνον φαίνουσα, τὰ καὶ θέμις εἰ δὲ τοιήδε κείνη, συγχείσθω θυμος Ένυαλιου.

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Paean is dear, and golden-haired Hymenaeus and the dulcet charm of shrill voiced flutes. Why hast thou put on these engines of murder? Is it that thou hast despoiled hold Ares to boast how great is the might of Cypris?

### 178.-ANTIPATER OF SIDON

On the Aphrodite Anadyomene of Apelies

Look on the work of Apelles' pencil Cypris, just rising from the sea, her mother; how, grasping her dripping hair with her hand, she wrings the form from the wet locks. Athena and Hera themselves will now say, "No longer do we enter the contest of beauty with thee."

#### 173.—ARCHIAS

On the Same

Applies saw Cypris herself brought forth by the sea, her nurse, and so he drew her, still wringing with her fresh hands her locks soaked with the foam of the waters.

#### 180.—DEMOCRITUS

On the Same

When Cypris, her han dripping with the salt foam, rose naked from the purple waves, even in this wise holding her tresses with both hands close to her white cheeks, she wrung out the brine of the Aegean, showing only her bosom, that indeed it is lawful to look on, but if she be ake this, let the wrath of Ares be confounded.

<sup>1</sup> His wrath with her for her infidelity

# 181 -ΙΟΤΛΙΑΝΟΥ ΑΠΟ ΥΠΑΡΧΩΝ

### Είς τὸ αὐτό

"Αρτι θαλασσαίης Παφίη προϋκυψε λοχείης, μαΐαν ' Απελλείην εύραμένη παλάμην άλλα τάχος γραφίδων άποχάζεο, μή σε διήνη άφρος άποσταζων θλιβομένων πλοκάμων εί τοιη ποτέ Κύπρις έγνμνωθη διά μήλον, την Τροίην άδίκως Παλλάς έληίσατο.

# 182.-- AEONIAOT TAPANTINOT

### Ele rò abro

Τὰν ἐκφυγοῦσαν ματρὸς ἐκ κόλπων, ἔτι ἀφρῷ τε μορμύρουσαν, εἰλεχῆ Κύπριν ἰδῶν ᾿Απελλῆς, κάλλος ἰμερώτατου, οὐ γραπτόν, ἀλλ᾽ ἔμψυχου ἐξεμάξατο. εὖ μὲν γὰρ ἄκραις χεροὶν ἐκθλίβει κόμαν, εὖ δ᾽ ὁμμάτων γαληνὸς ἐκλάμπει ποθος, καὶ μαζός, ἀκμῆς ἄγγελος, κυδωνιῷ αὐτὰ δ᾽ ᾿Αθάνα καὶ Διὸς συνευνέτις φάσουσιν '''Ω Ζεῦ, λειπόμεσθα τῆ κρίσει."

### 183 .--- AAHAON

Εὶς ἄγαλμα Διονύσου πλησιον 'Αθηνᾶς έστος

α. Είπέ, τί σοι ξυνόν καὶ Παλλιίδι, τῆ γὰρ ἄκουτες καὶ πολεμοι, πέρι σοὶ δ΄ εὐαδον είλαπίναι.

Β. Μή προπετώς, ὧ ξείνε, θεών περι τοία μετάλλα·
 ἴσθι δ΄ ὅσοις ἴκελος δαίμονι τήδε πέλω

καὶ γὰρ ἐμοὶ πολέμων φίλιον κλέος· οίδευ ἄπας μοι ἡφου δμηθεὶς Ἰνδὸς ἀπ' Ωκεανού.

# 181 - JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

On the Same

THE Paphian has but now come forth from the sea's womb, delivered by Apelies' midwife hand. But back quickly from the picture, lest thou be wetted by the foam that drips from her tresses as she wrings them. If Cypris looked thus when she stripped for the apple, Pa as was unrighteous in laying Troy waste.

# 182. LEONIDAS OF TARENTUM

On the Same

Aprilies having seen Cypris, the giver of marriage biessing, just escaped from her mother's bosom and still wet with brobing foam, figured her in her most delightsome loveliness, not punted, but alive. With beautiful grace dot i she wring out her hair with her finger-tips, beautifully doth calm love flash from her eyes, and her paps, the heraids of her prime, are firm as quinces. Athena herself and the consort of Zeus shall say, "O Zeus, we are worsted in the judgment."

#### 183.—Анопемова

On a Statue of Dionysus which stook near Athena

A "Tell me what hast thou in common with Palas, for to her javelins and wars, to thee janquets are exceeding dear" B. "Do not rashly, O stranger, ask such questions about the gods, but learn in how many ways I am like to this goddess. For the glory of wars is dear to me likewise; all India, subdued by me as far as the Eastern Ocean, knows

καὶ μερύπων δὲ φυὴν ἐγερήραμεν, ἡ μὲν ἐλαίη, αὐτὰρ ἐγὰ γλυκεροῖς βότρυσιν ἡμερίδος. καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἐπ' ἐμοὶ μήτηρ ὰδῖνας ὑπέτλη λῦσα δ' ἐγὰ μηρὸν πάτριον, ἡ δὲ κάρη.

10

# 184-ANTHIATPOT

Είς έτερου άγαλμα τοῦ αδτοῦ

Αὐσονίφ Πείσωνι συνασπιστής Διόνυσος ἴδρυμαι μεγάρων φρουρός ἐπ' εὐτυχίη, ἄξιον, ὧ Διόνυσ', ἐσεβης δόμον, ἔπρεπεν ἄμφω, καὶ μέγαρου Βάκχφ, καὶ Βρόμιος μεγάρφ.

### IND.—AAHAON

Είς άγαλμα Διονόσου καλ Πρακλιους

Αμφότεροι Θηβηθε, καὶ ἀμφότεροι πολεμισταί, κηκ Ζηνύς θύρσφ δεινός, ὁ δὲ ροπάλφ, ἀμφοϊν δὲ ατῆλαι συντερμονες εἰκελα δ' ὅπλα, νεβρὶς λειοντῆ, κύμβαλα δὲ πλαταγῆ. Ἡρη δ' ἀμφοτέροις χαλεπὴ θεός. οἱ δ' ἀπὸ γαίης ἤλθου ἐς ἀθανάτους ἐκ πυρὸς ἀμφότεροι.

ō

# 186.—ZENOKPATOT∑

Είς ἄγαλμα Έρμοῦ

Ερμής ωκύς έγω κικλήσκομαι άλλα παλαίστρη μη κολοβόν χειρών ἴστατε, μηδ΄ ἄποδα η πως ωκύς έγω, πως δ΄ όρθια χειρονομήσω, ές βύσιν ἀμφοτέρων όρφανὸς ἐστάμενος,

The leader of the Bessi, who were defeated by Piae, was a priest of Bacchus, and Piae probably regarded the god as beving deserted his own priest and favoured him.

it. The race of mortals, too, have we gifted, she with the olive, and I with the sweet clusters of the vine. Neither again did a mother suffer the pangs of labour for me, but I burst from our father's thigh, she from his head."

### 184.-ANTIPATER OF THESSALONICA

On another Statue of the Same

I, Dionysus, the fellow-soldier of Italian Piso, am set here to guard his house and bring him good fortune. A worthy house hast thou entered, Dionysus. Meet is the house for Bacchus, and Bacchus for the house.

#### 185 .-- Anonymous

On Statues of Dumysus and Heracles

Born are from Thebes, both warriors, and both sons of Zens. The one wields well his thyrsus, the other his clab. The statues of both are close together and like are the arms they bear, the one a fawn-skin, the other a Bon-skin, cymbals the one, a rattle 2 the other. To both Hera was a cruel goddess, and both through fire went from earth to the immortals.

#### .86.—XENOGRATES

### On a Statue of Hermes

Swirt Hermes is my name, but in the wrestlingschool set me not up without arms and feet, or how shall I be swift, and how shall I spar correctly, if I stand on a base deprived of both?

\* With which he frightened away the Stymphanan birds.
The ordinary Hermac were termini without logs and arms.

### .87. AAHAON

#### Είς τὸ αὐτό

Ερμείη ξυλίνφ τις ἐπηύχετο, καὶ ξύλον ἦευ. εἶτά μιν ἀείρας χαμάδις βάλε· τοῦ δ' ἄπο χρυσὸς ἔρρευσεν καταγέντος. ὕβρις πόρε πολλάκι κέρδος.

### 188.-NIKIOT

Ιδίνοσίφυλλου όρος Κυλλήνιον αἰπὺ λελογχώς, τῷδ΄ ἔστηκ' ἐρατοῦ γυμνασίου μεδέων, 'Ἐρμῆς' ο̞ ἔπι παίδες ἀμιίρακον ἦδ' ὑάκινθου πολλάκι, καὶ θαλεροὺς θῆκαν ἴων στεφάνους.

### 189 --- TOY AYTOY

Φρουρός επί σμήνεσσι, Περιστράτοι είνεκα, μιμνω ενθάδε, Μαιναλίαν κλιτύν άποπρολιπών, κλώπα μελισσάων δεδοκημένος. άλλ' άλέασθε

χείρα, καὶ ἀγροτέρου κοῦφου ὄρεγμα ποδος.

### 190. -- AEQNIAGT

Τᾶν αίγῶν ὁ νομεὺς Μόριχας τὸν ἐπίσκοπον Ἑρμᾶν ἔστασ' αἰπολίων εὐδόκιμον φύλακα.

άλλά μοι αί τ' ἀν' δρη χλωρᾶς κεκορεσμέναι ὅλας, τοῦ γ' ἀρπακτῆρος μή τι μέλεσθε λύκου.

### 187.—Anonymous

On another of the Same

A CERTAIN man prayed for help to a wooden Hermes, and Hermes remained wooden. Then, taking him up, the man threw him on the ground, and, the statue breaking, out from it poured gold. Outrage often produces profit.<sup>1</sup>

### 188.-NICIAS

#### On Another

I, Heames, whose domain is Cyllene a steep, forestclad hill, stand here guarding the pleasant playground, and on me the boys often set marjoram and hyacintus and fresh wreaths of violets.

# 189.—By THE SAME On a Statue of Pan

HAVING left the slopes of Macmalus I abide here, for Peristratus' sake, to guard the hives, on the watch for him who would rob the bees. But keep clear of my hand and the nimble stride of my country-bred shanks.

# 90. - LEONIDAS OF TARENTUM

# On a Statue of Hermes

MORIGIUS the goatherd set me up, Hermes the overseer, to be the approved guardian of his fold. But, ye namnes who have taken your fill of green herbage on the mountains, heed not now at all the ravening wolf

. The story is told by Babrins, Fab. 119.

# 191 —NIKAINETOT

Αὐτόθεν ὀστράκινόν με καὶ ἐν ποσὶ γήξυου Ἑρμῆν ἔπλασεν άψίδος κύκλος ἐλισσόμενος. πηλὸς ἐφυράθην οὐ ψευσομαι. ἀλλ' ἐφίλησα, ὧ ξεῖν', ὀστρακέων δύσμορον ἐργασίην.

# 192.-ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

<sup>\*</sup>Ω λῷστε, μὴ νόμιζε τῶν πολλῶν ἔνα 'Κρμᾶν θεωρεῦν' εἰμὶ γὰρ τέχνα Σκόπα.

### 193.—PIAHIHOT

 κράμβης ἄψωμαι, Κυλλήνιε; β Μή, παροδίτα,
 α. Τίς φθόνος ἐκ λαχάνων, β ()ὐ φθυνος, ἀλλλ νόμος,

άλλοτρίων ἀπέχειν κλοπίμους χέρας. α. "Ω παραδοξου

μή κλέπτειν Έρμης καινόν έθηκε νόμον.

### 194.—AAHAON

Els άγαλμα Έρωτος

Χάλκειδυ τις Έρωτα μετήγαγεν ἐκ πυρὸς εἰς πῦρ, τήγανου άρμόζων τῆ κολάσει κόλασιν

### 191.-NICAENETUS

#### On Another

I, a Hermes of our native clay and with earthern feet, was moulded on the revolving circle of the wheel, of mud was I kneaded, I will tell no he, but, stranger, I loved the luckless labour of the potters.

#### 192.—Anony mous

# On a Hermen by Scopus

STRANGER, deem not that thou lookest on one of the sulgar crowd of Hermae, for I am the work of Scopas.

#### 193.—PHILIPPUS

A Max I touch the kail, Cylleman? B. No, traveller A Why grudge some greens? B. It is not grudging, but it is the law to keep pifering hands from other people's property A Well' that is strange. Hermes has made a new aw against stealing.

#### 194 Anonymous

On a Statue of Love made into a Frying-pan?

Someone has transferred this brazen Love from fire to fire, fitting a frying pan on to him, torinent to torment

2 The patron of thieves.

<sup>2</sup> cp. Book IX. 773, by Palladas, who is also probably the author of this. Both refer to a small bronze Eros made into the handle of a frying-pan.

# 195.--- SATTPOT

Είς ἄγαλμα τοῦ αύτοῦ δεδεμένου

Τὸν πτερόεντα τίς ὧδε, τίς ἐν δεσμοῖσι θοὺν πὐρ ἄχμασεν, αἰθομένης ήψατο τίς φαρέτρης, καὶ τὰς ὡκυβόλους περιηγέας ἐσφήκωσε χεῖρας, ὑπὰ στιβαρῷ κίονι δησώμενος, ψυχρὰ ταδ' ἀνθρώποις παραμύθια. μή ποτ' ἐκείνου δ οὖτος ὁ δεσμώτης αὐτὸς ἔδησε φρένα:

# 196 .--- AAKAIOT

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Τίς σε του ούχ όσίως ήγρευμένου ώδε πεδήσας θήκατο; τίς πλέγδην σὰς ἐνέδησε χέρας,

καὶ πιναρὰν όψιν τεκτήνατο,
ποῦ θοὰ τόξα,
νήπιε; ποῦ πικρὴ πυρφόρος
ἰοδόκη;
ἡ ῥα μώτην ἐπόνησε λιθοξόος, ὅς

η ρα μάτην επόνησε λιθοξόος, δς σε, του οἴστρφ κυμήναντα θεούς, τῆδ' ἐνέδησε πάγη.

### 195.—SATYRUS

On a Statue of Love Bound

Who fettered thee, the winged boy, who bound swift fire with chains? Who laid his hand on Love's burning quiver and made fast behind his back those hands swift to shoot, tying them to a sturdy piliar? Such things are but child consolution for men. Did not, perchance, this presoner himself enchain once the mind of the artist?



# 196.-ALCAEUS OF MESSENE

On the Same

Who improvely hunted thee down and set thee here in fetters? Who crossed and bound thy hands, and wrought thee with this rueful face? Where, poor child, is thy swift bow, where the bitter quiver that held three arrows? Of a truth in vain the sculptor laboured, making fast in this trap thee who dost tempest the gods with the fury of desire.

### 197 - ANTIHATPOT





Τίν δη σάς παλαμας πρός κίουα δήσεν άφύκτοις

άμμασι; τίς πυρί πύρ, καὶ δόλου είλε δόλω:

νήπιε, μη δη δάκρυ κατά γλυκεροίο προσώπου

βάλλε σὰ γὰρ τέρπη δάκρυσιν ἡιθέων.

### 198.-MAIKIOT

Είς τὸ αὐτο

Κλαίε δυσεκφύκτως σφυγχθείς χέρας, ἄκριτε δαίμου, κλαίε μάλα, στάζων ψυχοτακή δάκρυα, σωφροσύνας ύβριστά, φρευοκλόπε, ληστά λογισμού, πτανόν πῦρ, ψυχᾶς τραύμ' ἀδρατον, "Ερως. θυατοίς μὲν λύσις ἐστὶ γόων ὁ σός, ἄκριτε, δεσμός το ῷ σφυγχθείς κωφοίς πεμπε λιτὰς ἀνέμοις. δυ δὲ βροτοίς ἀφύλακτος ἐνεφλεγες ἐν φρεσὶ πυρσόν, ἄθρει νῦν ὑπὸ σῶν σβευνύμενον δακρύων

# 199.—KPINATOPOT

Είς τὸ αὐτό

Καὶ κλαῖε καὶ στέναζε, συσφιγχθεὶς χεροῖν τένοντας, ὦ πίβουλε: τοῖά τοι πρέπει. οὐκ ἔσθ ὁ λύσων- μὴ λεείν ὑπόβλεπε αὐτὸς γὰρ ἄλλων ἐκ μὲν ὀμμάτων δάκρυ

#### 197 -- ANTIPATER OF SIDON

On the Same

Who bound thy hands to the pillar in a fast knot? Who took captive fire by fire and guile by guile? My boy, bedew not thy sweet face with tears, for thou dost take delight in the tears of young men.

#### 198.-MARCHUS

On the Same

Weep, thou wrong-headed god, with thy hands made fast beyond escape, weep bitterly, letting fall soul-consuming tears, scorner of chastity, thief of the mind, rother of the reason, Love, thou winged fire, thou unseen wound in the soul. Thy bands, O wrong-headed boy, are to mortals a release from complaint, remain fast bound, sending thy prayers to the deaf winds, and watch that torch that thou, cluding all vigilance, didst light in men's hearts, being quenched now by thy tears.



### 199 — CRINAGORAS

On the Same

WEEP and moan, thou artful schemer, the sinewa of thy hands made fast thou hast thy desert. None will antie thee; make not those piteous faces; for thou thyself, Love, didst wring the tears from other

ἔθλιψας, ἐν δὲ πικρὰ καρδία βέλη πήξας ἀφύκτων ἰον ἔσταξας πόθων, "Ερως- τὰ θνητών δ' ἐστί σοι γέλως ἄχη πέπονθας οί' ἔρεξας. ἐσθλὸν ἡ δίκη.

### 200 -- MOZXOT

### Rls Врюта бротройнти

Λαμπάδα θελς καὶ τόξα, βοηλάτιν είλετο ράβδον ούλος "Ερως, πήρην δ' είχε κατωμαδίην· καὶ ζευξας ταλαεργὸν ὑπὸ ζυγὸν αὐχένα ταύρων

έσπειρευ Δηούς αύλακα πυροφόρου.

είπε δ' ἄνω βλέψας αὐτῷ Διέ "Πλησον ἀρούρας, μή σε τὸν Εὐρώπης βοῦν ὑπ' ἄροτρα βάλω."

### 201.-MAPIANOT EXOMALTIKOT

### Els "Ерита вотефичиреног

Ποῦ σοι τόξον ἐκείνο παλίντονον, οἵ τ' ἀπὸ σείο πηγνύμενοι μεσάτην ἐς κραδίηι δόνακες,

ποθ πτερά; πού λαμπάς πολυώδυνος, ές τί δὲ τρισσὰ

στέμματα χερσιν έχεις, κρατὶ δ' ἐπ' ἄλλο Φέρεις: --

Ούκ ἀπὸ πανδήμου, ξενε, Κύπριδος, οὐδ' ἀπὸ γαίης τ εἰμί, καὶ ὑλαιης ἔκγονος εὐφροσύνης

άλλ έγω ές καθαρήν μεροπων φρένα πυρσον ανάπτω

εύμαθίης, ψυχήν δ' ούρανον είσανάγω.

èκ δ' άρετῶν στεφάνους πισύρων πλέκω· ὧν ἀφ' ἑκάστης

τούσδε φέρων, πρώτω τῷ σοφίης στέφομαι.

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eyes, and piercing the heart with thy bitter darts, d dst instil the venom of deare that takes fast hold. The woes of mortals are thy sport. Thou hast suffered what thou hast done. An excellent thing is justice

200 .-- MOSCHUS
On Love Ploughing

CORLY-HAIRED Love, laying ande his torch and bow, took an ox-driver a rod and wore a bog on his shoulders, coupling the justient necks of the oxen under the yoke, he began to sow the wheat-bearing furrow of Demeter Look-



nig up he said to Zous houself, "bill the comfie d, lest I put thee, Europa's but, to the plough."

### 201 -MARIANUS SCHOLASTICUS

On Love Garlanded

'Wittens a that back bent bow of there, and the reed-arrows driven by thee into the middle of the breast? Where are thy wings, where thy torturing torch, and wherefore dost thou wear three garlands in thy arms and wear another on thy head?" "Stranger, I am not apring from vulgar Cypris nor from the earth, I am no offspring of material pay But I am he who lights the torch of learning in the pure minds of mortals, and leads the soul up to heaven. From the four Virtues! I weave garlands, and carrying these, one of each, I crown myself with the first, the crown of Wisdom."

<sup>4</sup> The four cardinal virtues.

#### 202.—A $\Delta$ HAON

Είς τὸ αὐτο

Μή με του έκ Λιβάνοιο λέγε, ξένε, τον φιλοκωμων τερπόμενου νυχίοις ήιθεων δάροις βαιδς έγω νύμφης απο γείτονος άγροιώτης, μοῦνον ἐποτρύνων ἔργα φυτοσκαφίης. ἔνθεν ἀπ' εὐκάρπου με φίλης ἔστεψαν άλωῆς τέσσαρες 'Ωράων ἐκ πισύρων στεφανοι.

### 203. -IOTALANOT AIPTHTIOT

Els του Πραξιτέλους Ερωτα

Κλίνας αὐχένα γαθρον ὑφ' ἡμετέροισι πεδίλοις, χερσί με ληιδίαις ἔπλασε Πραξιτέλης

αὐτὸν γὰρ τὸν "Ερωτα τον ἔνδοθι κευθομενόν με χαλκεύσας, Φρύνη δῶκε γέρας φιλίης. ἡ δε μιν αὐθις "Ερωτι προσήγαγε.

καὶ γὰρ ἐρῶντας δῶρον "Ερωτι φέρειν αὐτὸν Έρωτα θέμις.

# 204.--ΠΡΑΞΙΤΕΛΟΥΣ

Είς τὸ αὐτο

Πραξιτέλης δυ έπασχε διηκρίβωσευ Έρωτα ἐξ ἰδίης ἔλκωυ ἀρχετυπου κραδίης, Φρύνη μισθου έμειο διδούς ἐμέ. φίλτρα δὲ τίκτω σύκέτι τοξεύων, ἀλλ' ἀτενιζομενος 278

#### 202 .- Anonymous

#### On the Same

Say not, stranger, that I am he from Lebanon, he who delights in the converse by night of youths who love the revel. I am a nttle Love and country-bred, the son of the Nymph who dwells hard by, and I further but the gardener's labour. Hence from my dear fruitful poot I am crowned with four crowns by the four Seasons.

# 203 -JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

# On the Eros of Praxiteles

PRAXITELES, who stooped his proud neck for my sandals to tread on, wrought me with his captive hands. For, working me in bronze,3 he gave me, that very Love that was hidden within him, to Phryne, an offering of friendship. But she again brought it to give to Love; for it is lawful for lovers to bring Love hunself as a gift to Love.

### 304.—PRAXITELES

### On the Same

PRAXITELES perfectly portrayed that Love he suffered, taking the model from his own heart, giving me to Phryne in payment for myself. But I give birth to passion no longer by shooting arrows, but by darting glances.

<sup>1</sup> Heliopous, near the Lebanon, was a very gay city <sup>2</sup> This is an error Both Praxiteies' statues of Love were of marble.

# 205.—TTAMIOT FEMINOT

#### Είς τὸ αὐτή

Αντί μ' έρωτος Έρωτα βροτῷ θεὸν ἄπασε Φρύνη Πραξιτέλης, μισθον καὶ θεὸν εὐρόμενος. 
ἡ δ' οὐκ ἡρνήθη τὸν τέκτονα· δεῖσε γάρ οἱ φρήν, 
μὴ θεος ἀντὶ τέχνης σύμμαχα τόξα λάβη. 
ταρβεῖ δ' οὐκέτι που τὸν Κυπριδος, ἀλλὰ τον ἐκ σοῦ, δ 
Πραξίτελες, τέχνην μητέρ' ἐπισταμένη.

### 206.---ΑΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ

#### Kis vò airi

Θεσπιέες του "Ερωτα μόνου θεδυ έκ Κυθερείης ἄζουτ', ούχ έτέρου γραπτου ἀπ' ἀρχετύπου, αλλ' δυ Πραξιτέλης έγνω θεδυ- ου περί Φρύνη δερκόμενος, σφετερων λύτρου έδωκε πόθων.

### 207 - HAAAAAA

Γυμνὸς Ερως διὰ τοῦτο γελῷ καὶ μείλιχος ἐστιν·
οὐ γὰρ ἔχει τόξου καὶ πυρόευτα βέλη·
οὐδὲ μάτην παλάμαις κατεχει δελφίνα και ἄνθος·
τῆ μὲν γὰρ γαίαν, τῆ δε θάλασσαν ἔχει.

# 208.—PABPIHAIOT THAPXOT

Είς Ερωτα καθεύδοντα έν πιπεροπάστη

Ούδε κατακνώσσων, ούδ' ἄπνοος, ούδ' ένὶ δαιτὶ νόσφι πυρισπάρτου δήγματος έστιν Έρως.

### 205.--FULLIUS GEMINUS

On the Same 1

PRANTIELES, in return for love, gave me, Love, a god to mortal Phryne, creating at once a guerdon and a god. But she repulsed not the artist, for in her mind she feared lest the god should take up his bow to fight for the sculptor's art. She dreads no longer the son of Cypris, but thy offspring, Praxiteles, knowing that Art is his mother

### 206.—LEONIDAS OF ALEXANDRIA (\*)

On the Same

The Thespians venerate Love, the son of Cytherea, alone amongst the gords, and not Love copied from any other model but the god whom Praxiteles knew, seeing whom in Phryre he gave him to her as the ransom of his desire.

### 207 --- PALLADAS

On a Statue of Love

Love is marmed, therefore he smiles and is gentle, for he has not his low and fiery arrows. And it is not without reason that he holds in his hands a dolphin and a flower, for in one he holds the earth, in the other the sea.

### 208 .- GABRIEL THE PREFECT

On Love Asleep on a Pepper-Castor

NEITHER when as leep, nor when life ess, nor at the banquet, is Love without a fire-scattering nip.

<sup>1</sup> ep. Book VI, 200.

209. AAHAON

Οδτος ό του δαλου φυσών, ίνα λύχνου ἀνάψης, δεῦρ' ἀπ' ἐμᾶς ψυχᾶς ἄψον' ὅλος φλεγομαι.

### 210. -ΠΛΑΤΩΝΟΣ



\*Αλσος δ' ώς ίκομεσθα βαθύσκιου, εξρομευ ένδου πορφυρέοις μήλοισευ έοικότα παίδα Κυθήρης. οὐδ' έχευ Ιοδόκου φαρέτρηυ, οὐ καμπύλα τόξα άλλα τὰ μὲυ δέυδρεσσευ ὑπ' εὐπετάλοισε κρέμαυτο, αὐτὸς δ' ἐυ καλύκεσσε ρόδωυ πεπεδημένος ὕπυφ εὐδευ μειδιόωυ ξουθαί δ' ἐφύπερθε μέλισσαι κηροχύτου μέλιτος 1 λαροῖς ἐπὶ χείλεσε ραῖνου 2

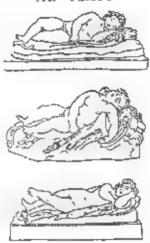
So Schneidswin empsychologisch MSS.
 I write balvov Balvov MSS.

209.—Anonymous

A Love Couplet

Thou who dost blow on thy torch to light the lamp, come and light it from my soul. I am all affame.

310.-PLATO



When we entered the deep-shadowed wood we found within it the son of Cytherea, like unto rosy apples. Nor had he the quiver that holds arrows, nor his bent bow, but they were hanging on the leafy trees, and he lay among the rose-blossoms smiling, bound fast by sleep, and above him the tawny bees were sprinkling on his dainty lips honey dripping from the comb.

### 211. ΣΤΑΤΥΛΛΙΟΎ ΦΛΛΚΚΟΎ

Είς Ερωτα κοιμώμενον

Εύδεις, αγρύπνους ἐπάγων θνητοῖσι μερίμυσς·
εύδεις, ἀτηρής ἄ τέκος 'Αφρογενοῦς,
οὐ πεύκην πυρόεσσαν ἐπηρμένος, οὐδ' ἀφύλακτον

έκ κέραος ψάλλων άντιτόνοιο βέλος.

άλλοι θαρσείτωσαν· έγω δ', αγέρωχε, δέδοικα, μή μοι καὶ κνώσσων πικρον όνειρον ίδης.

# 313.— ААФЕЮТ

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### Είς τὸ αὐτό

'Αρπάσομαι πιρόεσσαν, 'Ερως, χερος εκ σέο πεύκην, συλήσω δ' ώμων αμφικρεμή φαρέτρην,

εἴ γ' ἐτύμως εὕδεις, πυρὸς ἔγγουε, καὶ σέο φῶτες πρὸς βαιὸν τοξων εὐνομίην ἄγομεν.

άλλὰ καὶ ώς σε δέδοικα, δολοπλόκε, μη τινα κεύθης 5 εἰς εμε, κὴν ὕπνφ πικρὸν ὄνειρον ἴδης.

# 213—MEΛΕΑΓΡΟΤ, of δè ΣΤΡΑΤΩΝΟΣ

Εί καί σοι πτέρυγες ταχιναὶ περὶ νῶτα τέτανται, καὶ σκυθικαὶ τόξων ἀκροβολεῖς ἀκίδες,

φεύξομ, Έρως, ύπο γάν σε τί δὲ πλόου; οὐδὲ γὰρ αὐτὸς

σὰν ἔφυγε ρωμαν πανδαμάτωρ 'Αίδας.

### 211.—STATYLLIUS FLACCUS

### On Love Asleep

Thou sleepest, thou who bringest sleepless care on mortals, thou sleepest, O child of the baneful daughter of the foam, not armed with thy fiery torch, nor sending from thy backward-bent, twanging bow the dart that none may escape. Let others pluck up courage, but I fear, thou overweening boy, lest even in thy sleep thou see a dream bitter to me.

### 212.-ALPHBIUS

### On the Same

I shall snatch the fiery pine-brand from thy hand, O Love, and strip thee of the quiver that hangs across thy shoulders, if in truth then sleepest, then child of fire, and we mortals have peace for a little season from thy arrows. But even so I fear thee, thou weaver of wiles, lest thou have one hidden for me and see a cruel dream in thy sleep.

### 213. -MELEAGER OR STRATO

Though on thy each thou hast swift onistretched wings, though thou hast thy sharp-pointed Scythian arrows, I shall escape from thee, Love, under the earth. Yet what shall that avail me? For even Hades himself, who overcometh all thougs, did not escape thy might.

 $^{2}$  a.e. in this and the next (its original), " lest some cruelty to me be suggested to thee by thy drenma,"

### 214. ERKOYNAOT

Els άγάλματα Έρώτων

Σκυλοχαρείε ἴδ' Έρωτας, ἴδ' ὡς βριαροίσιν ἐπ' 
ὤμοις

δπλα φέρουσι θεών νήπι' ἀγαλλόμενοι, τύμπανα καὶ θύρσον Βρομίοι, Ζηνὸς δὲ κεραυνόν, ἀσπίδ' Ἐνυαλίου καὶ κόρυν ἡΰκομον,

Φοίβου δ' εὔτοξον φαρέτρην, 'Αλίου δὲ τρίαιναν, καὶ σθεναρῶν χειρῶν 'Ηρακλέους ῥόπαλον.

τί πλέον ανθρώποισιν, "Ερως ότε καλ πύλον είλε, τεύχεα δ' αθανάτων Κύπρις έληζσατο;

### 315.—ФІЛІППОТ

Συλήσαντες "Ολυμπον ιδ' ώς δπλοισιν "Ερωτες κοσμοθυτ' άθανάτων, σκθλα φρυασσόμενοι.

Φοίβου τόξα φέρουσι, Διὸς δὲ κεραυνόν, 'Αρησς δπλου καὶ κυνέην, 'Ηρακλέους ῥόπαλου,

elvaλίου τε θεού τριβελές δόρυ, θύρσα τε Βάκχου,

πτηνὰ πέδιλ' Ερμοῦ, λαμπάδας 'Αρτέμιδος.

ούκ ἄχθος θυητοῦς είκειν βελέεσσιν Ερώτων,

δαίμονες οξη δπλων κόσμον έδωκαν έχειν.

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# THE PLANUDRAN APPRIDIX

# 214.—SECUNDUS

On Statues of Loves

Look how the Loves delight in their spoils; look
how, in children triumph,
they wear the wespons of
the gods on their sturdy
shoulders the tambourine
and thyrse of Bacchus, the
thunderbolt of Zeus, the
shield of Ares and his
plumed nelmet, the quiver
of Phoebus well stocked with
arrows, the trident of the
sea-god, and the club from
the strong bands of Heracles.
What shall men's strength



avail when Love has stormed heaven and Cypris has despoiled the immortals of their arms

### 215.—PHILIPPUS

On the Same

Look how the Loves, having plandered Olympus, deck themselves in the arms of the immortals, exulting in their spoils. They bear the bow of Phoebus, the thunderboit of Zeus, the shield and helmet of Ares, the club of Heracles, the three-pronged spear of the sea-god, the thyrse of Bacchus, Hermes winged sandals, and Artems' torches. Mortals need not grieve that they must yield to the arrows of the Loves, if the gods have given them their arms where with to busk themselves.

### 216 --ΠΑΡΜΕΝΙΩΝΟΣ

Είς ἄγαλμα Ήρας



'Ωργείος Πολύκλειτος, ό καὶ μόνος όμμασιν 'Ήρην ἀθρήσας καὶ όσην είδε τυπωσάμενος, θυητοίς καίλλος έδειξεν, όσον θέμις αὶ δ' υπὸ κύλποις ἄγνωστοι μορφαὶ Ζηνὶ φυλασσόμεθα.

#### 2 7 AAHAON

### Είς άγαλμα Καλλιότης

Καλλιότη μεν έγω Κύρφ δ' έμον ωπασα μαζον, δη τρέφε θείου "Ομηρου, όθεν πίε υηδυμος 'Ορφεύς.

### 218 -IΩANNOT TOT BAPBOKAAAOT

"Ηθελε Μελπομένην ὁ ζωγράφος εἰκόνι γράψαι, ἀλλ' ἀπολειπομένης, ἔγραφε Καλλιοπην.

### 219-TOY AYTOY

Σείο μὲν εἰκὰν ήδε Πολύμνια, καὶ συ δέ, Μούσης. ἐν γὰρ ἐπ' ἀμφοτέραις ούνομα καὶ τύπος εἶς.

### 216. -PARMENION

# On a Statue of Hera

Polycleros of Argos, who alone saw Hera with his eyes, and moulded what he saw of her, revealed her beauty to mortals as far as was lawful; but we, the unknown forms beneath her dress's folds, are reserved for Zeus.

### 217.—Anonymous

# On a Statue of Calliope

I AM Calliope, and I gave to Cyrns! my breast to suck, the breast which nonrished divine Homer, and from whence sweet Orpheus drank.

# 2.8. JOANNES BARBOCALLUS

THE painter wished to portray Me.pomene, but as she was absent he painted Calhope 2

### 219.—Ву тив Вань

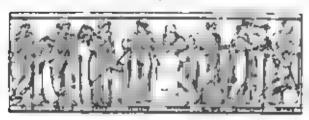
This is a portrait of thee, Po ymma, and thou art a portrait of the Muse, for both have one name and one form.

2 Doubtiess on actress of this name, ake Polymnia in the next epigram.

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#### 220 -ANTIDATPOT

Bie tikovas Mourav



Τρίζυγος οἱ Μοῦσαι τῆδ' ἔσταμεν' ὰ μία λωτούς, ὰ δε φερει παλαμαίς βαρβίτου, α δε χελύν ὰ μὲν ᾿Αριστοκλήσε ἔχει χελύν ὰ δ΄ ᾿Αγελαδα βάρβίτον, ὰ Καναχά δ' υμνοπολούς δονακας, ἔλλ' α μεν κραντείρα τονού πελεί, ὰ δε μελφδος χρωματός, ὰ δε σοφας εύρετις αρμονίας.

### 221.-ΘΕΑΙΤΗΤΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΓΙΚΟΥ

Big vipe Affronius Napasco

Κιαναην με λάθον παλιναιξεύς δα περιωπής λαστιπος τμήξας πετροτομοίς όπισε Μηδος έπουτοπορεύπεν, όπως μέδρειακλα τευξή, της πατ' 'Αθηναίων πυμείολα παμμανίης ώς δε δαιζομένως Μαραθων άντεκτυπε Περσαις απι νέες δυγροπορούν χευμασεν αιμαλεύς, Εξεπαν 'Αδρησταίαν άριστωδίνες 'Αθήναι, δαιμού υπερφιαλοίς δενίπαλου μεροπών άντιταλαυτεύω τας έλπιδας' είμι δε παι ύδυ Νίκη Ερεχθαδαίς, 'Ασσυρίοις Νέμεσις.

Ιά

### 220. -ANTIPATER OF SIDON

On Statues of the Muses

lines are we, the Muses who stand here, one bears in her hands a flute, another a harp, and the third a lyre. She who is the work of Aristocles holds the lyre, Ageladas Muse the harp, and Canachas \* the musical reeds. The first is she who rules tone, the second makes melody of colour, and the third invented skilled harmony.

### 221 -THEAETETUS SCHOLASTICUS

On the Nemests of the Athenious?

I am a white atone which the Median sculptor quarried with his stone-cutter a tools from the mountain where the rocks grow again, and he bore me across the sea to make of me images, tokens of victory over the Athenius But when Marathon resounded with the Persian rout, and the



ships voyaged on bloody waves, Athena, the mother of beautiful works, carved of me Adrasteia, the goddesa who is the foe of arrogant men. I counterbalance vain hopes, and I am atill a Victory to the Athenana, a Nemesia to the Assyrians.

<sup>2</sup> Canachus is the usual form. Aristocles was his brother, and al. three artists were of the sixth century s.c.

<sup>2</sup> They presided respectively over the distoric, chromatic, and enhanners: tetrachords. For these see "tetrachord" in Gentury Declinary.

The Nemons of Rhammas was said to have been conved by Phidias from a block of marble brought by the Persians to use for a trophy.

4 This was a prevalent being

### 233.-ΠΑΡΜΕΝΙΩΝΟΣ

#### Είς τὸ αὐτό

Μήδοις ελπισθείσα τροπαιοφόρος λιθος είναι, ηλλάχθην μορφήν καίριον είς Νέμεσιν, ἔνδικος ίδρυνθείσα θεὰ 'Ραμνούντος ἐπ' ὅχθαις νίκης καὶ σοφίης 'Ατθίδι μαρτύριον.

#### 223.-- AAHAON

### Είς στήλην Νεμέσεως

'Η Νέμεσις προλέγει τῷ πήχεϊ, τῷ τε χαλινῷ.
μήτ' ἄμετρου τι ποιείν, μήτ' ἀχάλινα λέγειν.

#### 334.-AAAO

#### Είς τὸ αύτο

'Η Νέμεσις πήχυν κατέχω· Τίνος ούνεκα; λεξεις. πᾶσι παραγγέλλω Μηδέν ύπέρ το μέτρου.

# 225.-ΑΡΑΒΙΟΎ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΊΙΚΟΥ

### Είς άγαλμα Πανός

Ην τάχα συρίζοντος έναργέα Πανος ὰκούειν πνεθμα γὰρ ὁ πλάστης έγκατέμιξε τύπω ἀλλ' ὁρόων φεύγουσαν ἀμήχανος ἄστατον Ἡχώ, πηκτίδος ἡρνήθη φθόγγον ἀνωφελέα.

### 222.—PARMENION

On the Same

I, THE stone of whom the Medes hoped to make a trophy, was changed opportunely to the form of Nemesis, the goddess justly planted on the shore of Rhamnus to be a witness to the Attic land of victory and the skill of her artist.

#### 223.— Anonyморя

### On a Statue of Nemesis

Nemesis warms us by her cupit-rule and bridle neither to do anything without measure nor to be unbridled in our speech.

### 224 Аконумоца

### On the Same

I, Nemesis, hold a cubit-rule. "Why?' you will say I proclaim to all men, "Nothing beyond due measure."

### 325,-ARABIUS SCHOLASTICUS

# On a Statue of Pan

WE might, perhaps, have clearly heard Pan piping for the sculptor infused breath into the statue, but left resourceless when he saw fickle Echo flying, the god renounced the unavailing voice of the pipe.

Because there was no Echo to answer-

#### 226 AAKAIOT

Ele 70 ubro



\*Εμπνει Πάν λαροϊσιν όρειβάτα χείλεσι μούσαν, ξμπνει, ποιμενιφ τερπυμενος δονακι, εὐκελαδφ σύριγγι χιων μέλος, έκ δε συνφδού κλαζε κατιθυνών ρηματος άρμονίην ἀμφί δε σοι ἡυθμοϊο κατά κροτον ἔυθεον ἴχνος ρησσέσθω Νύμφαις ταϊσδε μεθυδριώσιν

#### 227 -- ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

Τάδε κατά χλοεροίο ριφείς λειμώνος, όδιτα, ἄμπαυσον μογερού μαλθακά γυία κόπου, βχί σε καὶ Ζεφύροιο τινασσομενη πίτυς αύραις θέλξει, τεττόγων είσαιοντα μέλος, χώ ποιμήν έν δρεσσι μεσαμβρινου ύγχοθι παγάς συρίσδων, λασίας θάμνω ύπο πλατάνου καύμα δ' όπωρινοίο φυγων κυνος αίπος άμειψεις ώριον 1 Ερμείη τούτ ένεποντι πιθού.

#### 228.—ANTTHΣ

Εείν', ὑπὸ τὰν πτελέαν' τετρυμένα γυϊ' ἀνάπαυσον άδύ τοι ἐν χλωροίς πνεύμα θροεί πετάλοις πίδακά τ' ἐκ παγᾶς ψυχρόν πιε' ὅη γὰρ οδιταις ἄμπαυμ' ἐν θερμψ καύματι τοῦτο φίλαν, ' κέμω MSS. \* So Jacobs «ἐτρω MSS.

### 226.-ALCAEUS OF MESSENE

#### On the Same

O Pan, who walkest on the mountains, breather music with the sweet lips, delighted with the shepherd's reed, pouring forth melody from the sweet-toned pipe, and bring its shrill notes into tune with the words it accompanies, and round thee to the beat of the rhythm let the inspired feet of these water-namples move in the dance.

### 227.—Anonymous

### On a Statue of Hermes

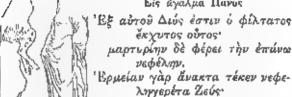
Throw thyself down here, wayfarer, on the green meadow, and rest thy languid Lmus from painful toil, here where the pine also, tossed by the western breeze, shall soothe thee as thou listenest to the song of the cicadas, and the shepherd likewise on the hills, piping at mid-day by the fountain under the leafy plane-tree. Thus, having escaped the burning heat of the autumnal dog-star, thou shalt in good time cross the hill. Take this counsel that Hermes gives thee.

### 228.—ANYTE

STRANGER, rest thy weary legs under the elm, hark how sweetly the breeze murmurs in the green leaves; and drink a cold draught from the fountain; for this is indeed a resting-place dear to travellers in the burning heat.



**Είς ἄγαλμα Πανος** 



αθτάρ δη Κρμείας Πάνα τον αίνελάτην.

### 330.—ΑΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Μή σύ γ' έπ' οἰονόμοιο¹ περίπλεον ἰλύος ώδε τούτο χαραδραίης θερμόν, όδιτα, πίης άλλα μολών μαλα τυτθον ύπερ δαμαλήβοτον άκραν ταύταν, πάρ κείνα ποιμενία πιτυϊ ευρήσεις κελαρύζον εύκρήνου διά πέτρης νάμα, Βορειαίης ψυγροτερον νιφάδος.

### 231.—ANTTHE

α. Τίπτε κατ' ολοβατον, Παν άγρότα, δάσκιον ύλαν ημενος, άδυβός τώδε κρεκεις δόνακι;

β. "Οφρα μοι έρσηεντα κατ' ούρεα ταῦτα νέμοιντο πόρτιες ήθκόμων δρεπτόμεναι σταχύων.

### 232.—ΣΙΜΩΝΙΔΟΤ

Τὸν τραγόπουν ἐμὲ Πᾶνα, τὸν 'Αρκαδα, τὸν κατὰ Μήδων,

του μετ' Αθηναίων, στήσατο Μιλτιάδης.

> γα ποιονόμοιο 20 nepally now read, agreeing with Ιλόας, while yagedoning in taken as a substantive (= yagedoas). do not believe in this.

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5

229 .- Anona mous

On a Picture of Pan

This, our dearest one, is the issue of the loans of Zeus himself and the cloud over his head testifies to it. For Zeus the cloud gatherer begot Hermes the King, and Hermes begot Pan the goatherd.

# 230.—LEONIDAS OF TARENTUM

Traversien, drink not here in the solitude this warm water so fail of mud from the torrent, but go a little farther over this life whereon the heifers are grazing, and by the stepherds' pane there thou wilt find a fountain bubbling up through the generous rock, colder than the snow from the north.

### 231.—ANYTE

On a Statue of Pan

A "Way, rurd Pan, thus seated in the lonesome shadowy wood, dost thou sound this sweet voiced reed-pipe?" B "So that the heifers may graze over these dewy mountains, cropping the luxurious tresses of the herbage."

### 232 -SIMONIDES

On the Studie of Pan erected by Milliades

MILTIADES erected me, goat-footed Pan, the Arcadian, the foe of the Medes, the friend of the Athemans.

<sup>1</sup> Thus mention of a number, such as was afterwards given by painters to Christ and His saints, is curious.

Though ordgoes seems to be universally used as equivalent to "ears of corn," it can not here surely mean that. It means, evidently, any tall herbage, such as wild cats.



### 233.—ORAITHFOT

#### Είς τὸν αύτον

Τλοβάτας, φιλόδευδρος, όρεσσαύλου πύσις 'Αχούς, Πάν, σκοπός, εὐκεράου μαλοφύλαξ ἀγέλας, Πάν ὁ δασυκυάμων, ὁ πολύσπορος, ὑς μετανάστας ἔδραμου αἰχματᾶν ἐς δάιν 'Ασσυρίων, Μιλπιαδου στήσαντος ὁμώσπιδα περσαδιώκτην, ἴσταμαι, ἀκλήτου ξείνια συμμαχίης. ἄλλοις ἀκροπόληες ο μηδοφόνος δὲ δέδασται ξυνὸς ἐμὶν Μαραθών καὶ μαραθωνομάχοις.

### 234 --ΦΙΛΟΔΗΜΟΥ

Τρισσούς άθανάτους χωρεί λίθος ά κεφαλά γάρ μανύει τρανώς Πάνα τον αίγόκερων, στέρνα δὲ καὶ νηδύς Ἡρακλέα, λοιπά δὲ μηρών καὶ κνήμης Ἑρμής ὁ πτερόπους ἔλαχεν. θύειν ἀρνήση, ξένε, μηκέτι τοῦ γάρ ἐνός σοι θύματος οἱ τρισσοὶ δαίμονες ἀντόμεθα,

### 235.—ΑΠΟΛΑΩΝΙΔΟΥ ΣΜΥΡΝΑΙΟΥ

5

'Αγροτέρων θεός εἰμι: τί μοι χρυσέοις δεπάεσσι σπένδετε, τοῦ δ' Ἱταλοῦ χεῖτε μέθυ Βρομίου, καὶ γυροὺς ταύρων πέτρη προσδεῖτε τένοντας; φείσασθ' οὐ τούτοις θύμασι τερπόμεθα.

#### 233 THRAETRTUS SCHOLASTICUS

On the Same

The walker in the woods, the lover of the trees, the spouse of Echo who dwells on the hills, I, Pan, the scout, the keeper of the homed flock of speep, Pan with the shaggy legs, the frintful god, I who, leaving my home, ran to meet the warbke Assyrians in battle, stand here set up by Mutiales, as his fellow-soldier and pursuer of the Persians, in return for my unsummoned succour. Let others stand on citadels, but Marathon, which slew the Medes, is the common pursue of myself and the mer



common portion of myself and the men who fought at Marathon

### 234.— PHILODEMUS

The stone has place for three immortals; for the head clearly snows me to be goat-horned Pan, the breast and belly tell I am Heracles, the rest of the thighs and the legs are the portion of wing-footed Hermes. Refuse me not a sacrifice, stranger, for thy one sacrifice will earn the thanks of the three gods.

### 235.-APOLLONIDES OF SMYRNA

On a Statue of Pan

I am the country-folk's god. Why do you shed for me offerings from cups of gold, and pour me out strong Italian wine, and bind to the stone the curved necks of bulls? Spare your pains; I take no pleasure

1 n.c. Permans. See Herodotos vi. 105.

Πὰν ὁ παρωρείτης, αὐτύξυλος, άρνεοθοίνης εἰμί, καὶ ἐγχθονίου ηλευκοπότης κύλικος.

### 236.-- ΑΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ

Αὐτοῦ ἐφ' αἰμασιαῖσι τὸν ἀγρυπνοῦντα Πρίηπον ἔστησεν λαχάνων Δεινομένης φύλακα. ἀλλ' ὡς ἐντέταμαι, φώρ, ἔμβλεπε. Τοῦτο δ', ἐρωτᾶς, τῶν ὀλιγων λαχάνων εἶνεκα, Τῶν ὀλίγων.

### 237.—TTMNEO

Είς ἄγαλμα Πριήπου

Πάντα πριηπίζω, κᾶυ ἢ Κρόνος· οὐ διακρίνω οὐδένα φῶρ' οὕτω ταῖσδε παρὰ πρασιαῖς. ἔπρεπε μὴ λαχάνων ἔνεκεν τάδε καὶ κολοκυνθῶν, φήσει τις, με λέγειν. ἔπρεπεν ἀλλὰ λέγω.



### 238.—AOTKIANOT

Είς τὸ κενόν με τέθεικε, νόμου χάριν, ὧδε Πρίηπου

Ευτυχίδης, ξηρών κληματίδων φύλακα·

καὶ περιβέβλημαι κρημυδυ βαθύυ. δς δ Αυ ἐπέλθη,

ούδεν έχει κλέψαι πλήν έμε τον φύλακα.

in such sacrifices. I, Pan, the dweller on the mountains, carved from a tree-trunk, am a feaster on mutton, and drink my must from a bowl of clay.

### 236.—LEONIDAS

# On a Status of Priapus 1

HERE on the garden wall did Dinomenes set me up, waxeful Priapus, to guard his greens. But look, thief, how excited I am. And is this, you say, all for the sake of a few greens? For the sake of these few.

#### 237 --- TYMNES

#### On the Same

I DERAYE like Prapas to everyone, even be he Cronos, so little distinction do I make between thieves here beside this kitchen-garden. Someone will teil me it is not meet for me to say this for the sake of greens and pumpkins. It is not meet, but I say it.

### 238.— LUCIAN

#### On the Same

Eurychides set me, Priapus, here in vain, for the sake of convention, to guard his dried-up vines, and there is a high cuff all round me. Whoever attacks me has nothing to steal but myself, the guardian.

\* This and other epigrams (we have a large Latin collection of them) refer to statues of the garden god Prispus, who was represented with an erect membrum write to avert the evil eye. The joke that he threatens threves with it is always the same. There is no use glossing over it in readering.



### 239 -ΑΠΟΛΛΩΝΊΔΟΥ

'Ανθετ' 'Αναξαγόρτη με, του οὐκ επί ποσσί Πρίηπου, εν χθουί δ' ἀμφοτέρφ γούνατι κεκλιμένου' τεῦξε δὲ Φυλόμαχος. Χαριτὰ δέ μοι ἀγχοθι καλὴν ἀθρήσας, δίζευ μηκέτι πῶς ἔπεσου.

### 240.— ФIAIHHOT

 α, 'Ωραίας γ' ἐσορῶ τὰς Ισχάδας' εἴ γε λαβεῖν μοι συγχωρεῖς ὀλύγας.
 β. Θύγγανε μηδεμιᾶς.

 Οργίλος ως ὁ Πρίηπος β. † Τρείς ἔτι καὶ κενὸς ήξεις.

 καὶ λίτομαι. β. Δός μοι καὶ γὰρ ἐγὼ δέομαι.

 Χρήζεις γάρ, λέγε μοι, παρ' έμοῦ τινός, β 'Εστι νόμος που'

"δός λάβε." α. Καὶ θεὸς ῶν ἀργυρίου σὺ

β. "Αλλο τι χρήμα φιλώ, α. Ποΐον τόδε; β. Τάμὰ κατέσθων

σύκα, δὸς εὐθύμως ἰσχώδα τὴν ὀπίσω.

### 2+1.—APPENTAPIOT

"\*Ωριμος" Οίδα και αὐτός, οδοιπόρε. μηκέτ' ἐπαίνει ἰσχάδα, μηδ' ἐσορα τὸν πέλας ἀκρέμονα.

### 239 -- APOLLONIDES

On the Same

Anaxagonas set me up here, a Priapus not standing on my feet, but resting both knees on the ground. Phylomachus made me, but seeing lovely Charito 1 standing beside me, you will seek no longer why I fell on my knees.

### 340.--PHILIPPUS

On the Same

A (a traveller) I see the figs are ripe Won't you let me take a few? B (Prapus). Don't touch a single one. A How angry Priapus is B. You will say so still, and you will nave come to no purpose. A. Indeed, I beseech you. B. Give me, for I, too, am in want of something. A What! do you want anything from me? B. There is a law, I think, "Give and take." A. Even though you are a god, are you greedy for money? B. It is another thing that I am fond of A What is that? B. If you eat my figs, give me with a good grace that fig you have behind.

#### 241 -- MARCUS ARGENTARIUS

"It is npe." "I know that myself as well as you, traveller. Stop praising the fig, and keep your eyes

A matter of a lady of this name.

Little sense can be made of L 3 as it stands.

καὶ λίην ὁ Πρίηπος ἐφίσταμαι ὀξὰ δεδορκώς, καὶ φυλακην σύκων ην ἐπεοικεν ἔχων. ην δὲ μόνον σὰ θιγης της Ισχάδος, ἰσχάδα δωσεις - Β ὡς ἰσότης παυτων ἐστὶ δικαιστώτη.

#### 242. EPTKIOT

#### Είς τὸν αὐτόν

'Ως βαρυ τοῦτο, Πρίηπε, και εὖ τετυλωμένον ὅπλον πῶν ἀπὸ βουβώνων ἀθρόον ἐκκεχυκας εἰς γαμον οὐκ ἀνετοιμον ἔχει δέ σε δίψα γυναικῶν, οὐ 'γαθέ, καὶ σπαργᾶς θυμὸν ᾶπαντα πόθοις. ἀλλὰ καταπρήῦνε τὸν ἐξωδηκότα φαλλον τόνδε, καὶ ἀνθηρῆ κρύψον ὑπο χλαμύδι οὐ γὰρ ἐρημαῖον ναίεις ὅρος, ἀλλὰ παρ "Ελλης ἡόνα τὴν ἱερὴν Λάμψακον ἀμφιπολεῖς.

### 343 - ΑΝΤΙΣΤΙΟΥ

'Αγροφύλαξ έστηκα πολυκτεάνοις ἐν ἀρούραις,
Φρίκωνος καλύβην καὶ φυτὰ ρυόμενος,
τοῦτο λέγων πρὸς ἔκαστον 'Επὴν γελασης ἐσιδών με
τοῦ σκεύους, χωρει τὴν κατὰ σαυτον όδόν.
ἢν δὲ παρεκβήης ἐς ἃ μὴ θεμις, οὕτι σ' ὀνήσει
ἡ λάχνη τρυπῷν πάντας ἐπιστάμεθα.

### 244.—ΑΓΑΘΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Els είκόνα Σατυρου πρός τῷ ἀκοῆ τον αὐλὸν έχοντος καὶ ώσπερ ἀκροωμένου

Αυτομάτως, Σατυρίσκε, δόναξ τεος ήχον Ιάλλει; ή τι παρακλίνας οὐας ἄγεις καλάμφ;

off the branch near you. I, Priapus the warden, am very sharp-eyed, and keep proper watch over the figs, and if you even touch a fig you shall give me a fig, for equality in all things is most just.'

#### 242.--ERYCIUS

#### On the Same

How heavy and well-hardened, Priapus, is this weapon, which springs all of it from thy loins, not unready for marriage. Thou art athirst for women, my friend, and all thy heart is swollen with desire. But appease this swollen organ and hide it under a flowered robe, for thou dost not dwell on a lonely mountain, but guardest holy Lampsacus by the shore of the Hellespont.

#### 343.—ANTISTIUS

#### On the Same

I STAND here the guardian of the farm in the rich field, watching over Phricon's hut and his plants, and to everyone I say this, "When you have done laughing at the sight of me with this appendage, go your way. But if you transgress and do what is unlawful, your hairy face will not help you, I know how to pierce all."

### 244.—AGATHIAS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Painting of a Satyr holding a Reed-Pipe to his Par as if it mere Listening

"Dozs thy pipe, little Satyr, send forth sound of its own accord, or why dost thou hend thine ear and

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δη δὲ γελῶν σίγησεν· ἴσως δ΄ ἀν φθέγξατο μῦθον. άλλ' ύπὸ τερπωλής είχετο ληθεδόνι. ου γάρ κηρός έρυκον έκων δ' ήσπάζετο συγήν,

θυμόν όλου τρέψας πηκτίδος άσχολίη.

# 245 - ΑΕΟΝΤΙΟΎ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΎ

Του Σάτυρου Διόνυσος ίδων τόσον άλγος έχοντα, καί μιν εποικτείρας, θήκατο λαίνεον.

άλλ' οὐδ' ὡς ἀπέληξε βαρυτλήτων όδυνάων είσετι γὰρ μογέει, καὶ λίθος ών, ὁ τάλας.

#### 346.—AAHAON

Η Σάτυρος τὸν χαλκὸν ὑπέδραμεν, ἡ διὰ τέχνης χαλκὸς ἀναγκασθεὶς ἀμφεχύθη Σατύρφ.

### 247.--ΝΕΙΛΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Είς εικόνα Σατύρου από ψηφίδος ἐν Αντιοχεία

- α. Πάντες μὲν Σάτυροι φιλοκέρτομοι· εἰπὲ δὲ καὶ σύ, τί πρὸς ἔκαστον όρῶν τόνδε γέλωτα χέεις,
- Θάμβος ἔχων γελόω, πῶς, ἐκ λίθου ἄλλοθεν ἄλλης συμφερτός, γενόμην εξαπίνης Σάτυρος.

put it to the reed?" But the Satyr smiled and spoke not, perchance he would have uttered words, but his delight held him in forgetfulness. For it was not the wax that hindered him, but he chose of his own what to be silent, turning his whole soul to his occupation with the pipe.

### 245.—LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Statue of a Satyr

Dioni sos, seeing the Satyr in such pain, and pitying him, made him into stone, but not even so did he cease from his anguish ill to bear, but even though he be stone he still suffers, the luckless creature.

#### 246. - Anonymous

#### On Another

EITHER a Satyr secretly entered the bronze, or the bronze, compelled by art, poured itself round a Satyr.

#### 247 --- NILUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Satyr in Mosaic at Autoch

A ALL Satyrs are fond of jeering, but tell me, thou too, why, looking at everyone, dost thou pour forth this laughter? B. I laugh because I marver how, being put together out of all kinds of stones, I suddenly became a Satyr

\* Possibly from a thorn in his foot which he was trying to extract. Severa, works of art represent this.

#### 248.--ΠΛΑΤΩΝΟΣ

Τον Σάτυρον Διόδωρος εκοίμισεν, οὐκ ετόρευσεν. ήν νύξης, εγερείς άργυρος ύπνον έχει.

### 249.—AAHAON

Δερκόμενος ξόανον καλον πόδε, πὰν 'Αφροδίταν, ἄνθρωφ', Ιλάσκευ, πλατίον ἐζομενος αίνει δὲ Γλυκέραν Διονυσιου, ἄ μ' ἀνέθηκε πορφυρέας ἀπαλον κῦμα παρ' ἢΙόνος.

### 250,—A**411**AON

Eis Epura

 ΄Ο πτανὸς τὸν πτανὸν ἴδ' ως ἄγνυσι κεραυνόν, δεικνυς ὡς κρεῖσσον πῦρ πυρός ἐστιν, 'Ερως.

#### 351.-AAAO



Πτανώ πτανον "Ερωτα τίς δυτίον ἔπλασ` "Ερωτι; ὁ Νέμεσις, τοξφ τόξον άμυνομένα,

ως κε πάθη τά γ' έρεξεν· ὁ δὲ θρασύς, ὁ πρὶν ἀταρβής, δακρύει, πικρῶν γευσάμενος βελέων,

δι δε βαθυν τρίς κόλπον ἀπέπτυσεν. Α μέγα θαύμα: φλέξει τις πυρί πῦρ: ήψατ' Έρωτος Έρως.

# 248 -PLATO (THE YOUNGER)

On a Satyr chased on a Cup

Diodonus did not engrave this Satyr, but sent him to sleep. Prod him and you will wake him up the silver is asseep. 1

### 249. - Anonymous

O TROU who lookest on this levely statue, seat thee near it and worship Aphrodite; and praise Glycera, the daughter of Dionysius, who set me up as an offering by the soft waves of the purple 2 shore.

# 250. Anonymous On Love

Sue how winged Love is breaking the winged thunderbolt, showing that there is a fire stronger than fire.

# 251,—Амонуночя

### On Eros and Anteros

Who fashioned a winged Love and set him opposite winged Love? Nemesis, taking vengeance on the bow with the bow, that he may suffer what he did; and he, the bold boy never daunted before, is crying as he tastes the bitter arrows, and thrice he spits in the deep folds of his bosom! 3 Oh, most marvellous! One shall burn fire with fire, Love has touched Love to the quick.

\* The spithet seems to be transferred from the sea to the

sea shore. \* See Book XII. 229.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pluny (xxxvii: 55, 156), quoting from this epigram, gives the artist's name as Antipater, from which it has been conjectured that the epigram is by Antipater

#### 252. AAAO

Κάγω Κύπριδος αίμα κασυγνήτω δέ με μήτηρ ήνεσε τόξα φέρειν άντία καὶ πτέρυγας.

#### 253 .- AAHAON

# Els "Aprepo

 Αρτεμι, ποῦ σοι τόξα, παραυχενίη τε φαρέτρη;
 ποῦ δὶ Λυκαστείων ἐνδρομὶς ἀρβυλίδων,

πορπή τε χρυσοΐο τετυγμένη, ήδὲ πρὸς ἄκρηυ ύγυύην φοΐνιξ πέπλος έλισσό-

μενος. β Κείνα μεν είς άγρην οπλίζομαι ές

δε θυηλάς εἰμ' αύτως, ἰρῶν ἀντομένη θυέων.

## 254.— ΑΔΗΛΟΝ

# Eis Epphy

Υερου Ερμείη με παραστείχοντες έχευαν ἄνθρωποι λίθινοι σωρου ο δ' ἀντ' ολίγης οὐ μεγάλην αὐτοῖς ἔγνων χάριν, άλλ' ὅτι λοιπὰ Αἰγὸς ἐπὶ κρήνην ἐπτὰ λέγω στάδια.

## 955.—AAHAON

'Οδύτα, μη πρόσερπε πρός τα κλήματα μηδ' αὐ τὰ μήλα, μηδ' δπη τὰ μέσπιλα τηνεί δὲ πρός την σχοίνον ἐξαμείβεο,

#### 252 Аконумова

#### On the Same

I, Too, am of the blood of Cypris, and my mother exhorted me to take my bow and take wing against my brother,

#### 253. - Anonymous

# On a Picture of unarmed Artems 1

A ARTEMS, where are thy bow and the quiver that hung from thy neck? Where are thy Cretan hunting boots and the buckle wrought of gold that gathers up thy purple rose as high as thy knee? B. That is the armour I don for the clase, but to my sacrifices I go as I am, to meet the holy meense cloud.

#### 254 -- Anonymous

# On a Statue of Hermes by the Roadside

MEN who pass by me have heaped up a pile of stones sacred to Hermes, and I, in return for their small kindness, give them no great thanks, but only say that it is seven stadia more to Goat Fountain.

#### 255.—Anonymous

## On another Hermes guarding a Garden

WAYFARER, come not near the vines, nor yet the apples, nor where the medlers grow, but pass me by there along the rope, so as not to disturb or break

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This pretty epigram probably refers to a picture by Apelica, but may refer to a statue of Arterna not attired as a huntress.

ως μή το θράξης τωνδε, μηδ άποθρίσης, ὰ συν πόνφ φυτουργός ἔκτηται Μίδων, δς κάμὲ θῆκεν- ἡν δέ μεν παρακλύης, γνώση τὸν Ἑρμῆν, ὡς κακοὸς ἀμείβομαι.

#### 256.-- AAHAON

'Οχθηρον του χώρου έχω και έρημου, όδιτα:
οὐκ ἐγω, ὁ στάσας δ΄ αἴτιος 'λρχέλοχος.
οὐ γὰρ ὀρειοχαρὴς ώρμᾶς, οὐδ' ἀκρολοφίτας,
τὸ πλεῦυ δ' ἀτραπιτοῖς, ὧνερ, ἀρεσκόμενος.
'Λρχέλοχος δ', ὡς αὐτὸς ἐρημοφίλας και ἀγειτων,
ὧ παριών, τοῖον κὰμὲ παρφκίσατο.

## 257 -AAHAON

## Είς Διόνυσον

Έκ πυρός, δ Διόνυσε, τὰ δεύτερου ἢνίδε χαλκοῦς έξεφάνης: γενεὴν εὐρε Μύρων ἐτέρηυ.

#### 258.-AAHAON

## Είς Πάνα

Δικτύννης τοιόν με καθ' ίερον έμπυρον ό Κρής χάλκεον έστησεν Πάνα τον αλγόνυχα. δέρμα δ' έχω, διπλούν τε λαγωβόλον ' έκ δε πετραίας σπήλυγγος τείνω βλέμμα διπλούν πρός δρος.

off any of these things which the gardener Midon got with labour. He it was who set me up here, but if then give not ear to me, thou shalt know how Hermes rewards wicked men.

#### 256 -Anonymous

#### On unother Hermes

The place where I dwell is steep and desert, traveller; it is no fault of mine, but of Archelochus who set me up. For Hermes, Sir, is no lover of the mountains, no dweller on the hill-tops, but rather takes delight in roads, but Archelochus, being himself a lover of selitude and without neighbours, settled me, O passer by, beside him, making me even as he is.

#### 257. Anonymous

# On Drongsus

Lo! from the fire 1 for the second time, Dionysus, thou hast appeared in bronze. Myro gave thee a second birth

#### 258.—Anonymous

#### On Pan

In the fane of Dictynna, where blaze the altar fires, did the Cretan erect me such as you see me in bronze, goat-footed Pan. I wear a skin and carry two hare-staves, and from the cave in the rock gaze with both eyes at the hill.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As when he was first brought to birth by the bolt of Zeus.

## 259 --- AAHAON

Πέτρης ἐκ Παρίης με πόλιν κατὰ Παλλάδος ἄκρην στήσαν 'Αθηναΐοι Πάνα τροπαιοφορον.

# 260.—AAHAON

\*Ην λαχάνων σ' ό Πρίηπος ΐδω σχεδὸν ἴχνια θέντα, αὐτῆ γυμνωσω, φώρ, σὲ ποτὶ πρασιῆ.

αίσχρου έχειν τοῦτ' έργον έρεις θεόν· οίδα καὶ αὐτός, αίσχρου· ἀφιδρύνθην δ', ίσθ' ὅτι, τοῦδε χάριν.

# 261.--ΑΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ

'Αμφοτέραις παρ' όδοῖσι φύλαξ ἔστηκα Πρίηπος, ίθυτενὸς μηρῶν ὀρθιάσας ῥόπαλον.

εΐσατο γὰρ πιστόν με Θεόκριτος· ἀλλ' ἀποτηλοῦ φὰρ ἴθι, μὴ κλαύσης τὴν φλέβα δεξάμενος.

# 262.—AAHAON

Ο τραγόπους, ό τὸν ἀσκὸν ἐπηρμένος, αἴ τε γελῶσαι Νύμφαι, Πραξιτέλους, ἥ τε καλή Δανάη.

λύγδινα πάντα, καὶ ἄκρα σοφαὶ χέρες. αὐτὸς ὁ Μῶμος Φθέγξεται: "Ακρητος, Ζεῦ πάτερ, ἡ σοφίη.

#### 259.--ANONYMOUS

On the Statue of Pan on the Athenton Acropolis

On the citadel of Palias did the Athemans set me up, trophy-hearing Pan wrought of Parian marble.

#### 260.—Anon's mous

# On a Statue of Priapus

Ir I, Priapus, see you stepping near the kail, you thief, I will uncover your nakedness by the kail bed itself. You will say that this is a shameful duty for a god to have. I know myself that it is shameful, but I would have you know that for this purpose I was set up.

#### 261 - LEONIDAS

# On Priopius

I, Panarus, stand as a guardian at the meeting of the roads, my club standing straight out from my thighs. For Theocritus set me up to serve him faithfully. But keep your distance, Sir thief, lest you weep, receiving the thing you see

#### 362.—Anonymous

GOAT-FOOTED Pan with the wine-skin on his shoulder, and the Nymphs, and lovely Danae, are all by Praxiteles. They are all of marble, and the hands that wrought them were supremely skilled. Momus himself will ory out "Father Zeus, this was perfect skill."

## 263.- -AAHAON

Bis Néparour

Πριν με λίθον Πέρσαι δεῦρ' ήγαγον, ὅφρα τρόπαιον στήσονται νίκας· εἰμὶ δὲ νῦν Νέμεσις. ἀμφοτέροις δ' ἔστηκα, και Ἑλλήνεσσι τρόπαιον νίκας, καὶ Πέρσαις τοῦ πολέμου νέμεσις.

Amonius, Kpigram 21

## 264.--AAHAON

"Ισιδι καρποτόκφ. σταχυμήτορι, μυριομύρφφ.

λαϊνέφ ταλάρφ, μογερών απανευθεν ἀρότρων,

αὐτόματοι στείχουσω έὴν πρὸς μητέρα καρποί.

## 264A.—AAHAON

Ταίς Νύμφαις τόδ ἄγαλμα· μέλει δ' αὐταῖσιν ὁ χῶρος, ναὶ μέλοι, ὡς κρήναις ἄφθιτα ῥεῖθρα ῥέοι

#### 265.—AAHAON

Είς τὸν Μῶμον

Τίς τον έπ' ἐσθλοϊσιν παμπευθέα καὶ τρισάλαστον Μῶμον ἀμωμήτοις χερσὶν ἀνεπλάσατο; ὡς ὁ γέρων ἐπὶ γὰς βεβλημένος, οἰά τις ἔμπνους ἀμπαύει λύπας, γυῖα βαρυνόμενος, μανύει δίστοιχος ὀλέθριος ἄγμος ὀδόντων, πριομένων ἐπὶ τὰς τῶν πέλας εὐτυχίας,

## 263,-Апонумова

# On the Namesis of Phidias 1

THE Persians first brought me here, a stone to use for setting up the trophy of their victory, but now I am Nemesis. I stand here for both, a trophy of their victory for the Greeks, and for the Persians the Nemesis of war

## 264.—Anonymous

#### On a Procession to Ists

To Isis, parent of crops, mother of the corr, thousand-shaped, in a stone basket without the toiling plough, go of their own accord the fronts of the field, even to their mother

## 264A. -ANONY MOUS

To the Nymphs is this statue dedicated, and the place is their care. Yea, may it be their care that a constant stream flow from the fountain.

## 265.—Anonymous

#### On Monus

Who with blameless hands fashioned Blame the thrice accurst, who mourns at all good things? How the old man, like one alive throwing himself on the ground, seeks to find rest from his sorrows, his limbs heavy to him. They tell who he is, that deadly double row of teeth gnashing at the good

καὶ τὸ κατεσκληκὸς σκήνους βάρος ἡ μεν ἐρείδει ψιλὸν γηραιὰ χειρὶ βαλὰν κρόταφον, ἡ δὲ σεσηρὰς βάκτρον ἀποστηρίζεται ἐς γάν, κωφὰ πρὸς ἄψυχον πέτρον ἀπεχθόμενος.

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## 266.—AAAO

## Είς τὸν αὐτόν

Τάκεο δυστάνων δεύχων άπο παμφάγε Μώμε, τάκεο σὰ πρίων ἰοβόλους γέννας νεῦρά σε μανύει τετανυσμένα, καὶ φλέβες ἄρθρων, καὶ κενεὰ σαρκῶν ψυχολιπὴς δύναμις, καὶ ρικνοῖς φρίσσουσα περὶ κροτάφοισιν ἔθειρα.

δστε¹ τίς ἔμψυχόν σ' ἀνδρὸς σίνιν ἄνυσε τέχνω, ουδὲ τόπον δήκτω σεῖο λυπών στόματι,

# 267 ETNESIOT EXOLARTIKOT

## Els ελκόνα Ίπποκράτους

 α. Όπποθεν ὁ στήσας, β. Βυζάντιος. α. Οῦνομα δὴ τίς;

β. Εὐσέβιος. α. Σύ δὲ τίς; β. Κώῖος Ίπποκράτης

 Τοῦ δ΄ ἔνεκεν γέγραφέν σε, β. Λόγων χάριν ἡ πόλις αὐτῷ

των ές έμε γραφίδων άντιδέδωκε γέρας α. Καὶ τί μὴ αὐτός έὸν τύπον έγραφεν, Β. "Όττι, γεραίρων

ήμεας άνθ' αύτοῦ, κρέσσονα δόξαν έχει.

We do not know what was in the missing line, but down seems to have no meaning. One expects tire, and I render so.

fortune o. the neighbours, that wasted burden of a body, on one of his semile hands he rests his bald head, and with the other, grinning sardonically, he plants his staff on the ground, quarrelling aimlessly with the lifeless rock.

# 266. - ANONYMOUS

On the Same

WASTE away, starting from thy wretched nails, alldevouring Moinus, waste and grash thy poisoned jaws. They tell who thou art, those stretched sinews and the veins of thy limbs, and their dying strength devoid of flesh, and the harsh locks that hang over thy wrinkled forehead (one line missing). Tell me, who fashioned thee so, the living plague of men, not leaving a place for thy teeth to fasten on?

#### 267.—SYNESIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Picture of Hippocrates

A From whence was he who placed thee here? B. A Byzantine.
A And wis name? B Eusebius.
A And who art thou? B. Hippocrates of Cos. A And why did he paint thee? B In return for his discourses the city gave him the privilege of making my picture.
A. And why did he not point his own portrait? B. Because, by honouring me instead of himself, he gains greater glory



t at no fault could be found in the workmanahip.

#### 268.-A4HAON

'Η ε τε την φωνήν, 'Ιππόκρατες, εγραφε Παιάν, ή ε σύ της κείνου μάρτυς ἀκεστορίης.

#### 269.—AAAO

Ούτος ακεστορίης κρυφίας ἄιξε κελευθους, Παιήων μερόπων, Κώιος Ίπποκράτης.

## 370.--MAUNOT IATPOT

Eis εἰκόνα Γαληνοῦ

'Ην χρόνος, ήνίκα γαΐα βροτούς διὰ σεῖο, Γαληνέ, δέχνυτο μὲν θνητούς, ἔτρεφε δ΄ ἀθανάτους, χήρευεν δὲ μέλαθρα πολυκλαύτου 'Αχέροντος σἢ παιηονίη χειρί βιαζόμενα.

#### 271 —AAEXHOTON

Els Σώσανδρον Ιππίατρον

'Ιητηρ μερόπων, 'Ιππόκρατες, άλλὰ καὶ ἵππων, Σώσανδρε, κρυφίης ἴστορ ἀκεστορίης, ἡ τέχνην μεταμείψατ', ἡ οῦνομα μηδὲ καλείσθω ἄτερος ἐκ τέχνης, ἡς ἔτερος κρατέευ.

268.--Анонумова

In Praise of the Same

EITHER Apollo wrote thy words, Hippocrates, or thou art the witness of his healing power.

269.--Амонумова

On the Same

This is he who opened the secret paths of medicine, the divine healer of men, Hippocrates of Cos.

#### 270.-MAGNUS THE PHYSICIAN

On a Portrait of Galen

There was a time, Galen, when, owing to thee, Earth received men mortal and reared them in immortality. The halls of tearful Acheron were bereaved by the force of thy healing hand.

#### **271.**—-Анонумова

On Sosander, the Vetermary Surgeon

Ther wast the healer of men, Hippocrates, but thou of horses too, Sosander, learned in the secrets of medicine. Either exchange your professions or your names. The one should not be named from the art of which the other was the master.

Seander means "saviour of men, H proceates "ruler of horses,"

## 272.—ΛΕΟΝΤΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Βίε εἰκόνα Ἰαμβλίχου ἰατροῦ

'Ο γλυκὺς ἐν πάντεσσιν Ἰάμβλιχος, δς ποτὶ γῆρας ἤλυθεν ἀγνὸς ἐὰν Κυπριδίων ὀάρων. ἔργα δ' ἀκεστορίης ἐφέπων, σοφίην τε διδάσκων, κέρδεσιν οὐδ' ὀσίοις χειρας ὑπεστόρεσεν.

## 273.—KPINALOPOT

Είς είκονα Πραξαγορου Ιατροῦ

Αὐτός σοι Φοίβοιο πάῖς λαθικηδέα τέχνης ἱδμοσύνην, πανακη χεῖρα λιπηνάμενος, Πρηξαγόρη, στέρνοις ἐνεμάξατο. τουγὰρ ἀνῖαι ὅρνυνται δολιχῶν ὁππόσαι ἐκ πυρετῶν, καὶ οπόσα τμηθέντος ἐπὶ χροος ἄρκια θεῖναι φάρμακα, πρηείης οἶσθα παρ' Ἡπιόνης. θνητοῖσιν δ' εἰ τοῖοι ἐπήρκεον ἰητῆρες, οὐκ ἃν ἐπορθμεύθη νεκροβαρὴς ἄκατος.

#### 274.—AAHAON

Ελε Όρειβασιον Ιατράν

'Ιητήρ μέγας οὖτος 'Ιουλιανοῦ βασιλήος, ἄξιος εὐσεβίης δῖος 'Ορειβάσιος. εἰχε γὰρ οἶα μέλισσα σοφὸν νόον, ἄλλοθεν ἄλλα ἐητρῶν προτέρων ἄνθεα δρεψάμενος.

## 272.—LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Picture of the Physician Iamblichus

This is lamblichus, sweetest among men, who reached old age without knowing the converse of Aphrodite, but practising medicine and teaching his skill to others, he did not hold out his hand to receive even righteous gain.

#### 273 — CRINAGORAS

On a Picture of the Physician Praxagoras

The son of Phoebus 1 himself, anothting his hand with judee of the all healing herb, rubbed into thy breast, Praxagoros, the pain-stilling science of medicine. Therefore thou knowest from gentle Hepione herself all woes that spring from long fevers, and what drugs it is fitting to lay on flesh cut by the knife. Had mortals had sufficient of such healers, the boat heavy with the dead would never have crossed the ferry

#### 274.—Anonymous

# On Oribassus the Physician

This is the great physician of the Emperor Juhan, divine Orbasius, right worthy of this pious gift, for he had a wise mind like a bee, gathering from this place and that the flowers of former physicians.

1 Assoulapius; Hepione is his wife.

## 275.--ΠΟΣΕΙΔΙΠΠΟΤ

# Εις άγαλμα τοῦ Καιροῦ

 α. Τίς πόθεν ὁ πλάστης, β. Σικυώνιος, α. Οὔ νομα δὴ τίς;

β. Αύσιππος α. Συ δὲ τίς, β. Καιρὸς ὁ πανδαμάτωρ.

α. Τίπτε δ' ἐπ' ἄκρα βέβηκας, β. 'Αεὶ τροχώω.
 α. Τί δὲ ταρσούς

ποσοίν έχεις διφυείς: β. "Ιπταμ' ύπηνέμιος.

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 α. Χειρί δὲ δεξιτερή τί φέρεις ξυρόν, β. 'Ανδράσι δείγμα,

ώς άκμης πάσης δξύτερος τελέθω.

- α. Ἡ δὲ κόμη, τί κατ' ὄψιν; β Ἡπαντιάσαντι λαβέσθαι.
- α. Νη Δία, τὰξόπιθεν δ' εἰς τί φαλακρὰ πέλει;
   β. Τὸν γὰρ ἄπαξ πτηνοίσι παραθρέξαντά με ποσ αλν

ούτις έθ' Ιμείρων δράξεται έξόπιθεν.

 Τούνεχ' ὁ τεχνίτης σε διέπλασεν; β. Είνεκεν ὑμέων,

ξείνε και έν προθύρους θήκε διδασκαλίην.

# 278. -ΒΙΑΝΟΡΟΣ

"Εστησεν Περίανδρος `Αρίονος εἰκόνα ταύτην, καὶ τὸν ἀπολλυμένφ σύνδρομα νηξάμενον εἰνάλιον δελφίνα. λέγει δ' ἐπ' ᾿Αρίονι μῦθος: Κτεινόμεθ' ἀνθρώποις, ἰχθύσι σωζόμεθα.

#### 276.—POSIDIPPUS

On a Statue of Time by Lysippus

A Who and whence was the sculptor? B. From Sicyon. A And his name? B. Lysippus. A. And who art thou? B. Time! who subdueth all things. A. Why dost thou stand on tip-toe? B. I am ever running. A And why hast thou a pair of wings ou

toy feet? B I fly with the wind. A And why dost thou hold a razor in thy right hand? B As a sign to men that I am sharper than any sharp edge. A. And why does thy hair hang over thy face? B For him who meets me to take me by the forelock. A And



why, in Heaven's name, is the tack of thy head hald? B Hecause none whom I have once raced by on my winged feet will now, though he wishes it sore, take hold of me from behind. A. Why did the artist fashion thee? B. For your sake, stranger, and he set me up in the porch as a lesson.

#### 276.—BIANOR

# On a Statue of Arron

Periander set up here this statue of Arion and the dolphin of the sea that swum together with him when he was perishing. The story says of Arion, "We are killed by men and saved by fish."

<sup>1</sup> Time, that is, in his character of Opportunity, not of Length of Years.

# 277 - ΠΑΥΛΟΎ ΣΙΛΈΝΥΙΑΡΙΟΥ

Είς είκονα κιθαριστρίδος έν Βυζαντίφ

Σου μὰν κάλλος ἔδειξε μόλις γραφίς· αἴθε δὲ τεύχειν ἔσθενε καὶ λυγυρῶν ἡδὺ μέλος στομάτων, ὡς κεν ἐπ' ὀφθαλμοῖσι καὶ οὔασιν, ἔκ τε προσώπου, ἔκ τε λυροκτυπίης, ἶσον ἐθελγόμεθα.

## 278,-TOY AYTOY

Ele εἰκόνα Μαρίας τῆς κιθαρφδοῦ

Πλήκτρου έχει φόρμιγγος, έχει καὶ πλήκτρου έρωτος· κρούει δ' ἀμφοτέροις καὶ φρένα καὶ κιθάρην.

τλήμονες, οίς άγναμπτον έχει νουν φ δ' έπινευσει, άλλος δδ' 'Αγχίσης, άλλος "Αδωνις δδε.

ei δ εθέλεις, & ξείνε, και αμφιβόητον ακούσαι ούνομα και πάτρην· εκ Φαρίης Μαρίη.

#### 279.--ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Είς τον εν Μεγάροις κιθαριστήν λίθον

Τόν με λίθου μέμνησο τὸν ἡχήευτα, παρέρπων Νισαίην ότε γὰρ τύρσω ἐτειχοδόμει 'Αλκάθους, τότε Φοίβος ἐπωμαδὸν ἡρε δομαΐον

λάα, Λυκωρείην ἐνθέμενος κιθάρην.

ζεθεν έγω λυρασιδός: ὑποκρούσας δέ με λεπτή χερμάδι, τοῦ κόμπου μαρτυρίην κόμισαι. ā

# 277 —PAULUS SILENTIARIUS

On a Picture of a Female Lyrust in Constantinople

The painting does not justly show thy beauty, and would it had had the power to portray the sweet tones of thy melodious mouth, so that our eyes and cars might have been equally entranced by thy face and thy lyre-playing.

## 278 -- By THE SAME

On the Picture of Maria the Singer and Lyrist

See has the plectrum of the lyre, she has also the plectrum of love, and she beats with one the heart, with the other the lyre. Patable are they to whom her mind does not unbend, but he whom she favours is a second Anchises, a second Adonis. And if, O stranger, it is thy wish to hear her celebrated name and her country, she is Mana of Alexandria.

#### 279.—Anonymous

On the Lyre-playing Stone at Megara

As thou passest by Nisaea remember me, the musical stone, for when Alcathous was building his towered wall, then Phoebus lifted on his shoulder the building stone, laying down his Deiphian lyre in me.2 Hence I am a lyrist, strike me with a small pebble and get evidence of what I boast.

Both beloved by Venus.

<sup>\*</sup> This implies that the stone was in some way hollow, According to Pausanias (I. zlii.), Apollo, when helping Alcathous to build the wall, laid down his lyrs on the stone. See, too, Ovid, Met. viti. 14.

#### 280.--AAHAON

Είς λυυτρόν

Χρήμασι τοις 'Αγαθωνος εδείματο τήδε λοετρών δήμος ο τής Τεγέης, θαύμα και έσσομένους

#### 281.~AAHAON

Bls λουτρόν έν Πραινίτφ

Ού βαλανείου έην προπάροιθε το υῦν βαλανείου, ἀλλὰ τόπος σκυβάλων, χώρος ἀποκρισιος ενῦν δὲ τὰ τερπνὰ τὰ πᾶσι βοωμενα καὶ χαρίεντα ἀγλαίη προφέρει. και γὰρ 'Αλέξανδρος Νικαέων ἰερεύς, σοφίης ἐρικυδέος ἀστήρ, τεῦξέ μιν οἰκείοις χρήμασι καὶ δαπάναις.

# 282.—ΠΑΛΛΑΔΛ

Νίκαι πάρεσμεν, αὶ γελῶσαι παρθένοι, νίκας φέρουσαι τῆ φιλοχρήστω <sup>1</sup> πολει, ἔγραψαν ἡμᾶς οἱ φιλοῦντες την πόλιν, πρέποντα Νίκαις ἀντυποῦντες σχήματα.

# 283.—ABONTIOT EXOAASTIKOT

Els elκόνα δρχηστρίδος

Μουσάων δεκάτη, Χαρίτων 'Ροδόκλεια τετάρτη, 5

τερπωλή μεροπων, άστεος άγλαίη. όμμα δέ οι καλ ταρσά ποδήνεμα, καλ σοφά χειρών

δάκτυλα και Μουσών κρέσσονα και Χαρίτων.

1 pilozefero MSS.



## 280.-Anonymous

On a Back

With the money of Agathon did the people of Teges build the bath here, a marvel to future generations too.

#### 281.—Аконумова

On a Bath at Praenctus in Bithyma

What is now a bath was formerly no bath, but a rubbish ground, a place of excretion, but now it excels in splendour those denghtful and lovely baths of which all men sing the praises. For Alexander, the bishop of Nicaea, the star of illustrious learning, built it at his own expense.

#### 282.—PALLADAS

Hans we are, the Victories, the laughing mindens, bringing victories to the city that loveth righteousness. Those to whom the city is dear painted us, fashioning us in such forms as are proper to Victories.



# 283.—LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Painting of a Dancing Girl

REODOCIES is the tenth Muse and fourth Grace, the delight of men, the glory of the city. Her eyes and her feet are swift as the wind, and her skilled fingers are better than both Muses and Graces.

#### 284 -TOY AYTOY

Ele είκόνα έτέρας δρχηστρίδος έν τῷ Σωσθενίφ

Εἰμὶ μὲν Ἑλλαδίη Βυζαντιάς, ἐνθάδε δ' ἔστην ἢχι χοροστασίην εἴαρι δήμος ἄγει, ὁππόθι πορθμῷ γαῖα μερίζεται· ἀμφότεραι γὰρ ἄντυγες ἀρχηθμοὺς ἤνεσαν ήμετέρους.

#### 285.—TOY AYTOY

Ele εlκόνα κιθαριστρίας διάχρυσον

Οὕ τις ἐπ' 'Ανθούση χρυσὸν βάλεν, ἀλλὰ καὶ αὐτῆ άμφεχύθη Κρονίδης, ὡς τὸ πάρος Δανάη: σώματι δ' οὐκ ἐπέλασσεν, ἐπεὶ νόον ἔλλαβεν αἰδώς, μή τινι Μουσάων μισγεται οὐκ ἐθέλων.

## 286.-TOY AYTOY

Θήλυς ἐν ὀρχηθμοῖς κρατέει φύσις· εξέατε κοῦροι· Μοῦσα καὶ Ἑλλαδίη τοῦτον ἔθεντο νόμον· ἡ μέν, ὅτι πρώτη κινήσιος εὕρετο ῥυθμούς. ἡ δ', ὅτι τῆς τέχνης ἤλθεν ἐς ἀκρότατον.

#### 287,-TOY AYTOY

"Εκτορα μέν τις ἄεισε, νέον μέλος 'Ελλαδίη δέ, ἐσσαμένη χλαίναν, πρὸς μέλος ἡντίασεν. ἢν δὲ πόθος καὶ δείμα παρ' ὁρχηθμοίσιν 'Ενυούς' ἄρσενι γὰρ ῥώμη θήλινν ἔμιξε χάριν.

## 284 .- BY THE SAME

On another Picture of a Dancing Girl in the Susthemon

I Aw Helladia of Byzantium, and here I stand where the people in spring celebrate the dance, here where the land is divided by the strait; for both continents praised my dancing.

#### 285.-By THE SAME

On the Gilded Picture of a Female Lyrist

No one put gold on Anthusa, but the son of Cronos poured himself on her, as once on Danae. But he did not come near her body, for his mind was seized with shame, lest against his will be should consort with one of the Muses.

# 286.—By THE SAME

#### On the Dancer Helladia

The feminine nature excels in denoing give way, ye young men. The Muse and Helladia laid down this law, the one because she first invented the rhythm of movement, the other because she reached perfection in the art.

# 287.—By так Saur

## On the Same

Someone sung the lay of Hector, a new tune, and Helladia, donning a chlamys, accompanied the melody In the dancing of this goddess of war there was both desire and terror, for with virile strength she mingled feminine grace.

## 288.-TOY AYTOY

Ele είκονα Λεβανιας δρχηστρίδος

Οδυομ' έχεις λιβάνου, Χαρίτων δέμας, ήθεα Πειθούς, παρθένε, και Παφίης κεστον ύπλκ λαγόνων. αὐτὰρ ἐν ὀρχηθμοϊσιν, "Ερως ἄτε κοῦφος," ἀθύρεις, κάλλει και τέχνη πάντας ἐφελκομένη.

#### 289.—AAHAON

Els Εανοφώντος Σμυρναίου είκύνα

Λύτον όρξιν `Ιόβακχον εδόξαμεν, ήνίκα Ληναίς
ό πρέσβυς νεαρής ήρχε χοροιμανίης,
καὶ Κάδμου τὰ πάρηβα χορεύματα, καὶ τὸν ἀφ' ὕλης
ἄγγελον εὐίακῶν ἰχνελάτην θιάσων,
καὶ τὴν εὐάζουσαν ἐν αίματι παιδὸς 'Αγαύην
λυσσάδα. φεῦ θείης ἀνδρὸς ὑποκρισίης.

# 290,-ANTHIATPOT

Els στηλην Πυλάδου δρχηστοῦ

Αύτον βακχευτήν ένέδυ θεόν, ήνίκα Βάκχας ἐκ Θηβών Ἰταλήν ήγαγε πρὸς θυμέλην, Δυθρώποις Πυλάδης τερπνον δέος, οἶα χορεύων δαίμονος ἀκρήτου πάσαν ἔπλησε πόλιν.

· There is a variant souper, " young."

<sup>1</sup> s. Xenophon in the part of Tirestas. The argument of the ballst in which he danced was taken from the Bacchuse

# 288.-By THE SAME

On a Pecture of the Dancer Libania

Manner, thou hast thy name from frankincense, thy body is the Graces', thy spirit is Peitho's, the cestus of Aphrodite flows from thy waist, but in the dance thou dost frolic like light Eros, attracting all by thy beauty and art.





## 289,-Anonymous

On the Dancer Xenophon of Smyrna

We thought we were looking on Bacchus himself when the old man' lustily led the Macnads in their furious dance, and played Cadmus tripping it in the fall of his years, and the messenger coming from the forest where he had spied on the rout of the Bacchants, and frenmed Agave exulting in the blood of her son. Heavens! how divine was the man's acting!

# 290. -ANTIPATER OF THESSALONICA

On the Dancer Pylades

Pylanes put on the divinity of the frenzied god himself, when from Thebes he led the Bacchants to the Italian stage, a delight and a terror to men, so full by his descring did he fill all the city with the untempered fury of the demon. Thebes knows but of Euripides. Kenophon had played the four different parts mentioned

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Θήβαι γιγνώσκουσι του έκ πυρός: οὐράμιος δὲ οὖτος, ὁ παμφώνοις χερσὶ λοχευόμενος.

## 291.--ANTTHΣ

Φριξοκόμα τόδε Πανὶ καὶ αὐλιάσιν θέτο Νύμφαις δῶρον ὑπὸ σκοπιᾶς Θεύδοτος οἰονόμος οὖνεχ' ὑπ' ἀζαλέοι θέρεος μέγα κεκμηῶτα παῦσαν, ὀρέξασαι χεροὶ μελιχρὸν ὕδωρ.

# 292.—ΑΔΗΛΟΝ Είς τὰς 'Ομηρικὰς δύο βίβλους





Τίε Μέλητος "Ομηρε, σύ γὰρ κλέος Έλλάδι παση καὶ Κολοφῶνι πάτρη θῆκας ἐς ἀίδιον, καὶ τασδ' ἀντιθέφ ψυχῆ γεννήσαο κούρας, δισσὰς ἐκ στηθέων τη γραψάμενος σελίδας ὑμυεῖ δ' ἡ μὲν νόστον "Οδυσσῆος πολύπλαγκτον, ἡ δὲ τὸν 'Ιλιακὸν Δαρδανιδῶν πόλεμον.

# 293.-AAAQ

Τίς ποθ' ὁ τὸν Τροίης πόλεμον σελιδεσσι χαράξας, η τίς ὁ τὴν δολιχὴν Λαρτιάδαο πλάνην; σὐκ δνομ' εὐρίσκω σαφές, οὐ πόλιν. ουράνιε Ζεῦ, μή ποτε σῶν ἐπέων δόξαν "Ομηρος ἔχες,

· Ps. Plutarch Vii. Hom. gives the variant ημιθεων (about the demigods) for έπ στηθεων.

the god who was born of the fire; the heavenly one is this whom we see brought into the world by these hands that can utter everything.

#### 291.—ANYTE

To shock-headed Pan and the Nymphs of the sheepfold did the shepherd Theodotus set this his gift here under the hall, because, when he was sore tired by the parching summer heat, they refreshed him, holding out to him sweet water in their hands.

#### 292.—Амонумоца

## On the two Honeric Poems

Homer, son of Meles, thou hast won eternal glory for Hellas and thy fatherland Colophon, and these two daughters didst thou beget by thy divine soul, writing from thy heart the twain tablets. The one sings the many wanderings of Odysseus in his homecoming, and the other the Trojan war

# 293.—ANONYMOUS

## On Homer

Who wrote on his pages the Trojan war, and who the long wanderings of the son of Lacrtes? I cannot be certain about his name or his city. Heavenly Zeus, can it be that Homer gets the glory of thine own poems?

1 a.e. the real Bacchus was born from the fire, the stage Bacchus is created by the expressive gestures of the dancer's hands. In this kind of dancing, more importance was attached to the movements of the hands than to those of the foet.

#### 394.--AAAO

Ποίας ἀστὸν "Ομηρον ἀναγραψώμεθα πάτρης, κεῖνον, ἐφ΄ ὁν πὰσαι χεῖρ' ὁρέγουσι πόλεις, ἡ τὸ μέν ἐστιν ἄγνωστον, ὁ δ' ἀθανάτοις ἴσος ἥρως ταὶς Μούσαις ἔλιπεν πατρίδα καὶ γενεήν;

## 295,-AAAO

Ούχὶ πέδου Σμύρνης έλοχεύσατο θεῖον "Ομηρον, οὐ Κολοφῶν τρυφερῆς ἄστρον Ίπονίης, οὐ Χίος, οὐκ Αἴγυπτος ἐὖσπορος, οὐ Κύπρος άγυἡ, οὐ υῆσος κραναὴ Λαρτιάδαο πάτρη, οὐκ "Αργος Δαναοῖο, κυκλωπείη τε Μυκήνη, ε οὐδὲ τὸ Κεκροπιδῶν ἄστυ παλαιογόνων οὐ γὰρ ἔφυ χθουὸς ἔργον ἀπ' αἰθέρος ἀλλά ἐ Μοῦσαι πέμψαν, ἵν' ἡμερίοις δῶρα ποθητὰ φέρος.

## 296.—ANTIHATPOT

Οἱ μέν σευ Κολοφῶνα τιθηνήτειραν, "Ομηρε, οἱ δὲ καλὰν Σμύρναν, οἱ δ᾽ ἐνέπονσι Χίον, οἱ δ᾽ τον, οἱ δ᾽ ἐβόασαν ἐὐκλαρον Σαλαμῖνα, οἱ δέ νυ τῶν Λαπιθέων ματέρα Θεσσαλίην ἄλλοι δ᾽ ἄλλην μαῖαν ἀνίαχον. εἰ δέ με Φοίβου χρὴ λέξαι πινυτὰς ἀμφαδὰ μαντοσύνας, πάτρα σοι τελέθει μέγας οὐρανός, ἐκ δὲ τεκούσης οὐ θνατᾶς, ματρὸς δ᾽ ἔπλεο Καλλιόπας.

#### 294.-- Анонунова

#### On the Same

Or what country shall we record Homer to be a citizen, the man to whom all cities reach out their hands? Is it not the truth that this is unknown, but the hero, like an immortal, left as a heritage to the Muses the secret of his country and race?

#### 295.—Anony mous

#### On the Same

It was not the plan of Smyrna that gave birth to divine Homer; no, nor Colophon, the star of delicate Ionia, not Chios, nor fruitful Egypt, nor holy Cyprus, nor the rocky island that was the home of the son of Lacrtes, nor Argos, the land of Danaus, and Cyclopsbuilt Mycerae, nor the city of the ancient sons of Cecrops. No, he was not Earth's work, but the Muses sent him from the sky to bring desirable gifts to the creatures of a day

#### 296.—ANTIPATER OF SIDON

#### On the Same

Some say, Homer, that thy nurse was Colophon, some lovely Smyrna, some Chros, some Ios, while some proclaim fortunate Salamis, and some Thessaly, mother of the Lapiths, some this place, some that, to be the land that brought thee to the birth. But if I may after openly the wise prophecies of Phoebus, great Heaven is thy country, and thy mother was no mortal woman, but Calhope

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#### 297.—AAHAON

Έπτὰ ἐριδμαίνουσι πόλεις διὰ ῥίζαν 'Ομήρου, Κύμη, Σμύρνα, Χίος, Κολοφών, Πύλος, "Αργος, 'Αθήναι.

#### 298.-AAAO

Έπτὰ πόλεις μάρυαντο σοφήν διὰ ρίζαν 'Ομήρου, Σμύρνα, Χίος, Κολοφων, Ίθάκη, Πύλος, 'Αργος, 'Αθήναι.

#### 299 .- AAAO

α. Χίος ἔφυς, β. Οὕ φημι. α. Τί δαί, Σμυρυαίος,
 β. ᾿Απαυδῶ.

α. Κύμη δ' ή Κολοφων πατρίς, "Ομηρε, σέθεν;
 β. Οὐδετέρη. α. Σαλαμὶς δὲ τεὴ πόλις, β. Οὐδ' ἀπὸ ταύτης

έξέφου. α 'Αλλ' αὐτὸς λέξου ὅπη γέγουας. β. Οὐκ ἐρέω. α Τίνος ῆρα; β Πέπεισμ' ὅτι τὰπρεκὲς εἰπὰν

5

έξω τὰς ἄλλας ἄμμιν ὑπεχθομένας.

#### 300.-AAAO

Εἰς αἰῶνας, "Ομηρε, καὶ ἐξ αἰῶνος ἀείδη, 
οὐρανίης Μούσης δόξαν ἀειράμενος. 
μῆνιν μὲν γὰρ ἄεισας 'Αχιλλέος, αὐτὰρ `Αχαιων 
στρομβηδὸν νηῶι σύγχυσιν ἐν πελαγει, 
τειρόμενον τε πλανησιν 'Οδυσσέα ποικιλόβοιλον, 
τοῦ λέχος ἀσπασίως εἴσιδε Πηνελοπη.

#### 297.—Anonymous

On the Same

SEVEN cities claim to be the root of Homer. Cyme, Smyrna, Chios, Colophon, Pylos, Argos, Athens.

#### 298.-Анонумова

On the Same

SEVEN cities strive for the learned root of Homer Smyrns, Chios, Colophon, Ithaca, Pylos, Argos, Athens.

#### 299 -ANONYMOUS

On the Same

A Wast thou a Cham? B. I say No. A What then, a Smyrman? B. I deny A. A Was either Cyme or Colophon thy native place, Homer? B. Neither A Was Salamis thy city? B. No, I do not spring from her either A But tell me thyself where thou wast born. B. I will not A Wherefore? B. I know for sure that if I tell the truth, I shall make the other cities my chames.

#### 300.—Anonymous

On the Same

Thou art besung, Homer, for all ages and from all ages for having won thee the glory of the neavenly Muse. For then didst sing the wrath of Achilles and the confusion of the Greek ships whirled hither and thither on the sea,' and Odysseus, the subtlemended, worn out by his wanderings, the husband that Penelope rejoiced to see again.

He attributes to Homer the epic called Noston

#### 301.--AAAO

Ελ θεός έστιν "Ομηρος, εν άθανάτοισι σεβέσθω· ελ δ' αι μή θεός έστι, νομιζέσθω θεός είναι.

#### 302.--AAAO

Εδρε Φύσις, μόλις εδρε' τεκούσα δ' έπαύσατο μόχθων, είς ένα μοϋνον "Ομηρον όλην τρέψασα μενοινήν.

#### 303.---AAAO

Τίς ποθ' Όμηρείης μεγάλης όπός έστιν ἀπευθης, τίς χθών, τίς δὲ θάλασσα μάχην οὐκ οἶδεν 'Αχαιῶν, δῆμος ὁ Κιμμερίων, πανδερκέος ἄμμορος αἴγλης 'Ηελίου, Τροίης ὄνομ' ἔκλυεν, ἔκλυεν "Ατλας σὐρανὸν εὐρύστερνον ἔχων ἐπικείμενον ὥμοις

ð

#### 304.-AAAO

Διεξιών, "Ομηρε, τὴν κεκαυμένην, φθονεῖν ἀφῆκας τὰς ἀπορθήτους πόλεις.

## 305 - ANTIHATPOT

**Είς εἰκόνα Πινδάρου** 

Νεβρείων οπόσου σάλπυγξ ύπερίαχευ αὐλῶυ, τόσσου ύπὲρ πάσας ἔκραγε σεῖο χέλυς: 340

## 301.-Anonymous

On the Same

IF Homer be a god, let him be honoured as one of the gods; but if again he he not a god, let him be believed to be a god.

## 302.-Anonymous

On the Same

Nature produced him; she produced him by a mighty effort, and after bearing him she ceased from her labour, having spent all her care on Homer slove.

## 303.---Анонукова

On the Same

Who has not heard of the mighty voice of Homer? What land, what sea, does not know of the Grecian battle? The people of the Cimmerians, lacking the rays of the all-seeing Sun, has heard the name of Troy, Atlas has heard it, Atlas on whose shoulders broad-bosomed beaven rests.

#### 304.--ANUNYMOUS

On the Some

By teiling the burnt city's story, Homer, thou hast allowed unsacked cities to envy her fate.

# 305.—ANTIPATER OF SIDON

On a Portrait of Pindar

As much as the trampet out-peals the fawn-bone flute, so much does thy lyre out-ring all others. It

ούδε μάτην ήπαλοίς περι χείλεσιν έσμος έκείνος επλασε κηρόδετον, Πίνδαρε, σείο μέλι. μάρτυς ὁ Μαιναλιος κερόεις θεύς, ὅμνον ἀείσας τῶν¹ σέο, καὶ νομιων λησάμενος δονάκων.

# 306.-- ΛΕΩΝΙΔΟΥ ΤΑΡΑΝΤΙΝΟΥ

# Είς Ανακρέοντα

Πρέσβυν 'Ανακρείοντα χύδαν σεσαλαγμένον οἴνφ θαεο δινωτοῦ στρεπτὸν ὕπερθε λίθου, ώς ὁ γέρων λιχνοισιν ἐπ' ὅμμασιν ὑγρὰ δεδορκὼς ἄχρι καὶ ἀστραγάλων ἔλκεται ἀμπεχόναν δισσῶν δ' ἀρβυλίδων τὰν μὲν μίαν, οῖα μεθυπλήξ, ὥλεσεν ἐν δ' ἐτέρα ρικνὸν ἄραρε ποδα. μέλπει δ' ἡὲ Βάθυλλον ἐφίμερον, ἡὲ Μεγιστέα, αἰωρῶν παλάμα τὰν δυσέρωτα χέλυν. ἀλλὰ πάτερ Διόνυσε, φύλασσέ μιν οὐ γὰρ ἔοικεν ἐκ Βάκχον πύπτειν Βακχιακὸν θέραπα.

## 307 - AEONIAOT

ΙĐ

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"1δ' ώς ὁ πρέσβυς ἐκ μέθας 'Ανακρέων ὑπεσκέλισται, καὶ τὸ λῶπος ἔλκεται ἐσάχρι γυίων τῶν δὲ βλαυτίων τὸ μὲν ὅμως φυλασσει, θάτερον δ' ἀπώλεσεν. μελίσδεται δὲ τὰν χέλυν διακρέκων ἤτοι Βάθυλλον, ἢ καλὸν Μεγιστέα. φύλασσε, Βάκχε, τὸν γέροντα, μὴ πέση.

· So Sonntag , + Av MSS.

was not idly, Pindar, that that swarm of bees fashioned the honeycomb about thy tender lips.<sup>1</sup> I call to witness the horned god of Arcady,<sup>2</sup> who chanted one of thy hymns and forgot his reed-pipe <sup>3</sup>

## 306.-LEONIDAS OF TARENTUM

On a Staine of Anacreon

Look at old Anacreon, loaded profusely with wine, in a distorted attitude on the rounded basis. See how the greybeard, with a swimming leer in his annorous eyes, trails the robe that descends to his ankles. As one stricken by wine he has lost one of his two shoes, but in the other ms wrink ed foot is fast. He is singing either of lovely Bathyllus or of Megisteus, holding uplifted in his hand his lovelorn lyre. But, father Dionysus, guard him, it is not meet that the servant of Bac

him, it is not meet that the servant of Bacchus fall by the hand of Bacchus.

# 307 —By the Same (?) On the Same

Look how old Anaereon stumbles from drunkenness and trails the mantle that falls down to his feet. In spite of an he keeps one of his slippers on, but has lost the other. Striking his lyre, he sings either of Bathyllus or beautiful Megisteus. Save the old man, Bacchus, from falling.

1 This is said to have happened to Pindar in his childhood.

\* Pan

Pindar is east to have actually heard Pan singing one of his hymos (Plut. Mor. 1103 vi.

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## 308.—ETPENOTE

Τὰν τοῖς μελιχροῖς Ἰμέροισι σύντροφον, Λυαῖ, ἸΑνακρείοντα Τήἰον κύκνον, ἔσφηλας ὑγρῆ νέκταρος μεληδόνι. λοξὸν γὰρ αὐτοῦ βλέμμα, καὶ περὶ σφυροῖς ριφθείσα λώπευς πέζα, καὶ μονοζυγὲς μέθην ἐλεγχει σάνδαλον· χέλυς δ' ὅμως τὸν εἰς Ἔρωτας ὕμνον ἀθροίζεται. ἀπτῶτα τήρει τον γεραιόν, Εὕῖε.

5

# 309.-AAEXHOTON

Τήτον ἀμφοτέρων με βλέπεις ἀκόρεστον ἐρώτων πρέσβυν, τσον κούροις, Ισον άδόντα κόραις. ὅμμα δέ μευ Βρομίφ βεβαρημένον, ἢδ' ἀπὸ κώμων τερπνὰ φιλαγρύπνων σήματα παννυχίδων.

## 310.--ΔΑΜΟΧΑΡΙΔΟΣ

## Els είκονα Σακφούς

Αύτή σοι πλάστειρα Φύσις παρέδωκε τυπώσαι την Μυτιληναίαν, ζωγράφε, Πιερίδα.

πηγάζει τὸ διαυγές ἐν ὅμμασι: τοῦτο δ' ἐναργῶς δηλοῖ φαντασίην ἔμπλεον εὐστοχίης.

αὐτομάτως δ' όμαλή τε καὶ οὐ περίεργα †κολῶσα σὰρξ ὑποδεικνυμένην τὴν ἀφέλειαν έχει.

άμμυγα δ' έξ ίλαροῖο καὶ ἐκ νοεροῖο προσώπου Μοῦσαν ἀπαγγέλλει Κύπριδι μιγυυμένην.

## 308.—EUGENES

On the Same

Baccaus, then hast betrayed by thy liquid nectar, his delight, Anacreon, the companion of the honeyed Loves, the swan of Teos. For his leering glance, and the edge of his mantle hanging about his ankles, and his single sandal, tell that he is drunk with wine, but yet his lyre plays continually the hymn to the Loves. Keep the old man from falling, O Bacchus.

## 309. -- Апонумова

#### On the Same

Thou seest me, the old man of Teos never sated by loves, singing alike to young men and to madens. But my eyes are heavy with wine, and I bear from my reveiling the pleasant signs of sleepless nightfestivals.

# 310.—DAMOCHARIS

On a Picture of Sappho

Natural herself, the creative artist, gave thee, painter, the Muse of Mythlene to portray. Her eyes overflow with brightness, and this clearly shows a fancy full of happy images. Her skin, naturally smooth and not too highly coloured (?), reveals her simplicity, and the mingled gaiety and gravity.

of her face aurounces the union in her of the Muse and Cypris

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#### 311.—AAHAON

Είς τὰ 'Οππιανού 'Αλιευνικά

'Οππιανός σελίδεσσιν άλίπλοα φύλα συνάψας βήκατο πάσι νέοις δψον ἀπειρέσιον.

#### 312.—AAHAON

Είς ελιόνα Γεωργίου

Καλλιόπη βασίλεια Γεωργιον είπεν ίδοθσα "Οθτος έμδο γενέτης γυήσιος, οδ Κρονιδής."

#### 3.3.--ΑΔΕΣΠΟΤΟΝ

Είκ Δυδριάντα Πτολεμαίου δήτορος εν 'Αντωχεία

- Εἰκών, τίς σ' ἀνέθηκε; β Λόγοι. α. Τίνος εξ;
   β. Πτολεμαίου.
  - α. Ποίου, β. Τοῦ Κρητός α. Τεῦ χάρω;
     β. ᾿Αντ᾽ ἀρετῆς.
- Τῆς ποδαπῆς, β. Πάσης α. Τῆς ἐς τίνας,
   β. Ἐς δικολέκτας.
  - καὶ ξύλου ἀρκεῖ, β. Ναί χρυσίον οὐ δέχεται.

# 314.—ΑΡΑΒΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Ελκόνα Λογγίνφ χρυσέην πόλις είχεν δπάσσαι, εὶ μὴ πότνα Δίκη χρυσόν ἀπεστρέφετο.

#### 311 -Anonymous

# On Oppsan's Halicutus

Offian, collecting in his pages the tribes that swim the sea, served to all young men a dish of fish infinite in variety

### 312 .- Anonymous

# On a Portrait of George 1

Queen Calhope, when she saw George, said, "This, not Zeus, is my real father"

#### 313. - Анонумора

On a Statue of the Rhetor Ptolemy at Antioch

A STATUE, who created thee? B. E. oquence.

A Whose art thou? B Ptolemy's. A Which?

B. The Cretan's. A Because of what? B. For ment. A. What kind of ment? B All kinds.

A To whom? B. To lawyers. A And does a wooden statue satisfy you? B. Yes, Ptolemy accepts no gold.

# 314.—ARABIUS SCHOLASTICUS

THE city could have afforded a golden statue for Longinus if august Justice did not loathe gold.

A Probably George of Pisidia (seventh century A. D.), author of mimerous poems.

## 315.—ΘΩΜΑ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

'Ρητορικής φιλέω τρεῖς ἀστέρας, οδυεκα μοῦνοι πάντων βητήρων εἰσὶν ἀρειότεροι· σεῖο πόνους φιλέω, Δημόσθενες· εἰμὶ δὲ λίην καὶ φιλαριστείδης καὶ φιλοθουκυδίδης.

# 316,--MIXAHAIOT PPAMMATIKOT

Είς είκονα Αγαθίου Σχολαστικοῦ

Ή πόλις 'Αγαβίαν τον βήτορα, του στιχαοιδόν, δίζυγος εθεπίης βυθμου άγασσαμένη, ώς μήτηρ έτέλεσσεν έφ' υίεϊ, καὶ πορε τήνδε εἰκόνα, καὶ στοργής μάρτυρα καὶ σοφίης Μεμνόνιου δὲ τοκήα, κασιγυητόν τε σὺν αὐτῷ ἔστησεν, γενεῆς σύμβολα σεμνοτάτης.

#### 317 —ΠΑΛΛΑΔΑ

Κωφον ἄναυδον όρων του Γέσσιον, εί λίθος έστί, Δήλιε, μαντεύου, τίς τίνος έστὶ λίθος.

#### 318.-- **ΑΔΗΛΟΝ**

Είς είκόνα βήτορος άφυοῦς

Τίς σε του οὐ λαλέουτα τύπφ ἡητῆρος ἔγραψε; συγᾶς, οὐ λαλέεις· οὐδευ ὁμοιότερου.

## 315.-THOMAS SCHOLASTICUS

I nove three stars of Rhetoric, because they alone are the best of all rhetoricians. I love thy works, Demosthenes, but I am also a great lover of both Aristides 1 and Thucydides.

## 316.—MICHAEL THE GRAMMARIAN

On a Portrast of Agathias Scholasticus

The city, with the regard of a mother to her son, figured here Agathias the rhetor and verse-writer, admining the harmony of his eloquence in both respects, giving him the portrait as a testimony of its love and his own literary skill, and with him it set up portraits of Memnorius, his father, and of his brother, representatives of a most venerable family

#### 317.—PALLADAS

LOOKING here on Gessius, dumb and speechless, if he he of stone, tell by thy sooth, Delian Apollo, which is the stone statue of which.

#### \$18.--ANONYMOUR

On the Portrial of a Dull Rheter

Who painted thee who speakest not in the character of a rhetor? Thou art silent, and dost not speak nothing more lifelike

,1 The rhetor whose works we possess.

310,-AAAO

ΕΙς εικόνα Μαρίνου βητορος

Είκονες ἀνθρώποισι φίλον γέρας άλλὰ Μαρίνφ δβρις, ἐλεγχομένης είδεος ἀπρεπίης.



# 320,---AAAO

Είς ἄγαλμα 'Αριστείδου βήτορος

Νείκος 'Αριστείδης 'Ιάδων κατέπαυσε πολήων, τὸ πρὶν 'Ομηρείης εἶχον ύπερ γενεῆς, φασὶν γὰρ πᾶσαι: "Σμύρνη τέκε θεῖον "Ομηρον, ἡ καὶ 'Αριστείδην ρήτορα γειναμένη."

## 321 -- AAHAON

Είκων Καλλίστου τοῦ ρήτορος· οἱ δὲ παρ' αὐτὴν ἐρχόμενοι, 'Ερμβ σπένδετε τῷ λογίφ.

#### 322.--AAHAON

Φύρμος με Φύρμου, πυρφόρος του πυρφόρου, δ παϊς ό βήτωρ του πατέρα του βήτορα.

## 319. Анонумоця

On a Portrast of the Rhelor Marsaus

PORTRAITS are an honour dear to men, but for Marinus a portrait is an insult, as it exhibits the uncomeliness of his form.

## 320. Anonymous

# On a Portrait of the Rhetor Aristides

Austross put an end to the ancient quarre, that the cities of Iouna had about Homer's parentage For they all say, "It was Smyrna who gave birth to divine Homer, even she who bore likewise the rhetor Aristides."

# 321 --- Anony mous

THE portrait is that of the rhetor Callistus, and pour a libetion, ye who pass by it, to Hermes, the god of Eloquence.

## 322.—Anony Mous

Phyrmus set up the portrait of Phyrmus, the firebearer the fire-bearer's, the son the father's, the rhetor the rhetor's.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is obscure.

## 323.-ΜΕΣΟΜΗΔΟΥΣ

Τὰν ὕελον ἐκόμιζε
κόψας ἐργάτας ἀνήρ
ἐς δὲ πῦρ ἔθηκε βῶλου,
ὡς σίδηρου εὐσθευῆ
ἀ δ΄ ὕελος, οἶα κηρός,
ἐξεχεῖτο, παμφάγοισι
φλοξῖν ἐκπυρουμένα:
θαῦμα δ΄ ἡν ίδεῖν βροτοῖς
ὁλκὸν ἐκ πυρὸς ῥέοντα,
καὶ τὸν ἐργάτην τρεμουτα,
μὴ πεσῶν διαρραγῆ.
ἐς δὲ διπτύχων ἀκμὰς
χηλέων ἔθηκε βῶλου.

10

#### $324 - A\Delta HAON$

Ή γραφὶς εἰργυρέη μὲν ὅτ' ἐκ πυρὸς ἢλθον ἐτύχθην, σαῖσε δὲ και χρυσέη γίνομαι ἐν παλάμαις. ἀδέ σοι, ὡ χαρίεσσα Λεόντιον, εὖ μὲν ᾿Αθήνη τέχνης, εὖ δ᾽ εἴδους ἄκρα δέδωκε Κύπρις

# 325.—IOTALANOT AITTHTIOT

Είς ἀνδριάντα Πυθαγόρου

Οὐ τὸν ἀναπτύσσοντα φύσιν πολύμητιν ἀριθμῶν ἤθελεν ὁ πλάστης Πυθαγόραν τελέσαι, ἀλλὰ τὸν ἐν σιγἢ πινυτόφροντ καὶ ταχα φωνὴν ἔνδον ἀποκρύπτει, καὶ τόδ ἔχων ὀπάσαι.

## 323.-MESOMEDES

On the Invention of Glass

THE WORKMAN having quarried it, brought the glass and put in the fire the mass hard as iron, and the glass, set after by the all-devouring flames, ran out melted like wax. And to men it was a marvel to see a trail flowing from the fire, and the workman trembling lest it should fall and break; and on the points of the double forceps he put the lump.

## 324. - Anonymous

I, the pencil, was silver when I came from the fire, but in thy hands I have become golden likewise. So, charning Leontion, hath Athena well gifted thee with supremacy in art, and Cypris with supremacy in beauty.

# 325.—JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

On a Status of Pythagoras

The sculptor wished to portray not that Pythagoras who explained the versatile nature of numbers, but Pythagoras in discreet silence. Perhaps he has hidden within the statue the voice that he could have rendered if he chose.



<sup>1 1.</sup> c. some form of silica.

326 --- AAHAON

Είν είκονα Πυθαγόρου

Αὐτὸν Πυθαγόραν ο ζωγράφος, δυ μετὰ φωνῆς είδες ἄν, εἴ γε λαλείν ήθελε Πυθαγόρας.

# 327. -IDANNOT TOT BAPBOKAAAOT



'Ως σοφὸς ὁ γραψας: ζωὰν οὐκ ἔμβαλε κηρῷ, Σωκράτεος ψυχῷ τουτο χαριζομενος

## 328.—AAHAON

Τὸν νοῦν διδάσκων αἰθερεμβατεῖν Πλάτων, τοὺς τῶν ὑπὲρ νοῦν ἐξερευγεται λόγους.

#### 326.—Анонумова

# On a Picture of the Same

The painter drew the very image of Pythagoras, and you would have seen him with his voice, too, had Pythagoras wished to speak.

## 327 JOANNES BARBOCALLUS

# On a Picture of Socrates

How wise was the painter' He did not put life into the wax, doing this favour to the soul of Socrates.<sup>1</sup>

#### 338, -ANONYMOUS



PLATO, teaching the mind to walk in the aether, utters words concerning things passing comprehension.

t 4.e. not imprisoning it in the body.

329.---AAHAON

Είς εξκόνα 'Αριστοτέλους



Ούτος Αριστοτέλης μετρών χθόνα καὶ πόλον ἄστρων.

## 330.-AAAO

Νοθς και 'Αριστοτέλους ψυχή, τύπος άμφοτέρων εξς.

# 331.-ΑΓΑΘΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

Είς είκονα Πλουτάρχου

Σείο πολυκλήευτα τύπου στήσαν, Χαιρωνεύ Πλούταρχε, κρατερών νίξες Αὐσονίωυ, ὅττι παραλλήλοισι βίοις Ελληνας ἀρίστους Ῥώμης εὐπολέμοις ἤρμοσας ἐνναέταις. ἀλλὰ τεοῦ βιότοιο παράλληλον βίου ἄλλον οὐδὲ σύ γ' ἀν γραψαις· οὐ γὰρ ὅμοιον ἔχεις.

329 --- Anonymous

On a Postrait of Aristotle

This is Aristotle measuring the earth and the starry heavens.

330.—Anonymous

On the Same

INTELLECT and the soul of Aristot e, the picture of both is the same.

# 331.—AGATHIAS SCHOLASTICUS

On a Picture of Phatarch



The valuant sons of Italy set up thy renowned form, Plutarch of Chaeronea, because in thy Parallel Lives thou didst couple the best of the Greeks with the warlike citizens of Rome. But not even thyself couldst write a life parallel to thine own, for thou hast no equal.

# 332 -- TOY AYTOY

Els είκονα Αίσωπαυ

Είνε ποιών, Λύσιππε γέρων, Σικυώνιε πλάστα, δείκελον Λίσωπου στήσαο τοῦ Σαμίου έπτὰ σοφῶν ἔμπροσθεν ἐπεὶ κείνοι μὲν ἀνάγκην ἔμβαλον, οὐ πειθώ, φθέγμασι τοῖς σφετέροις, δς δε σοφοῖς μύθοις καὶ πλάσμασι καίρια λέξας, παίζων ἐν σπουδὰ, πείθει ἐχεφρονέειν. φευκτον δ᾽ ἡ τρηχεῖα παραίνεσις ἡ Σαμίου δὲ τὸ γλυκὰ τοῦ μύθου καλὸν ἔχει δελεαρ.

# 333.--ANTIMIAOT BYZANTIOT



Ή πήρη και χλαίνα και ύδατι πιληθείσα ξερμάζα, και ή πρό ποδών ράβδος έρειδομένη, και δέπας έκ κεράμοιο, σοφῷ κυνὶ μέτρα βίοιο ἄρκια: κήν τούτοις ήν τι περισσότερον κοίλαις γὰρ πόμα χερσιν ίδων ἀρύοντα βοώτην, εἶπε: "Τί και σὲ μάτην, ὅστρακον, ἡχθοφόρουν;" Αυκοπια, Ερισταπ 68.

332 .- By THE SAME

On a Statue of Aesop

Thou didst well, old Lysppus, sculptor of Steyon, in placing the portrait of Saman Aeson in front of the Seven Sages, since they for their part put force, and not persuasion, into their saws, but he, saying the right thing in his wise fables and aiventions, playing in serious earnest, persuades men to be sensible. Rough expostriation

is to be avoided, but the sweetness of the Sumar's fables makes a pretty bart

# 333.—ANTIPHILUS OF BYZANTIUM

# On Diogenes

THE wallet and cloak and the barley-dough thickened with water, the staff planted before his feet, and the earthenware cup, are estimated by the wise Dog as sufficient for the needs of life, and even in these there was something superfluous, for, seeing the countryman drinking from the nonlow of his hand, he said, "Why, thou earthen cup, did I burden myself with thee to no purpose?"

## 334 -- TOY AYTOY

Γηράσκει καὶ χαλκος ὑπὸ χρόνου· ἀλλὰ σὸν οὕτι κύδος ὁ πᾶς αἰων, Διόγενες, καθελεί· μοῦνος ἐπεὶ βιοτᾶς αὐτάρκεα δόξαν ἔδειξας θνητοῖς, καὶ ζωής οἶμον ἐλαφροτατην.

Ελς τὰς ἐν τῷ Ἱπποδρόμφ Κωνσταντινουπύλεως στήλας τῶν ἀθλητῶν ἐπιγράμματα.



# 335.---Είς Πορφύριον

Πορφύριον Κάλχαντος "Αναξ και δημος έγειρει, πολλοίς εύκαμάτοις βριθόμενον στεφάνοις, πασι μεθ' ήνιόχοισι νεώτατον, δσσον άριστον, άλλα τόσον νίκης κάρτος ένεγκάμενον έπρεπε μην χρυσέφ έν αγάλματι, μη δ' ένὶ χαλκφ τοῦτον τοῖς άλλοις εἴκελον έστάμεναι.

# 336.-AAAO

Τέπραχα μέν το πάροιθε διακριδον ΐαχε δήμος, τον Καλχαντιάδην Πορφύριον ποθέων αὐτὰρ δ δεξιτεροίσιν ἀνακτορεοιο θοώκου ήνία καὶ ζώνην Ιππότιν ἀνθέμενος, 360

## 334 .- BY THE SAME

#### On the Some

Evan brass is aged by thre, but not all the ages, Diogenes, shall destroy thy fame, since thou alone didst show to mortals the rule of self-sufficiency and the easiest path of life.

## FROM BOOK V

EPIGRAMS ON THE STATUSS OF ATRICTES IN THE HIPPODROME AT CONSTANTINOPLE 1

# 335.—On Porphyreus

THE Emperor and the faction erected the statue of Porphyrius, son of Calchas, loaded with many crowns won by skilled toil, the youngest of all the drivers as well as the best, and winner of as many victories as any. This man's statue should have been of gold, not of bronze like the others.

## 336.-On the Same

Four times before did the people shout distinctly, desiring Porphyrius, the son of Calchas, \* but he, taking up the rems and his driving belt at the right of the Emperor's seat, drives, starting from there, arging on his team, and in the middle of his racing

A certain number of these found their way into the Palatine MS. (Book XV).

This apparently means that the people had clamoured for him during previous races in which he took no part.
 Here stood the porch of the Blues, for which faction

Porphyraus drove.

κείθεν έπισπέρχων ελώα μεσσηγό δ΄ άέθλων χαλκεος ίδρυνθη, πρώτον ἴουλον έχων. εί δ΄ έτέων γέρας ήλθε θοωτερον, άλλ' έπὶ νίκαις δψιμου, άλλὰ μόλις, πολλά μετὰ στέφεα.

## 337.--AAAO

Αγχίσην Κυθέρεια, καὶ Ἐνδυμίωνα Σελήνη φίλατο: καὶ Νίκη νῦν τάχα Πορφύριον, δη καὶ ἐσυς Ιππους καὶ όμοφρονος ἡνιοχήσε εξ ἐτέρων ἐτέρους αἰἐν ἀμειβόμενος, πολλάκι κράτα πυκασσε παυημερίοισιν ἀέθλοις, οὐ μογέων, ἐτάρου μοῦνον ἐφεσπομένου.

# 338.—AAAO

Τοῦτό σοι ἡιθέφ Νίκη γέρας, δ χρόνος ἄλλοις όψε μόλις πολιοίς όπασε, Πορφύριε.
καὶ γὰρ ἀριθμησασα πολυστεφέας στο μόχθους εύρετο γηραλέων κρεσσονας ἡνιόχων τί πλέον, ὅττι και αὐτὸς ἐπευφήμησεν ἀῦσας σὸν κλεος ἀυτιπάλων δήμος ἀγασσάμενος, ὅλβίη ἡ Βενέτων πανελεύθερος ἐστι γενέθλη, ἢ σε μέγας Βασιλευς δώρον ἔνευσεν ἔχειν

# 339.--AAAO

\*Αλκιμοι άλκήεντα, σοφοί σοφόν, υίξα Νίκης οι Νίκης παίδες Πορφύριον Βένετοι ἄνθεσαν· άμφοτέραις γὰρ άμειβομένοις ἐπὶ πώλοις κυδιάει νίκαις, οἰς πόρεν, οἰς ἔλαβεν.

It was the practice for a victorious charioteer to change his team with another of his own faction and to race him. This was called a "diversion."

career his bronze statue was erected with the first down on his cheeks. If this honour came to him quicker than years, yet it came late after victories won by much labour, after many crowns.

#### 337 -On the Stone

CYPREREA was in love with Anchises and Sclene with Endymion, and now it seems that Victory is in love with Porphyrus, who, ever changing his own team for that of another driver of his faction, was often crowned in the races that lasted all day without labour on his part, his companion on y following him.

## 338 .- On the Same

Victoria gave to thee, Porphyrius, while still young, this honour which time has given to others late in life and grudgingly, for, having counted the performances that won thee many crowns, she found them superior to those of old drivers. Why! did not the rival faction, in admiration of thy glory, applied thee loudly? Blessed is the most free people of the Blues, to whom our great Emperor granted thee as a gift.<sup>2</sup>

#### 339 .- On the Same

The valuant to the valuant; the wise to the wise; the sons of victory, the Blues, to the son of victory, Porphyrius, erected this statue, for he glaries in the two victories he gained by the interchanged teams, the team he gave and the team he received.<sup>3</sup>

See note to No. 337,

<sup>\*</sup> It appears from this that the Emperor sometimes apportioned the drivers between the factions.

## 346 .-- AAAO

Αλλοις παυσαμένοισιν, ἀεθλεύοντι δὲ μούνφ Πορφυρίφ Βασιλεύς τοῦτο δεδωκε γέρας. πολλάκι νικήσας γαρ ἐοὺς πόρεν ἀκέας ἔππους, λάζετο δὶ ἀντιπάλων, καὶ πάλιν ἐστέφετο. ἔνθεν ἔην Πρασίνοις ἔρις ἄσπετος, ἔνθεν ἀὐτή, δς Βενέτους τέρψει, Κοίρανε, καὶ Πρασίνους.

## 341,-AAAO

Αί πάντων ψήφοί με καὶ εἰσέτι διφρεύοντα ἔστησαν Νίκης ἐγγύθι Πορφύριον. δήμος μὲν γὰρ ἐμὸς γέρας ἤτεεν· οἱ δ' ἔτεροί με δίζοντ' αὐτις ἔχειν, νείκος ἀπειπάμενοι. μήτι δ' ἡνιόχων περιγύγνομαι, οἰσι καὶ ἴππους κρείσσονας ἀντιπορών, δείξα χερειστέρους

# 342.—AAAO

Αὐτὸν Πορφύριον μὲν ἀπηκριβώσατο χαλκῷ ὁ πλάστης, ἔμπνουν οἰα τυπωσάμενος, τίς δὲ χάριν, τις ἄεθλα, τίς ἔνθεα δήνεα τέχνης τεύξει, καὶ νίκην οῦποτ' ἀμειβομένην;

# 343.—AAAQ

Βλκόνι χαλκείη του χάλκεου ήνιοχήα ἄνθετο υικητήν κοίραυος Αὐσονίων, ὡς σοφόν, ὡς Βενέτοις πεφιλημένου· ἀλλ' ἐπὶ νίκαις Πορφυρίου πολλὰς εἰκόνας ὀψόμεθα.

## 340 .- On the Same

To others when they have retired, but to Porphyrus alone while still racing, did the Emperor give this honour. For often he drove his own horses to victory and then took in hand the team of his adversary, and was again crowned. Hence arose a keen rivalry on the part of the Greens, hence a shout of appliance for lim, O King, who will give joy both to Blues and to Greens.

## 341 .- On the Same

THE votes of all erected near to Victory the statue of me, Porphymus, while still driving. For my own faction demanded the honour, and the opposite one desired to have me again, renouncing their hostility. I got the best of the other drivers by my eleverness, giving them in exchange for their own better homes, and then showing them to be my inferiors.

#### 342 .-- On the Same

The sculptor exactly portrayed in bronze Porphyrius himself, fashioning him as if alive. But who shall mould his grace, his races, the inspired tricks of his craft, and victory that never varied?

#### 343 .- On the Same

In a brazen image the Lord of the Latins set up the victorious driver, strong himself as brass, as being skilled and dear to the Blues, but we shall see many statues yet of Porphyrius creeted because of his victories.

## 344.—AAAO

- Τίς τελέθεις, φίλε κοῦρε, γενειάδος ἄκρα χαρύσσων,
  - β. 'Ω ξένε, Πορφύριος. α. Τίς πατρίς, β. 'Η Λιβύη.
- Τίς δέ σε νῦν τίμησεν; β. "Αναξ, χάριν ὶπποσυνάων.
- α. Υίς μάρτυς τελέθει; β. Δήμος ὁ τῶν Βενέτων.
   α. Επρεπέ σοι Λύσιππον ἔχειν ἐπιμάρτυρα νίκης τοσσατίης, πλάστην ἴδμονα, Πορφύριε.

# 345.---AAAO

Εγγύθι της Νίκης και 'Αλεξάνδρου βασιλήσς έστης, αμφοτέρων κύδεα δρεψάμενος.

## 346.--AAAO

Πάντα Τύχης δφθαλμός ἐπέρχεται· ἀλλ' ἐπὶ μούνοις Πορφυρίου καμάτοις ἄλκεται ὅμμα Τύχης.

# 347.-- AAAO

Σήν τροχαλήν μάστιγα καὶ ἀσπίδα δήμος ἀγασθεὶς ήθελέ σε στήσαι διπλόον, δίσπερ ἔδει, ἡνίοχον κρατερὸν και ἀριστέα: διχθά δὲ χαλκὸς οὐκ ἐχύθη, ψυχὴν σεῖο τυπωσάμενος.

## 348.—AAAO

Πορφύριου σταδίσισε τίνος χάρευ ήνεοχήα δήμος ο πρώτα φέρων ἄνθετο τῶν Πρασίνων; αὐτὸς "Αναξ κήρυξε. τι γὰρ πλέον, ὅττε γεραίρει εἴνεκευ εὐνοίης, εἴνεκευ ἱππασύνης; 366

#### 344.-On the Same

A Who art thou, dear young man, the point of thy clun just marked with down? B. Stranger, I am Porphyrius. A Thy country? B. Africa. A Who hath honoured thee? B. The Emperor, on account of my driving. A Who testifies to it? B. The faction of the Blues. A Porphyrius, thou shouldst have had Lysippus, a skilled sculptor, to testify to so many victories.

## 345 .- On the Same

Thou standest near Victory and King Alexander, thou who hast gathered thee the glory of both.

## 346.-On the Same

The eye of Fortune ranges over all things, but now the eye of Fortune is attracted to the exploits of Porphyrius alone.

## 347.-On the Same

The people, in admiration of thy whirling whip and thy shield, was minded to set thee up in two aspects as was fitting, as a strong driver and a strong warrior; but the bronze, forming itself like thy soul, would not flow in two streams.

## 348.-On the Same

Why did the distinguished faction of the Greens erect on the course the statue of the charioteer Porphyrius? The Emperor himself issued the order. What could be do but honour him in view of his good will to him and of his skill as a driver?

## 349.--AAAO

Πορφυρίο μετ' ἄεθλα γέρας πόρεν ἄξιον ἔργων Κοιρανος, ὁ Πρασίνοις τοῦτο χαριζόμενος.

πολλάκι γὰρ δῆμος προφερέστερα έργα κομίζων ἦνεσε Καλλιόπαν, καὶ πάλι Πορφύριον.

διπλόον ούνομα τούτο, τόπερ λάχε χάλκευς ήρως ούτος, δ τεθρίπποις κύδος έλων άρετής.

ő

## 350.---AAAO

Οὐ μόνον ἐν σταδίοις σε κατέστεφε πότνια Νίκη. ἀλλά καὶ ἐν πολέμοις δείξεν ἀεθλοφόρον,

δύτ' ἄρ' "Αναξ πολέμεζεν ἄχων Πρασίνους έποεργους ἄγρεα μαινομέυφ έχθρῷ ἐνακτορέφ,

καλ πέσεν αἰνοτύραννος ἐπιφθιμένης τότε 'Ρώμης, ήμαρ δ' Αὐσονίης ήλθεν έλευθερίης.

τούνεκα τοῦς μὲν ἔδωκεν 'Αναξ γέρας, ὡς πάρος εἶχον, σὸν δὲ τύπον τέχνη ἔξεσε, Πορφύριε.

#### 351.—AAAO

'Υμετερων κήρυκες άμεμφέες είσλυ ἀγώνωυ οι καλ ἀπ' ἀντιβίων, Πορφύριε, στέφανοι. πάντας γὰρ σταδίοισιν ἀμοιβαδὸν αλὲν ἐλέγχεις ἀντιτέχνους, τῆς σῆς παίγνιον ἱπποσύνης τοῦνεκα καλ ξείναν πρεσβηιον εύραο μοῦνος.

εἰκόνα χαλκείην δήμφ ἐν ἀμφοτέρφ.

## 349.-On the Same

Our Sovereign Lord, who grants this favour to the Greens, gave to Porphyrius after the races an honour worthy of his performances. For often the people, their attention turned to exploits more than usually brilliant, praised Calliopas 1 and again Porphyrius, the two names that belonged to this brazen hero, who won the meed of valour in the chariot-races.

## 350.-On the Same

Nor only did divine Victory crown thee on the race-course, but in war, too, she showed thee to be victorious, then when the Emperor, with the Greens to assist him, warred with the furiously raging enemy of the throne, when the savage tyrant a fed, as Rome was on the point of perishing, and the light of Latin liberty came back. Therefore the Monarch gave to the Greens the privileges they formerly bad, and the artist wrought and polished thy image, Porphymus.

## 351.-On the Same

The crowns from the hostile faction too, Porphy rius, are unimposchable witnesses of thy exploits. For ever in the race thou conquerest one after the other all the rival chariotters, a mere toy for thy skilled hands. Therefore hast thou alone gained an unwonted mark of honour, a bronze statue in the grounds of each faction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See No. 358

<sup>&</sup>quot; By "tyrant" is meant some leader of a meditions movement.

#### 352 - AAAO

Πλάστης χαλκόν έτειξεν όμοίτον ηνιοχήτ είθε δε και τέχνης όγκον άπειργάσατο, όγκον όμοῦ και κάλλος· όπερ φύσις όψε τεκούσα ώμοσεν 'Ωδίνειν δεύτερον οὐ δυναμαι. ώμοσεν εὐόρκοις ὑπὸ χείλεσι Πορφυρίω γὰρ πρώτος και μούνω πάσαν έδωκε χάριν.

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#### 353.--AAAO

β΄ φθονος ήρεμέοι, κρίνειν δ' ἐθέλοιεν ἀέθλους, πάντες Πορφυρίου μάρτυρές εἰσι πόνων ναὶ τάχα καὶ φήσαιεν ἀριθμήσαντες ἀγῶνας-Βαιον τοῦτο γέρας τοσσατίων καμάτων. ὅσσα γὰρ ἡνιοχῆας ἀεὶ μεμερισμένα κοσμεῖ, εἰς ἐν ἀολλίσσας, τηλίκος ἐξεφάνη

## 354.—AAAO

Αίδομένη χαλκφ σε πόλις, τριποθητε, γεραίρει ήθελε γὰρ χρυσφ: ἀλλ' ἔδεν ἐς Νέμεσων. εἰ δὲ τεὴν μέλπων οὐ παύεται ἡθάδα νίκην εὐγνωμων δῆμος, Πορφύριε, Πρασίνων, ἔμπνοά σοι ξύμπαντες ἀγάλματα: πᾶς δὲ περισσὸς καὶ χρυσὸς τούτοις εἰς ἔριν ἐρχόμενος.

#### 355. AAAO

Ούπω σοι μογέουτι Τύχη πόρευ ἄξια υίκης· υϊκαι γὰρ τῆς σῆς μείζουες εὐτυχίης.

#### 352 .- On the Same

The sculptor made the bronze like unto the charioteer, but would that he could have fashioned also the vastness of his skill, its vastness and beauty, a thing that when Nature brought forth late in her life she swore, "I cannot travail again". She swore it with truthful lips, for to Porphynus first and alone she gave all her gifts.

#### 353 .- Un the Same

Ir envy could be at rest and chose to judge the contests, all men testify to the achievements of Porphynus. Yea, perchance they would say after reckoning up his races, "That is a slender reward for so much exertion." For, having gathered into one all the separate qualities which adorn each driver, he showed himself to be the great man he is.

#### 354.—On the Name

Three-desire Porphyrius, the city reverencing thee honours thee with a bronze statue. She would have wished it to be gold, but Nemesis was before her eyes. But if thy well-wishers, the faction of the Greens, never cease celebrating thy wonted victories, they are every man of them living statues in thy honour, and all gold is worthless in comparison with them.

#### 355 .- On the Same

Nor yet has Fortune worthly rewarded thy hardwon victories, for thy victories are greater than the

I delanter is for decast

άλλα μέρει πρωτφ σταθερφ καὶ ἀρείονι μίμνοις τὴν φθονερὴν τηκων δυσμενέων κραδίην, οῖ, σέθεν εἰσορόωντες ἀεὶ νικῶσαν ἰμάσθλην, μέμφονται σφετέρην αὶὲν ἀτασθαλίην.

#### 356.—AAAO

\* Αλλοις μὲν γεράων πρόφασις χρόνος οἱ δ' ἐπὶ νίκαις κρινόμενοι πολιῆς οἱ χατέουσι κόμης, ἀλλ' ἀρετῆς, ὅθεν εὖχος ἀνάπτεται. εἰς ἀπὸ τοίων Πορφύριος δώρων δὶς λάχεν ἀγλαἔην, οὐκ ἐτέων δεκάδας, νίκης δ' ἐκατοντάδας αὐχῶν πολλάς, καὶ πάσας συγγενέας Χαρίτων.

# 357.—ΛΕΟΝΤΙΟΥ ΣΧΟΛΑΣΤΙΚΟΥ

'Αγχίσην Κυθέρεια, καὶ 'Ενδυμίωνα Σελήνη φίλατο' μυθεῦνται τοῖα παλαιγενέες. νῦν δὲ νέος τις μῦθος ἀείσεται, ὡς τάχα Νίκη ὄμματα και δίφρους φίλατο Πορφυρίου.

## 358.—Ελε Καλλιόπαν

Πρεσβυτέρους κούρος μὲν δών, πρέσβυς δέ τε κούρους νικάς, τεθρίπτων κέντορας ἀθλοφόρων. ἔξ δ΄ ἐτέων ἀνύσας δεκάδας, στήλην ἐπὶ νίκαις είλες, Καλλιόπα, νεύματι κοιρανίης, ὄφρα μένοι καὶ ἔπειτα τεὸν κλέος αίθε τοι είη, ώς κλέος ἀθάνατον, καὶ δέμας ἀθάνατον.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This no doubt refers to a status erected to him by the Greens. The Blues seem to have expelled lum,

prizes that have fallen to thee. But remain now in this, the first of the factions, the more constant and more excellent, consuming the envious hearts of our enemies, who, seeing thy whip ever victorious, never cease to blame their own recklessness.

## 356 .- On the Same

Time is the cause of the honours of others, and those who are judged worthy of them, owing to their victories, do not lack grey bars, but lack that virtue on which glory depends. Porphyrus alone twice gained the splendour of such gifts, not boasting many decades of years, but many hundreds of victories, and all of them akin to the Graces.

## 357 —LEONTIUS SCHOLASTICUS

#### On the Same

CYTHEREA loved Anchises, and Selene Endymion, so it is fabled by men of old time. But now a new fable shall be sung, that Victory, it seems, fell in love with the eyes and chariet of Porphyrius.<sup>2</sup>

# 358. On the Same under his other name, Calliopas 3

When a youth thou didst conquer thy elders, and now, in thy later years, thou conquerest the young drivers of racing four-horse chariots. Having accomplished thy six decades of years, thou hast won, Calliopas, a statue for thy victories, by command of the Emperor, so that thy renown may abide for future ages. Would that thy body were as immortal as thy renown.

Imitated from No. 337

He seems to have adopted this name late in life.

#### 359.---AAAO

Σής τύδε διφρελάτειρα τὸ χάλκεον ἄνθετο Νίκα εἴκηλον μορφάς, Καλλιόπα, ζαθέας, πρέσβυς ὅτι σφριγόωντας ἐν ἰπποδαμφ πλέον ἀλκῷ νίκησας, γεραρους δ΄ ὧν νέος ἐν σοφιη. ἔνθεν ἐλευθερόπαις Βενέτων σέο πήξατο δήμος δοιά, τὰ μὲν τέχνας ἄθλα, τὰ δὲ σθένεος.

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## 160 .--- AAAO

Σου γήρας νεότητα τεὴν ὑπερέδραμε νίκαις, καὶ πίντων κρατέεις πάντοτε. Καλλιόπα. Ενθεν "Αναξ καὶ δήμος ελευθερος αὐθις έγειρει τοῦτο γέρας, σοφίης μνήμα καὶ ἡνορέης.

## 361.—AAAO

Ούτος, έγερσιθέατρε, τεὸς τύπος, δυ τοι έγείρει έσμος άριζήλων, Καλλιόπα, στεφάνων. ούτε γαρ ἡνίοχὸς σε παρήπαφευ, ούτε χαλινοῖς δύσστομος ἱππείη σοῖς ἀπίθησε γένυς. μοῦνος δὴ νίκης γέρας ἄρυυσαι. ἡ παρὰ πὰσι δόξαν ἔχεις ἀεθλῶν ἄθλα λιπεῖν ἐτέροις.

#### 362.—AAAO

Καλλιόπα κλυτόμοχθε, τί σοι πλέον, διτί γεραίρει είκονι χαλκοτύπφ σούς Βασιλεύς καμάτους, δήμος ὁ μυριόφωνος, όλη πτόλις: εύτε καὶ αὐτή δυσμενέων παλάμη σοίς ἐπενευσε πόνοις.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The meaning is probably that to be second to him was a distinction.

## 359 .- On the Same

Victory, the charioteer, dedicated to thee, Calliopas, this brazen image of thy divine form, because in thy old age thou didst conquer men in the prime of youth by thy force in subduing horses, and in thy youth didst conquer thy elders by sail. Hence the faction of the Blues, the children of liberty, erected two prizes for thee, one for thy art and the other for thy force.

## 360 .- On the Same

Tay old age has surpassed thy youth in victories, and then didst ever overcome all, Camppas. Therefore do the Emperor and this free faction again raise this benour for thee, a monument of tay skill and valour

## 361.-On the Same

O Callioras, those who raisest appeause in the theatre, this is thy portrait which a swarm of nuclei-envied crowns raises to thee. For neither did any character cozen thee, nor did any hard-mouthed horses have refuse to obey thy rems. Alone hast thou gained the reward of victory; verily the opinion of all is that by contending thou leavest prizes for others. I

#### 362.-On the Same

O Callioras, celebrated for thy achievements, what does it profit thee that thy labours are rewarded with a bronze statue by the Emperor, by this myriad-throated faction, by the whole city, considering that even the hands of the hostile faction applicated thy exploits?

## 363 .- Els Davorirus

Μητέρες εὐαθλων γερώων φρένες, οὐ κράτος ήβης, οὐ τάχος Ιπποσύνης, οὐ χρονος εὐτυχίης. Ιλήκοι, Φαυστΐνε, τεὸς νόος, ῷ τάδε πώντα ἔσπεται, ῷ Νίκη σύντροφος ἀθάνατος.

## 364.--AAAO

Πρίν σε νέον, Φαυστίνε, νύος πεφόβητο γερόντων νῦν δέ σε πρεσβυγενή κάρτος ἔφριξε νέων. δεύτερα δ' εὔρετο πάντα τεὸς πόνος, ὅς σε γεραιρει πρέσβυν ἐν ἡιθέοις, ἐν δὲ γέρουσι νέον.

## 365.—Ele Kopotantivor

Εξότε Κωνσταυτίνος έδυ δόμου "Αίδος είσω. πλήτο κατηφείης ίπποσύνης στάδιον, τερπωλή δ' ἀπέλειπε θεήμονας" οὐδ' ἐν ἀγυιαίς κείνας τὰς φιλίας ἐστὶν ἰδεῖν ἔριδας.

# 366.--AAAO

Ελκόνα, Κωνσταντίνε, τεήν ανέθεντο πολίται, μυρόμενοι, ψυχής τέρψιν αποιχομένης. σολ κλέος όππότε δήμος έπεσφρήγιζε θανόντι, μνήσατο σων καμάτων καλ μετά πότμον "Αναξ" οδνεκεν ίπποσύνης φιλοκέρτομος ώλετο τέχνη, έν σολ παυσαμένη πάσα καλ αρξαμένη.

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## 363. -On Faustinus

Wirs are the mothers of a winner's honours, not the force of youth, nor swift driving, nor favourable occasion. May thy mind, Faustinus, be propitious, which takes precedence of all these things, and whose companion is immortal Victory.

## 364 .- On the Same

FORMERLY in thy youth, Faustinus, the minds of the old men feared thee, and now the strength of the young men tremples before there in thy advanced years. The first place was ever gained for thee by thy tofl, which brings honour to thee, an old man among the youths, a youth among the old men.

#### 365.—On Constantinus

Since Constantions entered the house of Hades the race-course is full of despondency, and pleasure has abandoned the spectators, nor even in the streets does one see the old friendly strife.<sup>1</sup>

## 366,-On the Same

The citizens, mourning thee, erected thy image, Constantinus, to be a delight to thy departed spirit. When the people confirmed thy fame on thy death, the Emperor, too, was mindful of thy exertions after thy decease, because the abusive <sup>2</sup> art of driving has perished, ceasing finally with thee as it began with thee.

1 s.s. between the two factions it was frequently most savage and sanguinary

2 Alleding to the insulting language used by the rival factions regarding each other

## 367.-AAAO

Ελσέτι μεν ζώοντι πόλις πυτε Κωνσταυτίνω ελκόνα χαλκείην βαιου έκρινε γέρας ήδεε γάρ πας δήμος δσους επὶ κύδει νίκης αιεν άεθλεύων άμφέθετο στεφάνους. ώς δ' έθανεν, ποθέουσα, φίλον τύπον άνθετο τοῦδε, όφρα και έσσομενοις μνήστιν έχοι καμάτων.

# 368.-AAAO

Οί Βενετοι Πρασίνοιστο έναντίοι αλευ έόντες els εν όμοφροσυνης εξεβόησαν όρου, δοτε σε, Κωνσταντίνε, λαβείν έπιτύμβιου εθχος, πάστο λειδόμενου, πάστο λρεσκόμενου.

## 369.—AAAO

 Αντολίης, δύσιός τε, μεσημβρίης τε, και άρκτου σὸς δρόμος ὑψιφαὴς ἀμφιβέβηκεν ὅρους,
 ἄφθιτε Κωνσταντίνε. θανείν δέ σε μή τις ἐνίστης τῶν γὰρ ἀνικήτων ἄπτεται οὐδ' ᾿Ατδης

# 370 --- AAAO

Έγγύθι τῆς σφατέρης γενεῆς λάχεν εἰκόνα τήνδε· ἔπρεπε γὰρ τρισσοῖς εἰν ἐνὶ χῶρον ἔχειν, οἱ καὶ ἐνὶ σταδίοις ἀρετῆς κλέος εἰκελον εὖρον, νηρίθμων στεφάνων ἐσμὰν ἐλόντες ἴσον.

# 371 — AAAO

Τον Φαυστινιάδην πόλις άνθετο Κωνσταντίνου, γείτονα μέν γενεθς, κρέσσονα δ' ήνιόχων.
378

## 367 .- On the Same

While Constantinus yet lived, the city deemed a bronze statue a small reward for him, for the whole people knew how many crowns in his long racing career he had set on his head because of glorious Victory. But when he died, in regret for him, it erected this his dear form, so that posterity, too, should be kept mindful of his achievements.

## 368 .- On the Same

The Blues and Greens, always at variance, shouted aloud one concordant decision, that thou, Constantinus, shouldst have on thy tomb this ornament, accaimed by all, pleasing to all.

# 369 .- On the Same

IMMORTAL Constantinus, they course, high in the light, has traversed the boundaries of east, west, south, and north. Let none say thou art dead, for even Hades cannot lay his hand on the invincible.

#### 370 .- On the Same

Tue, his statue, has been placed near those of his own farmly, for it was proper that they should stand in one place, the three who won equal glory for their skill in the race, gaming equal swarms of moumerable crowns.

# 371 .- On the Same

Here the city erected Constantinus, son of Faustinus, next his own family, the best of all

δήν γὰρ ἀεθλεύσας οὐκ ἤμβροτεν, ἀλλ' ἐπὶ νίκη παύσατο, σὺν νίκη καὶ πάρος ἀρξάμενος. δν καὶ κοῦρον ἐόντα παλαίτεροι ἡνιοχῆες, στεψάμενοι σταδίοις, εἶσαν ἀγωνοθέτην

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## 372.—AAAO

Σοὶ τόδε, Κωνσταντίνε, τεὴ τροφὸς ὅπασε Νίκη παιδόθεν ἐσπομένη πᾶσαν ἐφ' ἡλικίην. πέντε γαρ ἐν σταδίοις δεκάδας τελέσας ἐνιαντῶν, οὐδ' ἴσον, οὐδ' ἀλίγον εὕρεο λειπόμενον. ἀλλ' ἔτι κουρίζων τε καὶ ἄχνοος ἄνδρας ἐνίκας. ἡλικας ἡβήσας, γηραλέος δὲ νέους.

# 373.-AAAO

"Ηθελε Κωνσταντίνου δεί πτολις ήνιοχεύειν ήθελευ, άλλα πόθφ οὐκ ἐπένευσε Φύσις. ἔνθευ ἐῶν τόδ' ἄγαλμα παραίφασιν εῦρεν ἐρώτων, ὅφρα ἑ μὴ λήθη καὶ χρόνος ἀμφιβάλοι, άλλα μένοι ποθέουσιν ἔρως, ζῆλος δ' ἐλατῆρσι, κόσμος δὲ σταδιοις, ἐσσομένοις δὲ φάτις καὶ τις ἰδῶν μετόπισθε χερείονας ἡνιοχῆας δλβίσσει προτέρην, ἥ μιν ἴδεν, γενεήν.

## 374,---AAAO

Πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι μοῦνος ἀέθλια Κωνσταυτῖνος εἰς μίαν ἦρυγένειαν έλών, ἤμειψε μὲν ἵππους 380

characters. For through all the long time he raced he never failed, but ended by a victory, as he had formerly begun by a victory. When he was a young man the older drivers who had won crowns on the course appointed him president of the races.

# 372 .- On the Same

This is a gift for thee, Constantinus, from thy nurse, Victory, who bath followed thee from thy childhood all through thy life. For in the five times ten years thou didst pass on the race-course thou didst never light on thy equal, or even on one a little inferior to thee, but while yet a lad and beardless thou didst conquer men, when grown up thou didst conquer those of there age, and in these old age the young men.

## 373,- On the Same

The city wished Constantinus to wield the reins for ever; she wished it, but Nature refused to grant her desire. Therefore she bethought her of creeting this statue to console her for her lost love, that time and oblivion should not envelop him, but that he might remain, the desire of his lovers, the envy of charioteers, an ornament to the course, and a tale for future generations to tell, and that one in time to come, looking on inferior drivers, should bless the former age that looked on him.

## 374 .- On the Same

Constantinus baving won five and twenty races on one morning, changed his team with his rivals, and

ἀντιπάλοις: κείνους δε λαβων, οθς πρόσθευ ἐνίκα, τοῖς αὐτοῖς πάλιν εἶλε μίαν τε καὶ εἴκοσι νίκας. πολλάκι δ' ἀμφοτέρων μερέων ἔρις ἔμπεσε δήμω, τίς μιν ἔχοι κείνω δε δόσαν κρίσιν ἐκ δύο πέπλων.

### 375 -- AAAO

"Εγρεο, Κωνσταυτίνε τι χάλκεον ϋπνον λαύεις, σελο δίφρους ποθέει δήμος ένι σταδίοις, σής τε διδασκαλίης έπιδευεες ήνιοχήςς είαται όρφανικοίς παισίν όμοιότατοι.

# 376.-Bls Obpartor

' Αμφοτέροις εἶς μοῦνος ἀριστεύσας παρὰ δήμοις κῦδος ἀπ' ἀμφοτέρων ἔλλαχευ Οὐράνιος, εἰσέτι διφρεύων. τὸ δέ οἱ γέρας ἤλυθε πρῶτον ἐκ Πρασίνων, οἶς δὴ γείτονα χῶρον ἔχει, αὐτοὶ καὶ σταδίοιο πεπαυμένον ἤγαγον αὐθις ἐς δίφρους, νίκης μνωόμενοι προτέρης.

### 377 -- AAAO

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Παυσάμενου σταδίων Βασιλευς ἐπ' ὑγακλέι νως αθθις ὑπὲρ δίφρων βῆσεν ἀεθλοφόρων Ο ὑράνιον, δήμοισι φέρων χάριν οὐ ποθέει γὰρ ἡ πόλις Ο ὑρανίου νόσφιν ἀεθλοσύνας. τοθυκα διφρεύοντα τὸ δεύτερον, ὑστατίης τε νίκης καὶ προτέρης στῆσεν ἀγασσαμένη.

taking the same horses that he had formerly beaten, won twenty-one times with them. Often there was a great strife between the two factions as to which was to have him, and they gave him two robes to choose from.

### 375. -On the Same

AWAKE, Constantinus! Why dost thou sietp the brazen sieep? The people long to see thy team on the course, and the charioteers, lacking thy instruction, sit just like orphaned children.

### 376.—Он Игания

Unanius, who had distinguished bimself in the service of both the factions, gained glory from both while still driving. His first reward came from the Greens, and stands near their stand. They also, when he had retired from racing, brought him back again to the chariots, mindful of his former victory.

#### 377 On the Sume

The Emperor, when Uranus had retired from the race-course after gaining splendid victories, made him mount again his victorious chariot, doing a favour to all the factions, for the city has no desire for the races without Uranius. Therefore, admiring him for his first victories and his last, the city erected his statue during the second period of his career.

I are the green of the Preside and the bine of the Veneti

#### 378.—AAAO

Ούράνιος Νίκαιαν έχει πέλας όπλοτέρην τε Ρωμην, της μεν έων, τη δ' ένι κύδος έλών. νικά δ' άμφοτέρωθεν, έπεὶ περιδέξιος ήεν τῆ καὶ τῆ προθεειν ἡὲ παρεξελάαν. τούνεκα καὶ χρυσέω μιν ἀνεγράψαντο μετάλλω, κυδίστω κτεάνων κύδιμον ἡνίοχον.

### 379.—ΘΩMA

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### Els 'Avan-ámov

Του θρασὺν ήνιοχῆα λελασμένον ἄρματος ἄθλων ἐνθάδ' 'Αναστάσιον κείμενον οῦδας ἔχει, δς τόσσους ἀνεδήσατο πρὶν στεφίνους, ὅσα ἄλλοι ἔδρακον ἡνιόχων ῆματα ἱππασίης.

# 380,-Είς Πορφύριον, μέρους Βενέτων

'Εν γή κρατήσας παντός άρματηλάτου καλώς ἐπήρθη καὶ πρός αἰθέρα τρέχειν Πορφύριος, τὸ θαϋμα δήμου Βενέτων. νικών γάρ οὐτος πάντα γής διφρηλάτην, ἄνεισιν, ώς ἀν καὶ συν ήλίω δράμη.

# 381.-AAAO

"louλου ἀυθών πρώτον ούτος ήνίας Πορφύριος Κάλχαντος είλκε Βενέτου ἐκπλήττομαι δὲ πῶς γράφει χεὶρ ἐμπυόους τούτου τις ἴππους. καὶ γάρ ἀν πλήξη πάλιυ, οίμαι, δραμείται νίκος είρεῦν καὶ πάλιυ.

Les Constantinople. His statue stood, it appears, in the neighbourhood of those of Nices and Constantinople.

### 378.-On the Same

URANIUS has Nicea and New Rome 1 near him, being a native of one and having gained glory in the other. He wins from both sides, because he was very clever at dashing forward and getting past on both sides of the course. Therefore did they portray him in golden metal, the precious charioteer in the most precious of possessions.

### 379 .- THOMAS

### On Anastassus

Beneath this earth lies Anastasius the bold driver, mindful no more of the chariot-race, he who of old set on his head as many crowns as were the racing days that other charioteers saw

# 380. On Porphyrius, of the faction of the Blues 2

Porphyrics, the wonder of the Blues, having conquered every character on earth, does well to rise and race towards heaven. For he, victorious over every driver here below, mounts to join the sun on its course.

### 381.-On the Same

This Porphyrius, son of Calchas, with the first down on his cheeks, held the reins for the faction of the Blues. I marvel how some artist's hand has painted his borses as if alive. Really, if he whips them again, I think he will be carried again to victory

\* This and the following tamble epigrams were, as a scholisst tells us, not on statues of the charioteers, but on pictures on the roof of the Emperor's throne-room (\*\*pherel.i\*), which I take to mean here not a room in the palace but the Emperor's box on the race-course.

38?,-Είς Φαυστίνον, μέρους Πρασίνων

Σκόπει τὸ δράμα μηχανουργοῦ τοῦ δόμου·
εἰ μη γὰρ ἐστεγαστο καρτερᾳ σκέπη.
πρὸς οὐρανοὺς ἀν ἄρτο Φαυστῖνος τρέχων
ως ζῶν σὰν ἵπποις, τὸ κλέος πριν Πρασίνων.
ἄρου στέγος γάρ, καὶ φθάνει πρὸς αἰθέρα.

#### 383 --- AAAO

Φαυστίνος οὖτος, ὁ πρὶν άρματηλάτης, δυ δήμος εὐρὼν τοῦ μέρους τῶν Πρασίνων τὴν ἦτταν ἦγνόησε παντελῶς δρόμφ. γέρων μὲν ἦυ γάρ, ὡς βλέπεις: τὸ δε σθένος ἦυ τις νεάζων, οὐδ ὅλως ἦττημένος.

384.—Είς Κωνσταντίνον ήπιοχον Λανκών

Λευκοῦ μεθέλκων ἡνίας Κωνσταντίνος, Δυ μὴ καθεϊρκτο στερρότητι τοῦ δομου, τοὺς τρεῖς ἐνίκα, πρῶτος αιθέρα φθάνων πνοῆς ἄνευθεν είδες αἰθεροδρόμον τέχνη με πείθει τοὺτον ἔμπνοον βλέπειν.

5

5

# 385.--AAAO

Κωνσταντίνος γ' ήν, άλλὰ τοῖς πάλαι χρόνοις λευκής χρόας τέθριππου έλκων εὐστρόφως. άφ' οῦ δὲ τοῦτον ήρπασεν Χάρων, ἔδυ τὸ φῶς ἀμίλλης ἱππικῶν δρομημάτων, καὶ πᾶσα τέρψις τοῦ θεάτρου, και τεχνη.

383. -On Faustinus, of the faction of the Greens

Look on the work of the architect of this house. For if it had not been covered by a strong roof Faustinus, the ancient glory of the Greens, would have mounted racing to heaven, so like the life are he and his team. Take the roof off and he will reach the sky

### 383 .- On the Same

This is Faustin is, the former character, after engaging whom the faction of the Greens never knew what defeat was in the race. He was old, as you see, but in his strength he was as a young man, and was never once vanquished

# 38+ .- On Constantinus, the Charioteer of the Whates

Constantines, wielding the rems of the White faction, were he not restrained by the sould ty of the house, would conquer those three getting to heaven first. You would see him mount the heavens without breath. The artist persuades me that I see him alive.

#### 385. On the Same

CONSTANTINUS was his name, but in the old days he skilfully drove the four-horse charact of the Whites. Since Charon carried him off, it is set, the light of horse-racing and all the delight and art of the theatre.

386.-Είς 'Ιουλιανόν ἡνίοχον 'Ρουσίων

Χεὶρ οίδε γεννών τοὺς πάλαι τεθνηκότας, Ἰουλιανὸς καὶ γὰρ ὡς πάλαι σθένει, ἔλκων, μεθέλκων Ῥουσίου τὰς ἡνίας καὶ νῦν γραφεὶς ἔστηκεν ὑψοῦ σὰν δίφρφοτο νεῦμα χεὶρ μένει δε την νύσσαν δότε

### 387.—AAAO

`Ιουλιανός ούτος άρμα 'Ρουσίου ἔχων, ἐνίκα τοὺς ἐναντιους δρόμφ ἀλλ' εἰ γραφεὺς παρείχε καὶ πνοῆς χιίριν, ἔτοιμός ἐστι καὶ πάλιν διφρηλάτης καὶ προσθεν ἐλθείν, και λαβείν καὶ τὸ στέφος.

# TOTALANOT ARTHURS

Στέφος πλέκων ποθ', εὐρον ἐν τοῖς ῥόδοις 'Ερωτα καὶ τῶν πτερῶν κατασχών, ἐβάπτισ' εἰς τον οἰνον. λαβων δ' ἔπιον αὐτόν· καὶ νῦν ἔσω μελῶν μου πτεροῖσι γαργαλίζει.

386 .- On Julianus, the Characteer of the Reds

The hand of man knows how to give birth to men long ago dead, for Julianus is as strong here as of old, guiding this way and that the rems of the Red faction. Now he stands painted here on high, himself and his chariot, his hand awaits the signal. Give him a winning-post.<sup>1</sup>

# 387,-On the Same

This Julianus, with his car of the Red faction, conquered his adversaries in the race. But if the painter had endued him with breath he is ready again to drive his chariot and come in first, and even take the grown.

### FROM BOOK VII

# 388. JULIANUS, PREFECT OF EGYPT

ONCE, weaving a garrand, I found Love among the roses, and catching him by the wings dipped him in wine. I took and drank him, and now within me be tickles with his wings.

 $^{\rm h}$  I approxe this means ' Show has a winning jost and off be goes."







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